

تصدر عن وزارة شؤون الإعلام

مملكة البحرين

المراسلات

المشرف العام

الجريدة الرسمية

وزارة شؤون الإعلام

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ص. ب 26005

المنامة-مملكة البحرين

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الاشتراكات

قسم التوزيع

وزارة شؤون الإعلام

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المنامة-مملكة البحرين

محتويات العدد

- ٥ أمر ملكي رقم (٣٠) لسنة ٢٠٢٠ بتعديل تسمية جهاز الأمن الوطني
- ٦ أمر ملكي رقم (٣١) لسنة ٢٠٢٠ بمنح وسام مرسوم رقم (٤٥) لسنة ٢٠٢٠ بتشكيل مجلس أمناء أكاديمية
- ٧ محمد بن مبارك آل خليفة للدراسات الدبلوماسية قرار رقم (٧٧) لسنة ٢٠٢٠ بشأن تخويل بعض موظفي وزارة الأشغال وشئون البلديات
- ٨ والتخطيط العمراني صفة مأموري الضبط القضائي قرار رقم (١٤٩) لسنة ٢٠٢٠ بشأن قيد تعديل النظام الأساسي
- ١٠ لنادي البحرين للجولف في سجل قيد الأندية الرياضية قرار رقم (١٧) لسنة ٢٠٢٠ بشأن إعادة تشكيل مجلس حماية الودائع
- ١٢ وحسابات الاستثمار المطلقة قرار رقم (١٤٨) لسنة ٢٠٢٠ بشأن تغيير تصنيف عقار في منطقة الجفير - مجمع ٣٤١
- ١٤ قرار رقم (١٤٩) لسنة ٢٠٢٠ بشأن تعديل حدود تصنيف عقار في منطقة البديع - مجمع ٥٥٥
- ١٧ قرار رقم (١٥٠) لسنة ٢٠٢٠ بشأن تغيير تصنيف عقار في منطقة الديه - مجمع ٤١٤
- ٢٠ قرار رقم (١٥٢) لسنة ٢٠٢٠ بشأن تعديل حدود تصنيف عقار في منطقة المالكية - مجمع ١٠٣٣
- ٢٣ قرار رقم (١٥٣) لسنة ٢٠٢٠ بشأن تعديل حدود تصنيف عقار في منطقة البوري - مجمع ٧٥٤
- ٢٦ قرار رقم (١٦٠) لسنة ٢٠٢٠ بشأن تغيير تصنيف عدد من العقارات
- ٢٩ في منطقة النويدرات - مجمع ٦٤٦
- ٣٢ قرار رقم (٢٠) لسنة ٢٠٢٠ بشأن اعتماد الخطة الوطنية للتردّات
- ١٦٢ إعلانات مركز المستثمرين
- ١٦٦ إعلان من غرفة البحرين لتسوية المنازعات
- ١٦٨ استدراك

أمر ملكي رقم (٣٠) لسنة ٢٠٢٠ بتعديل تسمية جهاز الأمن الوطني

نحن حمد بن عيسى آل خليفة
ملك مملكة البحرين.
بعد الاطلاع على الدستور،

وعلى المرسوم رقم (١٤) لسنة ٢٠٠٢ بإنشاء جهاز الأمن الوطني، وتعديلاته،
وعلى الأمر الملكي رقم (٥١) لسنة ٢٠١٧ بإعادة تنظيم جهاز الأمن الوطني وتعيين رئيس
للجهاز،

أمرنا بالآتي: المادة الأولى

تُعدّل تسمية (جهاز الأمن الوطني) لتصبح (جهاز المخابرات الوطني)، ويُعدّل مسمى
(رئيس جهاز الأمن الوطني) ليصبح (رئيس جهاز المخابرات الوطني).

المادة الثانية

يُعمل بهذا الأمر من تاريخ صدوره، ويُنشر في الجريدة الرسمية.

ملك مملكة البحرين
حمد بن عيسى آل خليفة

صدر في قصر الرفاع:
بتاريخ: ٢٥ ذي القعدة ١٤٤١هـ
الموافق: ١٦ يوليو ٢٠٢٠م

أمر ملكي رقم (٣١) لسنة ٢٠٢٠ بمنح وسام

نحن حمد بن عيسى آل خليفة
بعد الاطلاع على الدستور،
وعلى المرسوم بقانون رقم (١٩) لسنة ١٩٧٦ في شأن الأوسمة، وتعديلاته،

أمرنا بالآتي:

المادة الأولى

يُمنح وسام البحرين من الدرجة الثانية إلى كل من:

١. العميد الركن فؤاد إبراهيم حسين الدوسري.
٢. العميد الركن عبدالوهاب سعيد بريد المنصوري.

المادة الثانية

يُعمل بهذا الأمر من تاريخ صدوره، ويُنشر في الجريدة الرسمية.

ملك مملكة البحرين
حمد بن عيسى آل خليفة

صدر في قصر الرفاع:
بتاريخ: ٢٨ ذي القعدة ١٤٤١هـ
الموافق: ١٩ يوليو ٢٠٢٠م

**مرسوم رقم (٤٥) لسنة ٢٠٢٠
بتشكيل مجلس أمناء أكاديمية محمد بن مبارك آل خليفة
للدراستات الدبلوماسية**

نحن حمد بن عيسى آل خليفة ملك مملكة البحرين.
بعد الاطلاع على الدستور،
وعلى المرسوم رقم (٦٨) لسنة ٢٠١٦ بإعادة تنظيم وزارة الخارجية،
وعلى المرسوم رقم (٥٤) لسنة ٢٠١٩ بإنشاء أكاديمية محمد بن مبارك آل خليفة للدراستات
الدبلوماسية، المعدل بالمرسوم رقم (٢٨) لسنة ٢٠٢٠،
وبناءً على عرض وزير الخارجية،
وبعد موافقة مجلس الوزراء،

رسمنا بالآتي:

المادة الأولى

يُشكّل مجلس أمناء أكاديمية محمد بن مبارك آل خليفة للدراستات الدبلوماسية برئاسة
وزير الخارجية، وعضوية كل من:
١- الشيخ الدكتور عبدالله بن أحمد آل خليفة.
٢- الشيخة الدكتورة رنا بنت عيسى آل خليفة.
٣- الدكتور ناصر محمد البلوشي.
٤- الدكتور إبراهيم يوسف العبدالله.
٥- الدكتور محمد غسان شيخو.
٦- الشيخة الدكتورة منيرة بنت خليفة آل خليفة.
وتكون مدة العضوية في المجلس أربع سنوات قابلة للتجديد.

المادة الثانية

على وزير الخارجية تنفيذ أحكام هذا المرسوم، ويعمل به من تاريخ صدوره، ويُنشر في
الجريدة الرسمية.

ملك مملكة البحرين
حمد بن عيسى آل خليفة

النائب الأول لرئيس مجلس الوزراء
سلمان بن حمد آل خليفة

صدر في قصر الرفاع:
بتاريخ: ٢٤ ذي القعدة ١٤٤١هـ
الموافق: ١٥ يوليو ٢٠٢٠ م

وزارة العدل والشئون الإسلامية والأوقاف

قرار رقم (٧٧) لسنة ٢٠٢٠

بشأن تخويل بعض موظفي وزارة الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني صفة مأموري الضبط القضائي

وزير العدل والشئون الإسلامية والأوقاف:

بعد الاطلاع على قانون الإجراءات الجنائية، الصادر بالمرسوم بقانون رقم (٤٦) لسنة ٢٠٠٢ وتعديلاته، وعلى الأخص المادة (٤٥) منه،
وعلى القانون رقم (٣٣) لسنة ٢٠٠٦ بشأن الصرف الصحي وصرف المياه السطحية،
وعلى الأخص المادة (١٥/ج) منه،
وعلى اللائحة التنفيذية للقانون رقم (٣٣) لسنة ٢٠٠٦ بشأن الصرف الصحي وصرف المياه السطحية الصادرة بالقرار رقم (١٠) لسنة ٢٠٠٩،
وبناءً على الاتفاق مع وزير الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني،

قرر الآتي:

المادة الأولى

يُخوّل موظفو وزارة الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني التالية أسماؤهم، صفة مأموري الضبط القضائي، وذلك بالنسبة للجرائم التي تقع في دوائر اختصاصهم بالمخالفة لأحكام القانون رقم (٣٣) لسنة ٢٠٠٦ بشأن الصرف الصحي وصرف المياه السطحية، ولائحته التنفيذية والقرارات الصادرة تنفيذاً لهما، وهم:

١- حسين رياض عبد الله الذهبية.

٢- أحمد حبيب عبد الكريم آل زكريا.

٣- إبراهيم حميد أحمد.

٤- سارة أحمد يوسف ماجد.

٥- عبد الجليل عبد الله علي أحمد.

٦- عبد الله عبد الله محمد الرئيس.

المادة الثانية

تُلغى صفة الضبطية القضائية المخوّل بها كل من، الموظفة/ صديقة علي عبد الأمير الجزيري، والموظف/ محمد جابر سالم، الممنوحة لهما بموجب القرار رقم (٥٥) لسنة ٢٠١٨ بشأن تخويل بعض موظفي وزارة الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني صفة مأموري الضبط القضائي.

المادة الثالثة

يُنشر هذا القرار في الجريدة الرسمية، ويُعمل به من اليوم التالي لتاريخ نشره.

وزير العدل

والشئون الإسلامية والأوقاف

خالد بن علي بن عبدالله آل خليفة

صدر بتاريخ: ٢٤ ذي القعدة ١٤٤١هـ

الموافق: ١٥ يوليو ٢٠٢٠م

وزارة شؤون الشباب والرياضة

قرار رقم (١٤٩) لسنة ٢٠٢٠ بشأن قيّد تعديل النظام الأساسي لنادي البحرين للجولف في سجل قيّد الأندية الرياضية

وزير شؤون الشباب والرياضة:

بعد الاطلاع على قانون الجمعيات والأندية الاجتماعية والثقافية والهيئات الخاصة العاملة في ميدان الشباب والرياضة والمؤسسات الخاصة، الصادر بالمرسوم بقانون رقم (٢١) لسنة ١٩٨٩، وتعديلاته،

وعلى اللائحة النموذجية للنظام الأساسي للأندية الخاضعة لإشراف وزارة شؤون الشباب والرياضة، الصادرة بالقرار رقم (١) لسنة ١٩٩٠، وتعديلاتها،
وعلى القرار رقم (٥) لسنة ١٩٩٠ بشأن نشر أرقام قيّد وملخصات الأنظمة الأساسية لبعض الأندية التي أعيد تسجيلها بالمؤسسة العامة للشباب والرياضة،
وعلى القرار رقم (٥٤) لسنة ٢٠١٦ بشأن تنظيم سجلات قيّد الأندية الرياضية والمراكز الشبابية الخاضعة لإشراف وزارة شؤون الشباب والرياضة،
وعلى النظام الأساسي لنادي البحرين للجولف،
وعلى الطلب المقدم من نادي البحرين للجولف برغبة جمعيته العمومية بتعديل بعض الأحكام المبينة بالنظام الأساسي للنادي المؤرخ في ٥ يوليو ٢٠٢٠،
وبناءً على عرض القائم بأعمال الوكيل المساعد للرقابة والتراخيص،

قرر الآتي:

المادة الأولى

يُقيّد في سجل قيّد الأندية الرياضية الخاضعة لإشراف وزارة شؤون الشباب والرياضة تعديل نص المادتين رقمي (٢٧)، (٣٣) من النظام الأساسي لنادي البحرين للجولف، ليكون نصّاهما الآتي:
"مادة (٢٧):

يدير شؤون النادي مجلس إدارة مكوّن من رئيس وعدد أحد عشر عضواً تنتخبهم الجمعية العمومية للنادي من بين أعضائها العاملين بالانتخاب السري المباشر.
والمناصب الإدارية بالنادي هي كالتالي:

- ١- رئيس النادي.
- ٢- النائب الأول لرئيس النادي.
- ٣- النائب الثاني لرئيس النادي.

٤- رئيس المسابقات الداخلية (كابتن النادي).

٥- الأمين المالي.

٦- أمين السر العام.

٧- مدير العلاقات العامة.

٨- مدير النادي.

٩- مدير الملعب.

١٠- مساعد مدير الملعب.

١١- عضوان إداريان.

مادة (٣٣):

ينتخب مجلس الإدارة من بين أعضائه بمجرد تكوينه نائباً للرئيس وأميناً للسر وأميناً للصندوق.

ويجوز لمجلس الإدارة أن يعيّن مديراً متفرغاً بأجر ممن تتوافر لديهم الشروط التي تحدّدتها وزارة شؤون الشباب والرياضة. ويجوز دعوة المدير لحضور اجتماعات مجلس الإدارة دون أن يكون له حق التصويت فيها.

ولا يجوز للمدير أن يباشر أي عمل آخر بمقابل أو بدون مقابل إلا بتصريح من مجلس الإدارة وموافقة الوزارة. وفي حالة غياب المدير ينتدب مجلس الإدارة من بين أعضائه من يتولى أعماله أثناء فترة غيابه شريطة ألا يتقاضى هذا العضو أية أجور أو مكافآت مقابل ذلك.

ويجوز للجمعية العمومية للنادي بعد موافقة الوزارة فتح باب الترشّح والانتخاب على مناصب محدّدة بمجلس الإدارة، كما يجوز للمجلس بعد موافقة الوزارة أن يشترط توافر خبرات أو مؤهلات معيّنة في المترشّح لشغل منصب أو أكثر في عضويته وذلك بحسب الحاجة.

المادة الثانية

يُنشر هذا القرار في الجريدة الرسمية، ويُعمل به من اليوم التالي لتاريخ نشره.

وزير شؤون الشباب والرياضة

أيمن بن توفيق المؤيد

صدر بتاريخ: ١٧ ذي القعدة ١٤٤١هـ

الموافق: ٨ يوليو ٢٠٢٠م،

مصرف البحرين المركزي

قرار رقم (١٧) لسنة ٢٠٢٠ بشأن إعادة تشكيل مجلس حماية الودائع وحسابات الاستثمار المطلق

محافظ مصرف البحرين المركزي:

بعد الاطلاع على قانون مصرف البحرين المركزي والمؤسسات المالية الصادر بالقانون رقم (٦٤) لسنة ٢٠٠٦، وتعديلاته، وعلى الأخص المادة (١٧٧) منه، وعلى اللائحة في شأن نظام حماية الودائع وحسابات الاستثمار المطلق الصادرة بالقرار رقم (٣٤) لسنة ٢٠١٠، وعلى القرار رقم (١٧) لسنة ٢٠١١ بشأن تشكيل مجلس حماية الودائع وحسابات الاستثمار المطلق، وعلى القرار رقم (٤٢) لسنة ٢٠١٧ بشأن إعادة تشكيل مجلس حماية الودائع وحسابات الاستثمار المطلق،

قرر الآتي:

المادة الاولى

يُعاد تشكيل مجلس حماية الودائع وحسابات الاستثمار المطلق من السادة التالية أسماؤهم:

١	الشيخ سلمان بن عيسى آل خليفة	ممثلاً عن مصرف البحرين المركزي	رئيساً
٢	حصة عبدالله السادة	ممثلاً عن مصرف البحرين المركزي	نائباً للرئيس
٣	مبارك نبيل مطر	ممثلاً عن وزارة المالية والاقتصاد الوطني	عضواً
٤	حسن عبدالله الغنّامي	ممثلاً عن وزارة الصناعة والتجارة والسياحة	عضواً
٥	عبد الحكيم خليل المطوع	ممثلاً عن بنوك التجزئة الإسلامية	عضواً
٦	محمد عبدالله عيسى	ممثلاً عن بنوك التجزئة التقليدية	عضواً
٧	هشام سعيد الكردي	ممثلاً عن بنوك التجزئة التقليدية	عضواً
٨	شكوفة عوض أصغر	ممثلاً عن بنوك التجزئة التقليدية	عضواً
٩	نجلاء محمد الشيراوي	مستقلاً	عضواً

١٠	صالح حسين صالح	مستقلاً	عضواً
١١	أحمد فؤاد المهري	مستقلاً	عضواً

وتكون مدة عضويتهم في المجلس ثلاث سنوات قابلة للتجديد.

المادة الثانية

يُعيّن أمين سر للمجلس كلٌّ من:

١- شيخة محمد سالم (مسئول أول للعمليات النقدية في إدارة الخدمات المصرفية بمصرف البحرين المركزي).

٢- نائلة عدنان بومطيع (مساعد مسئول المدفوعات والتسويات في إدارة الخدمات المصرفية بمصرف البحرين المركزي).

المادة الثالثة

على الإدارات المعنية تنفيذ هذا القرار، ويعمل به اعتباراً من تاريخ ١٨ يوليو ٢٠٢٠، ويُنشر في الجريدة الرسمية.

محافظ مصرف البحرين المركزي

رشيد محمد المعراج

صدر بتاريخ: ٢٥ ذي القعدة ١٤٤١هـ

الموافق: ١٦ يوليو ٢٠٢٠م

وزارة الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني

قرار رقم (١٤٨) لسنة ٢٠٢٠

بشأن تغيير تصنيف عقار في منطقة الجفير - مجمع ٣٤١

وزير الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني:

بعد الاطلاع على قانون تنظيم المباني، الصادر بالمرسوم بقانون رقم (١٣) لسنة ١٩٧٧ وتعديلاته، وعلى الأخص المادة (٢٠) منه،

وعلى المرسوم بقانون رقم (٢) لسنة ١٩٩٤ بشأن التخطيط العمراني، ولائحته التنفيذية الصادرة بالقرار رقم (١) لسنة ١٩٩٤،

وعلى المرسوم بقانون رقم (٣) لسنة ١٩٩٤ بشأن تقسيم الأراضي المعدّة للتعمير والتطوير، ولائحته التنفيذية الصادرة بالقرار رقم (٥٦) لسنة ٢٠٠٩، وتعديلاتها،

وعلى قانون البلديات، الصادر بالمرسوم بقانون رقم (٣٥) لسنة ٢٠٠١ وتعديلاته، ولائحته التنفيذية الصادرة بالقرار رقم (١٦) لسنة ٢٠٠٢، وتعديلاتها،

وعلى القانون رقم (٦) لسنة ٢٠٠٥ بتعديل بعض أحكام المراسيم بقوانين بشأن استملاك الأراضي للمنفعة العامة وتنظيم المباني والتخطيط العمراني وتقسيم الأراضي المعدّة للتعمير والتطوير وإشغال الطرُق العامة،

وعلى القانون رقم (٣٩) لسنة ٢٠٠٩ بشأن استملاك العقارات للمنفعة العامة،

وعلى المرسوم رقم (٥٠) لسنة ٢٠١٩ بإعادة تنظيم شئون الأشغال وشئون البلديات بوزارة الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني،

وعلى الاشتراطات التنظيمية للتعمير بمختلف المناطق في المملكة، الصادرة بالقرار رقم (٢٨) لسنة ٢٠٠٩، المعدّل بالقرار رقم (٥٥) لسنة ٢٠١٦،

وبعد العرض على مجلس أمانة العاصمة،

وبناءً على الدراسات الاجتماعية والعمرانية والتخطيطية للمنطقة،

وعلى موافقة اللجنة العليا للتخطيط العمراني،

وبناءً على عرض الرئيس التنفيذي لهيئة التخطيط والتطوير العمراني،

قرر الآتي:

مادة (١)

يغير تصنيف العقار رقم ٠٣٠٤٣٣٣٨ الكائن بمنطقة الجفير مجمع ٣٤١ من تصنيف

مناطق السكن الخاص ب (RB) إلى تصنيف مناطق الخِدْمَات والمرافق العامة (PS)، وفقاً لما هو وارد في الخارطة المرافقة لهذا القرار، وتطبق عليه الاشتراطات التنظيمية للتعمير الواردة في قرار رئيس مجلس الوزراء رقم (٢٨) لسنة ٢٠٠٩.

مادة (٢)

يلغى كل نص يتعارض مع هذا القرار.

مادة (٣)

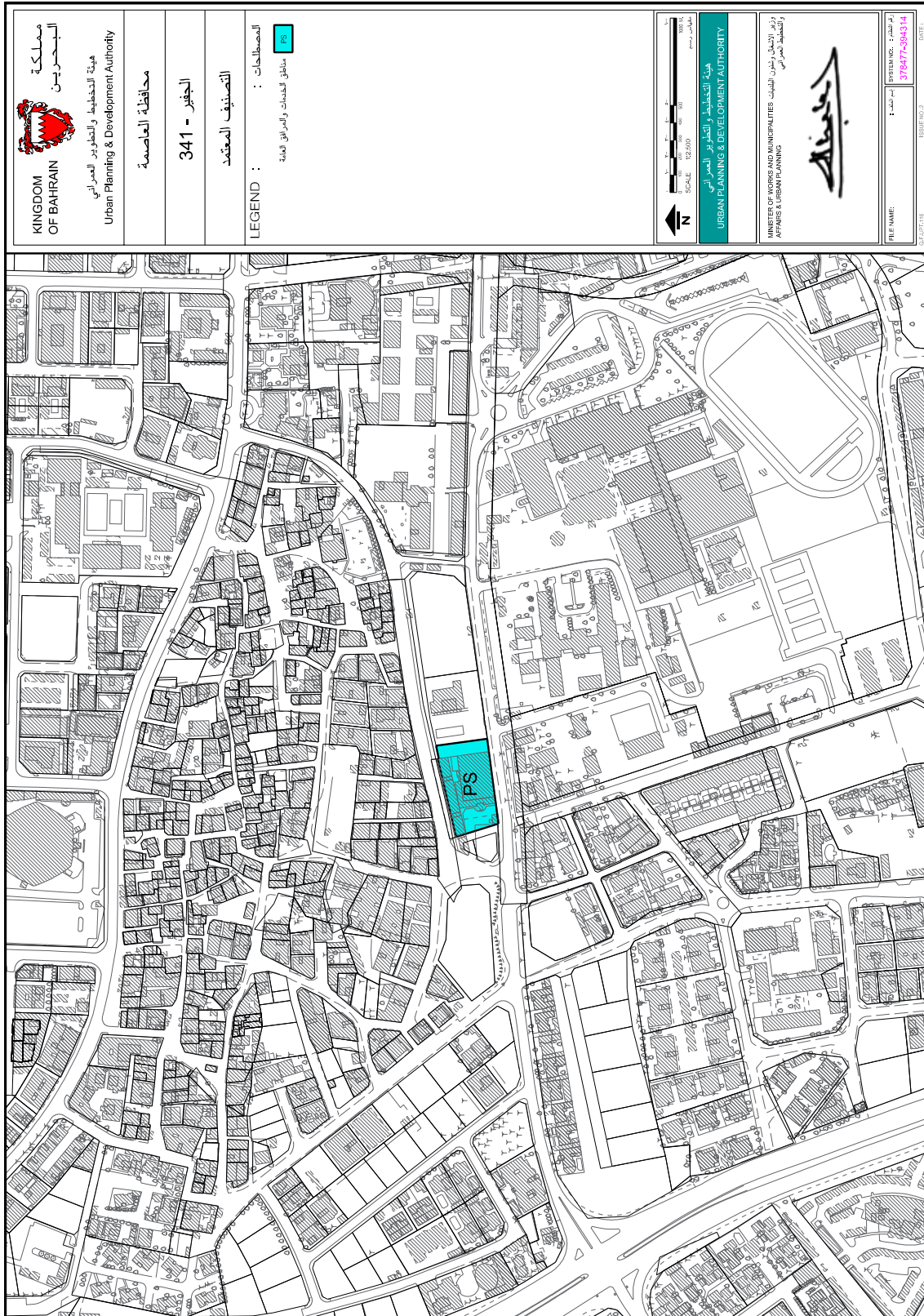
يُنشر هذا القرار في الجريدة الرسمية، ويُعمل به من اليوم التالي لتاريخ نشره.

وزير الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني

عصام بن عبدالله خلف

صدر بتاريخ: ٢ ذي القعدة ١٤٤١هـ

الموافق: ٢٢ يونيو ٢٠٢٠م



وزارة الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني

قرار رقم (١٤٩) لسنة ٢٠٢٠

بشأن تعديل حدود تصنيف عقار في منطقة البديع - مجمع ٥٥٥

وزير الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني:

بعد الاطلاع على قانون تنظيم المباني، الصادر بالمرسوم بقانون رقم (١٣) لسنة ١٩٧٧ وتعديلاته، وعلى الأخص المادة (٢٠) منه،

وعلى المرسوم بقانون رقم (٢) لسنة ١٩٩٤ بشأن التخطيط العمراني، ولائحته التنفيذية الصادرة بالقرار رقم (١) لسنة ١٩٩٤،

وعلى المرسوم بقانون رقم (٣) لسنة ١٩٩٤ بشأن تقسيم الأراضي المعدّة للتعمير والتطوير، ولائحته التنفيذية الصادرة بالقرار رقم (٥٦) لسنة ٢٠٠٩، وتعديلاتها،

وعلى قانون البلديات، الصادر بالمرسوم بقانون رقم (٣٥) لسنة ٢٠٠١ وتعديلاته، ولائحته التنفيذية الصادرة بالقرار رقم (١٦) لسنة ٢٠٠٢، وتعديلاتها،

وعلى القانون رقم (٦) لسنة ٢٠٠٥ بتعديل بعض أحكام المراسيم بقوانين بشأن استملاك الأراضي للمنفعة العامة وتنظيم المباني والتخطيط العمراني وتقسيم الأراضي المعدّة للتعمير والتطوير وإشغال الطرُق العامة،

وعلى القانون رقم (٣٩) لسنة ٢٠٠٩ بشأن استملاك العقارات للمنفعة العامة،

وعلى المرسوم رقم (٥٠) لسنة ٢٠١٩ بإعادة تنظيم شئون الأشغال وشئون البلديات بوزارة الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني،

وعلى الاشتراطات التنظيمية للتعمير بمختلف المناطق في المملكة، الصادرة بالقرار رقم (٢٨) لسنة ٢٠٠٩، المعدّل بالقرار رقم (٥٥) لسنة ٢٠١٦،

وبعد العرض على المجلس البلدي لبلدية المنطقة الشمالية،

وبناءً على الدراسات الاجتماعية والعمرانية والتخطيطية للمنطقة،

وعلى موافقة اللجنة العليا للتخطيط العمراني،

وبناءً على عرض الرئيس التنفيذي لهيئة التخطيط والتطوير العمراني،

قرر الآتي:

مادة (١)

تعدّل حدود تصنيف العقار رقم ٠٥٠٤٤٥٠٩ الكائن بمنطقة البديع مجمع ٥٥٥ ضمن

تصنيف مناطق الخدمات والمرافق العامة (PS)، وفقاً لما هو وارد في الخارطة المرافقة لهذا القرار، وتطبق عليه الاشتراطات التنظيمية للتعمير الواردة في قرار رئيس مجلس الوزراء رقم (٢٨) لسنة ٢٠٠٩.

مادة (٢)

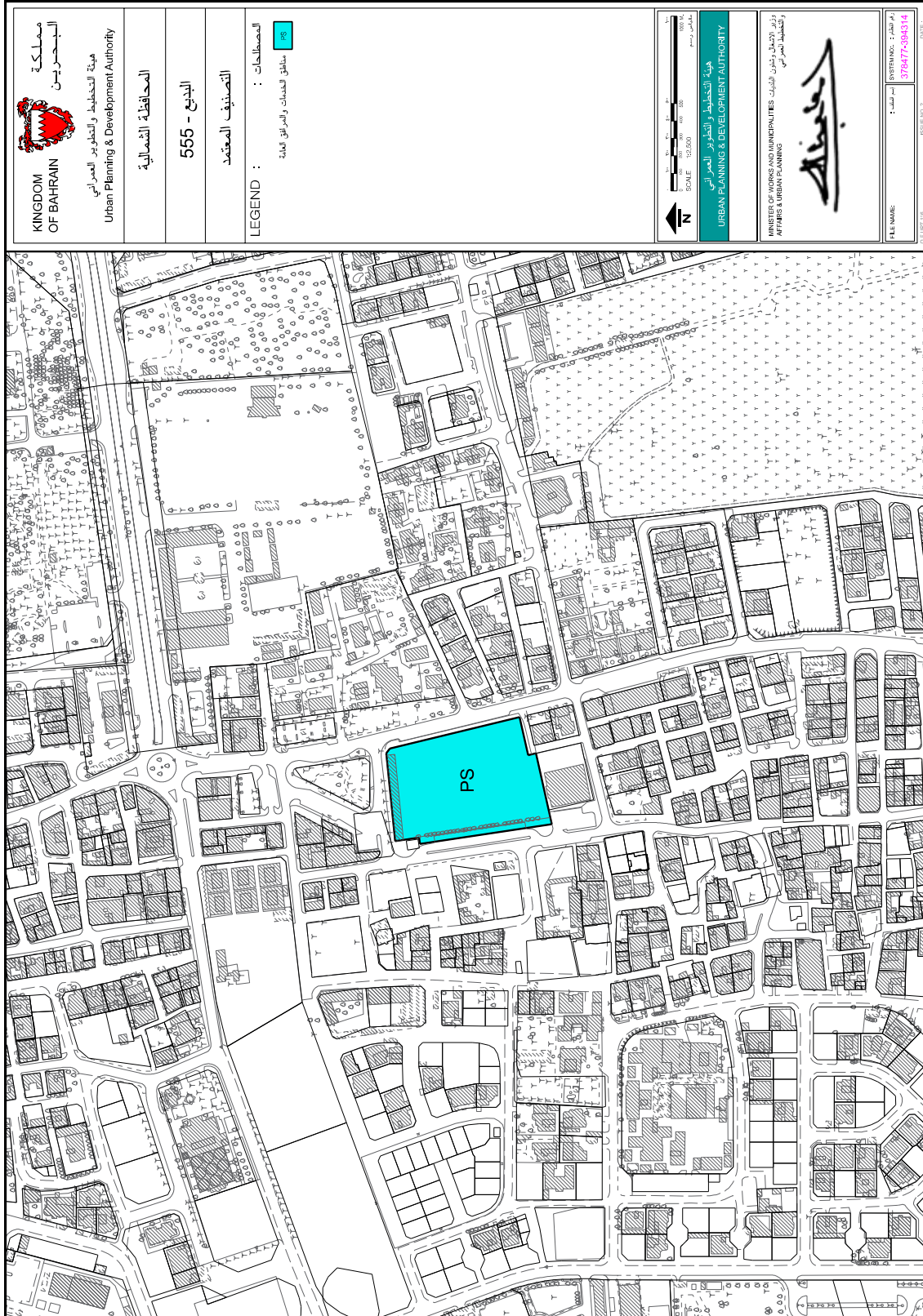
يلغى كل نص يتعارض مع هذا القرار.

مادة (٣)

يُنشر هذا القرار في الجريدة الرسمية، ويُعمل به من اليوم التالي لتاريخ نشره.

وزير الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني
عصام بن عبدالله خلف

صدر بتاريخ: ٢ ذي القعدة ١٤٤١هـ
الموافق: ٢٣ يونيو ٢٠٢٠م



وزارة الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني

قرار رقم (١٥٠) لسنة ٢٠٢٠

بشأن تغيير تصنيف عقار في منطقة الديه - مجمع ٤١٤

وزير الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني:

بعد الاطلاع على قانون تنظيم المباني، الصادر بالمرسوم بقانون رقم (١٣) لسنة ١٩٧٧ وتعديلاته، وعلى الأخص المادة (٢٠) منه،

وعلى المرسوم بقانون رقم (٢) لسنة ١٩٩٤ بشأن التخطيط العمراني، ولائحته التنفيذية الصادرة بالقرار رقم (١) لسنة ١٩٩٤،

وعلى المرسوم بقانون رقم (٣) لسنة ١٩٩٤ بشأن تقسيم الأراضي المعدّة للتعمير والتطوير، ولائحته التنفيذية الصادرة بالقرار رقم (٥٦) لسنة ٢٠٠٩، وتعديلاتها،

وعلى قانون البلديات، الصادر بالمرسوم بقانون رقم (٣٥) لسنة ٢٠٠١ وتعديلاته، ولائحته التنفيذية الصادرة بالقرار رقم (١٦) لسنة ٢٠٠٢، وتعديلاتها،

وعلى القانون رقم (٦) لسنة ٢٠٠٥ بتعديل بعض أحكام المراسيم بقوانين بشأن استملاك الأراضي للمنفعة العامة وتنظيم المباني والتخطيط العمراني وتقسيم الأراضي المعدّة للتعمير والتطوير وإشغال الطرُق العامة،

وعلى القانون رقم (٣٩) لسنة ٢٠٠٩ بشأن استملاك العقارات للمنفعة العامة،

وعلى المرسوم رقم (٥٠) لسنة ٢٠١٩ بإعادة تنظيم شئون الأشغال وشئون البلديات بوزارة الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني،

وعلى الاشتراطات التنظيمية للتعمير بمختلف المناطق في المملكة، الصادرة بالقرار رقم (٢٨) لسنة ٢٠٠٩، المعدّل بالقرار رقم (٥٥) لسنة ٢٠١٦،

وبعد العرض على مجلس أمانة العاصمة،

وبناءً على الدراسات الاجتماعية والعمرانية والتخطيطية للمنطقة،

وعلى موافقة اللجنة العليا للتخطيط العمراني،

وبناءً على عرض الرئيس التنفيذي لهيئة التخطيط والتطوير العمراني،

قرر الآتي:

مادة (١)

يغير تصنيف العقار رقم ٠٤٠٢٢٠٧ الكائن بمنطقة الديه مجمع ٤١٤ من تصنيف مناطق

السكن المتصل بـ (RHB) إلى تصنيف مناطق الخدّات والمرافق العامة (PS)، وفقاً لما هو وارد في الخارطة المرافقة لهذا القرار، وتطبّق عليه الاشتراطات التنظيمية للتعمير الواردة في قرار رئيس مجلس الوزراء رقم (٢٨) لسنة ٢٠٠٩.

مادة (٢)

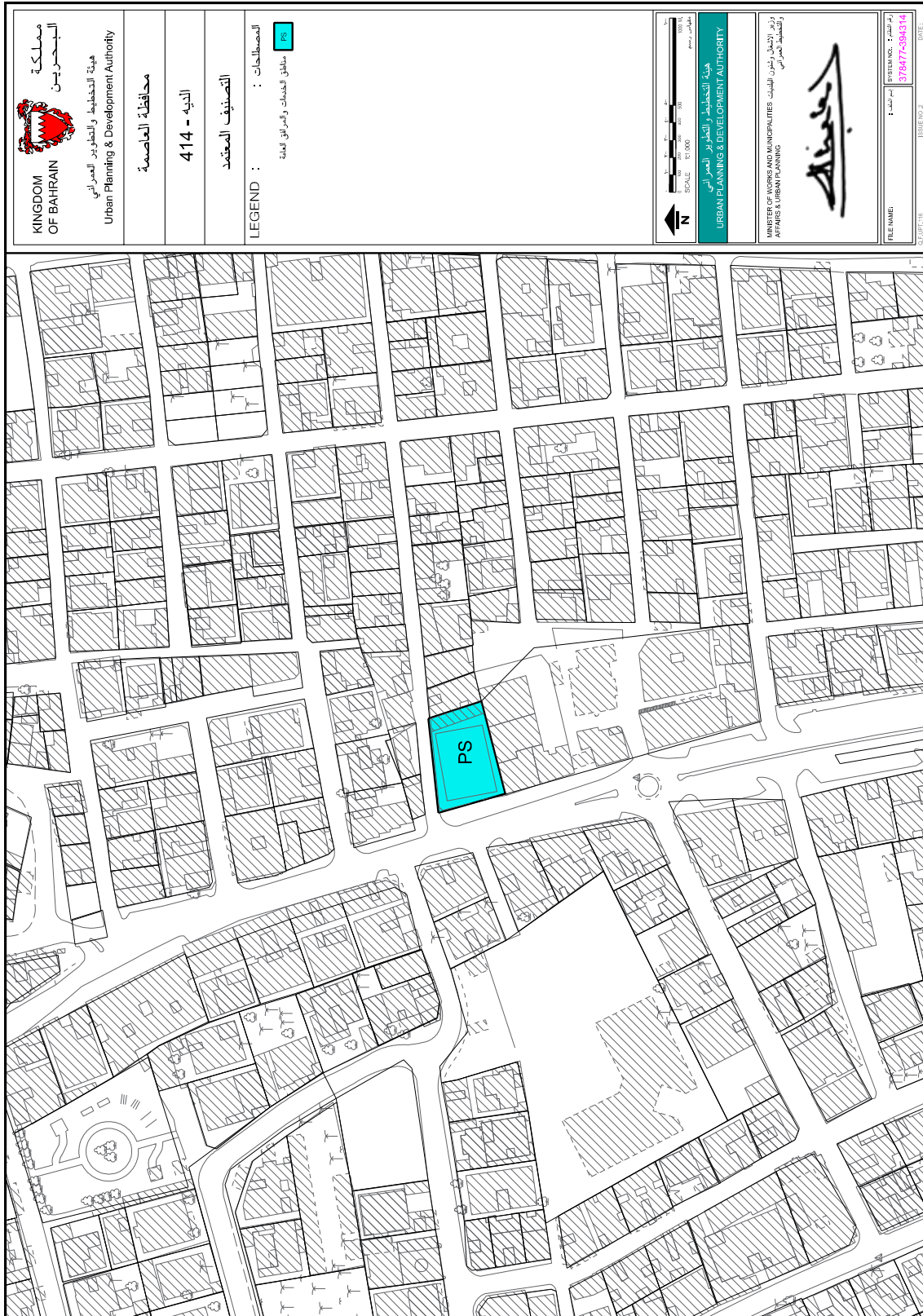
يلغى كل نص يتعارض مع هذا القرار.

مادة (٣)

يُنشر هذا القرار في الجريدة الرسمية، ويُعمل به من اليوم التالي لتاريخ نشره.

وزير الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني
عصام بن عبدالله خلف

صدر بتاريخ: ٢ ذي القعدة ١٤٤١هـ
الموافق: ٢٢ يونيو ٢٠٢٠م



وزارة الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني

قرار رقم (١٥٢) لسنة ٢٠٢٠

بشأن تعديل حدود تصنيف عقار في منطقة المالكية - مجمع ١٠٣٣

وزير الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني:

بعد الاطلاع على قانون تنظيم المباني، الصادر بالمرسوم بقانون رقم (١٣) لسنة ١٩٧٧ وتعديلاته، وعلى الأخص المادة (٢٠) منه،

وعلى المرسوم بقانون رقم (٢) لسنة ١٩٩٤ بشأن التخطيط العمراني، ولائحته التنفيذية الصادرة بالقرار رقم (١) لسنة ١٩٩٤،

وعلى المرسوم بقانون رقم (٣) لسنة ١٩٩٤ بشأن تقسيم الأراضي المعدّة للتعمير والتطوير، ولائحته التنفيذية الصادرة بالقرار رقم (٥٦) لسنة ٢٠٠٩، وتعديلاتها،

وعلى قانون البلديات، الصادر بالمرسوم بقانون رقم (٣٥) لسنة ٢٠٠١ وتعديلاته، ولائحته التنفيذية الصادرة بالقرار رقم (١٦) لسنة ٢٠٠٢، وتعديلاتها،

وعلى القانون رقم (٦) لسنة ٢٠٠٥ بتعديل بعض أحكام المراسيم بقوانين بشأن استملاك الأراضي للمنفعة العامة وتنظيم المباني والتخطيط العمراني وتقسيم الأراضي المعدّة للتعمير والتطوير وإشغال الطرُق العامة،

وعلى القانون رقم (٣٩) لسنة ٢٠٠٩ بشأن استملاك العقارات للمنفعة العامة،

وعلى المرسوم رقم (٥٠) لسنة ٢٠١٩ بإعادة تنظيم شئون الأشغال وشئون البلديات بوزارة الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني،

وعلى الاشتراطات التنظيمية للتعمير بمختلف المناطق في المملكة، الصادرة بالقرار رقم (٢٨) لسنة ٢٠٠٩، المعدّل بالقرار رقم (٥٥) لسنة ٢٠١٦،

وبعد العرض على المجلس البلدي لبلدية المنطقة الشمالية،

وبناءً على الدراسات الاجتماعية والعمرانية والتخطيطية للمنطقة،

وعلى موافقة اللجنة العليا للتخطيط العمراني،

وبناءً على عرض الرئيس التنفيذي لهيئة التخطيط والتطوير العمراني،

قرر الآتي:

مادة (١)

تعدّل حدود تصنيف العقار رقم ١٠٠٣١٩٦٠ الكائن بمنطقة المالكية مجمع ١٠٣٣ ضمن

تصنيف مناطق الخدمات والمرافق العامة (PS)، وفقاً لما هو وارد في الخارطة المرافقة لهذا القرار، وتطبق عليه الاشتراطات التنظيمية للتعمير الواردة في قرار رئيس مجلس الوزراء رقم (٢٨) لسنة ٢٠٠٩.

مادة (٢)

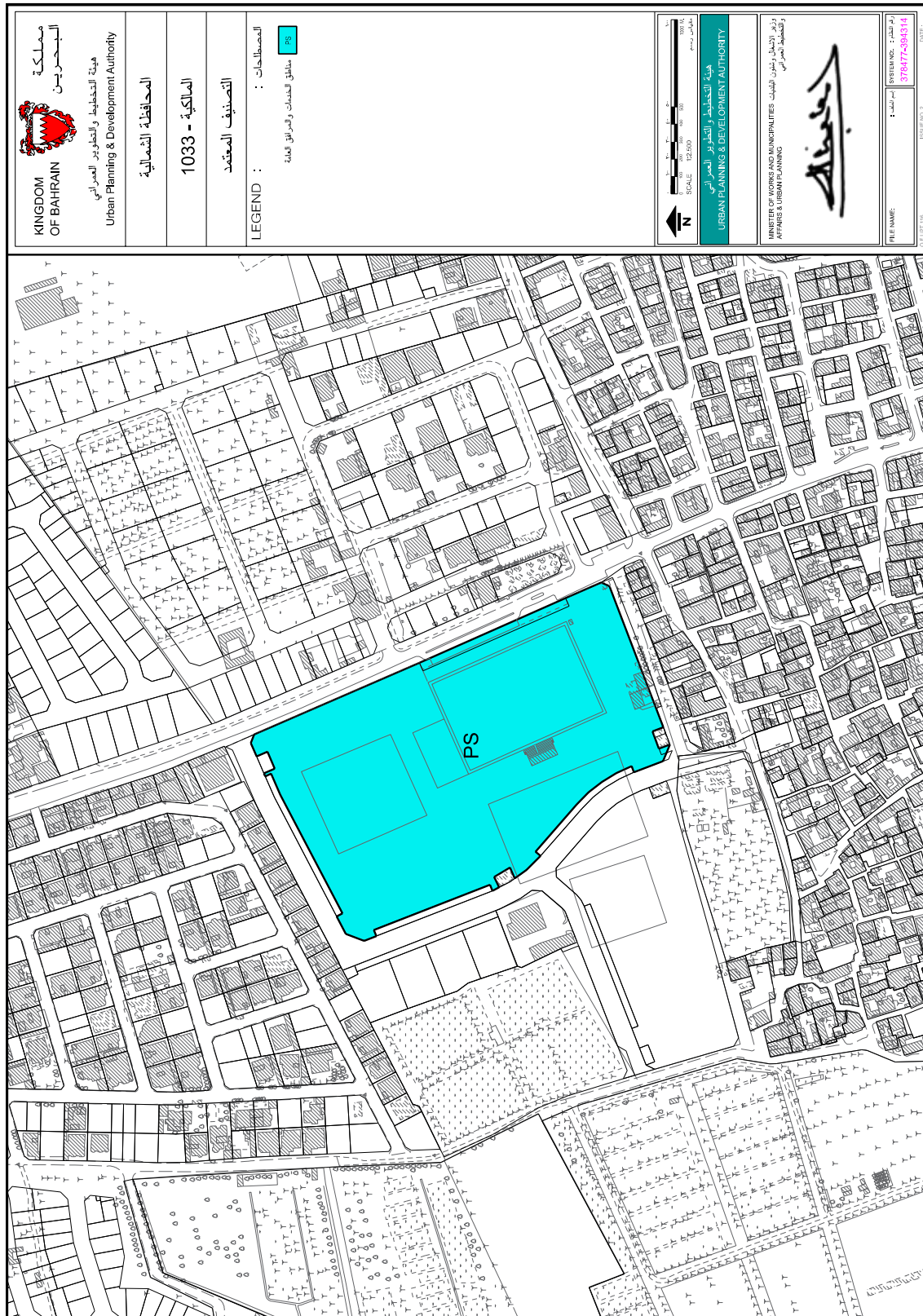
يلغى كل نص يتعارض مع هذا القرار.

مادة (٣)

يُنشر هذا القرار في الجريدة الرسمية، ويُعمل به من اليوم التالي لتاريخ نشره.

وزير الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني
عصام بن عبدالله خلف

صدر بتاريخ: ٢ ذي القعدة ١٤٤١هـ
الموافق: ٢٣ يونيو ٢٠٢٠م



وزارة الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني

قرار رقم (١٥٣) لسنة ٢٠٢٠

بشأن تعديل حدود تصنيف عقار في منطقة البوري - مجمع ٧٥٤

وزير الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني:

بعد الاطلاع على قانون تنظيم المباني، الصادر بالمرسوم بقانون رقم (١٣) لسنة ١٩٧٧ وتعديلاته، وعلى الأخص المادة (٢٠) منه،

وعلى المرسوم بقانون رقم (٢) لسنة ١٩٩٤ بشأن التخطيط العمراني، ولائحته التنفيذية الصادرة بالقرار رقم (١) لسنة ١٩٩٤،

وعلى المرسوم بقانون رقم (٣) لسنة ١٩٩٤ بشأن تقسيم الأراضي المعدّة للتعمير والتطوير، ولائحته التنفيذية الصادرة بالقرار رقم (٥٦) لسنة ٢٠٠٩، وتعديلاتها،

وعلى قانون البلديات، الصادر بالمرسوم بقانون رقم (٣٥) لسنة ٢٠٠١ وتعديلاته، ولائحته التنفيذية الصادرة بالقرار رقم (١٦) لسنة ٢٠٠٢، وتعديلاتها،

وعلى القانون رقم (٦) لسنة ٢٠٠٥ بتعديل بعض أحكام المراسيم بقوانين بشأن استملاك الأراضي للمنفعة العامة وتنظيم المباني والتخطيط العمراني وتقسيم الأراضي المعدّة للتعمير والتطوير وإشغال الطرُق العامة،

وعلى القانون رقم (٣٩) لسنة ٢٠٠٩ بشأن استملاك العقارات للمنفعة العامة،

وعلى المرسوم رقم (٥٠) لسنة ٢٠١٩ بإعادة تنظيم شئون الأشغال وشئون البلديات بوزارة الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني،

وعلى الاشتراطات التنظيمية للتعمير بمختلف المناطق في المملكة، الصادرة بالقرار رقم (٢٨) لسنة ٢٠٠٩، المعدّل بالقرار رقم (٥٥) لسنة ٢٠١٦،

وبعد العرض على المجلس البلدي لبلدية المنطقة الشمالية،

وبناءً على الدراسات الاجتماعية والعمرانية والتخطيطية للمنطقة،

وعلى موافقة اللجنة العليا للتخطيط العمراني،

وبناءً على عرض الرئيس التنفيذي لهيئة التخطيط والتطوير العمراني،

قرر الآتي:

مادة (١)

تعدّل حدود تصنيف العقار رقم ٠٧٠٢٦٢٢١ الكائن بمنطقة بوري مجمع ٧٥٤ ضمن

تصنيف مناطق الخدمات والمرافق العامة (PS)، وفقاً لما هو وارد في الخارطة المرافقة لهذا القرار، وتطبق عليه الاشتراطات التنظيمية للتعمير الواردة في قرار رئيس مجلس الوزراء رقم (٢٨) لسنة ٢٠٠٩.

مادة (٢)

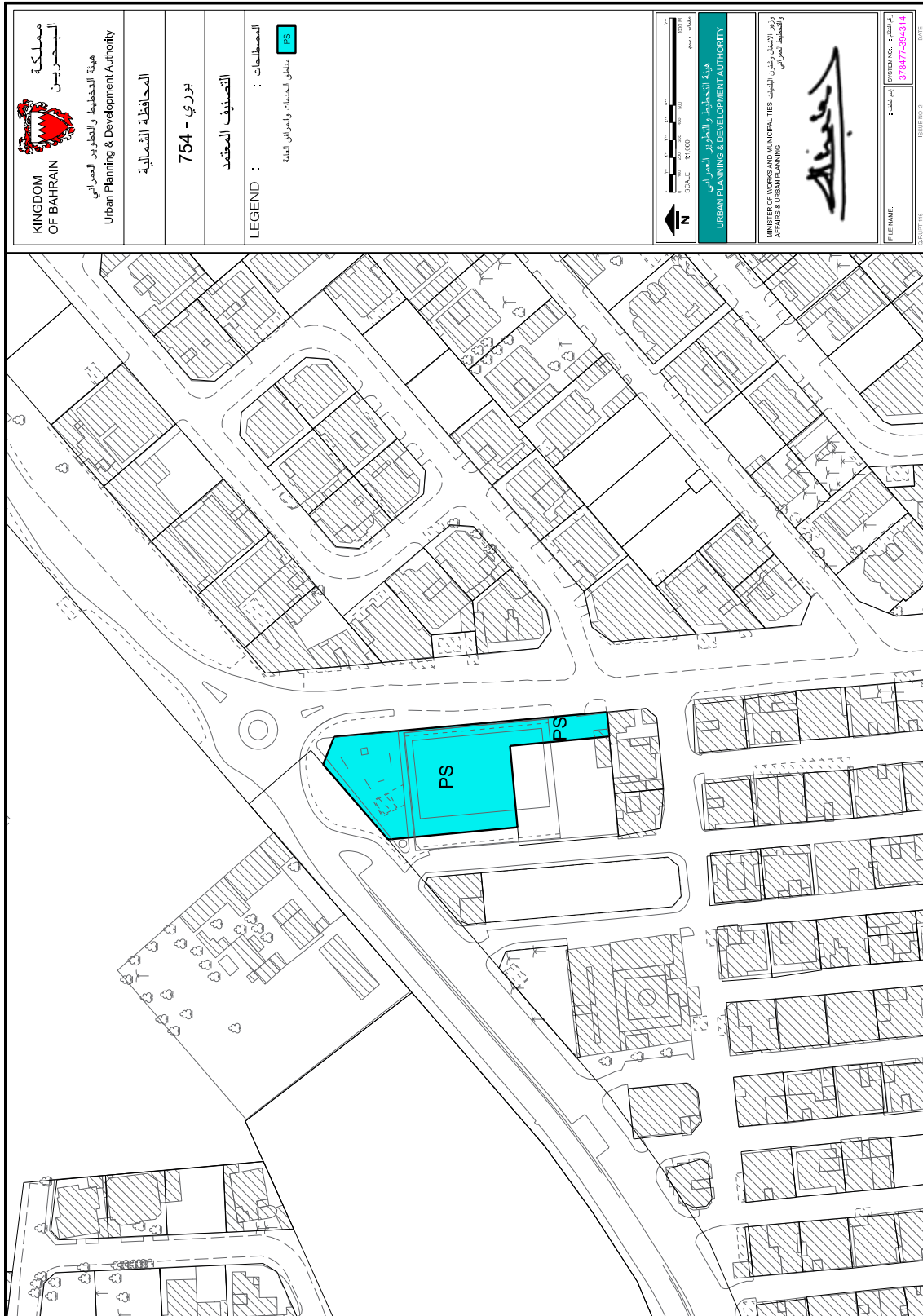
يلغى كل نص يتعارض مع هذا القرار.

مادة (٣)

يُنشر هذا القرار في الجريدة الرسمية، ويعمل به من اليوم التالي لتاريخ نشره.

وزير الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني
عصام بن عبدالله خلف

صدر بتاريخ: ٢ ذي القعدة ١٤٤١هـ
الموافق: ٢٣ يونيو ٢٠٢٠م



وزارة الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني

قرار رقم (١٦٠) لسنة ٢٠٢٠

بشأن تغيير تصنيف عدد من العقارات في منطقة النويدرات - مجمع ٦٤٦

وزير الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني:

بعد الاطلاع على قانون تنظيم المباني، الصادر بالمرسوم بقانون رقم (١٣) لسنة ١٩٧٧ وتعديلاته، وعلى الأخص المادة (٢٠) منه،

وعلى المرسوم بقانون رقم (٢) لسنة ١٩٩٤ بشأن التخطيط العمراني، ولائحته التنفيذية الصادرة بالقرار رقم (١) لسنة ١٩٩٤،

وعلى المرسوم بقانون رقم (٣) لسنة ١٩٩٤ بشأن تقسيم الأراضي المعدّة للتعمير والتطوير، ولائحته التنفيذية الصادرة بالقرار رقم (٥٦) لسنة ٢٠٠٩، وتعديلاتها،

وعلى قانون البلديات، الصادر بالمرسوم بقانون رقم (٣٥) لسنة ٢٠٠١ وتعديلاته، ولائحته التنفيذية الصادرة بالقرار رقم (١٦) لسنة ٢٠٠٢، وتعديلاتها،

وعلى القانون رقم (٦) لسنة ٢٠٠٥ بتعديل بعض أحكام المراسيم بقوانين بشأن استملاك الأراضي للمنفعة العامة، وتنظيم المباني، والتخطيط العمراني، وتقسيم الأراضي المعدّة للتعمير والتطوير، وإشغال الطرُق العامة،

وعلى القانون رقم (٣٩) لسنة ٢٠٠٩ بشأن استملاك العقارات للمنفعة العامة،

وعلى المرسوم رقم (٥٠) لسنة ٢٠١٩ بإعادة تنظيم شئون الأشغال وشئون البلديات بوزارة الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني،

وعلى الاشتراطات التنظيمية للتعمير بمختلف المناطق في المملكة، الصادرة بالقرار رقم (٢٨) لسنة ٢٠٠٩، المعدّل بالقرار رقم (٥٥) لسنة ٢٠١٦،

وبعد العرض على المجلس البلدي لبلدية المنطقة الجنوبية،

وبناءً على الدراسات الاجتماعية والعمرانية والتخطيطية للمنطقة،

وعلى موافقة اللجنة العليا للتخطيط العمراني،

وبناءً على عرض الرئيس التنفيذي لهيئة التخطيط والتطوير العمراني،

قرر الآتي:

مادة (١)

يغير تصنيف العقارات الكائنة بمنطقة النويدرات مجمع ٦٤٦ من تصنيف مناطق العمارات

ذات الثلاثة طوابق (B3) وتصنيف مناطق العمارات ذات الأربعة طوابق بواجهة تجارية (B4*) وتصنيف مناطق المشاريع ذات الطبيعة الخاصة (SP) وتصنيف المناطق غير المخططة (UP) إلى تصنيف مناطق الخدمات والمرافق العامة (PS) وتصنيف مناطق المشاريع ذات الطبيعة الخاصة (SP) وفقاً لما هو وارد في الخارطة المرافقة لهذا القرار، وتطبق عليها الاشتراطات التنظيمية للتعمير الواردة في قرار رئيس مجلس الوزراء رقم (٢٨) لسنة ٢٠٠٩.

مادة (٢)

يلغى كل نص يتعارض مع هذا القرار.

مادة (٣)

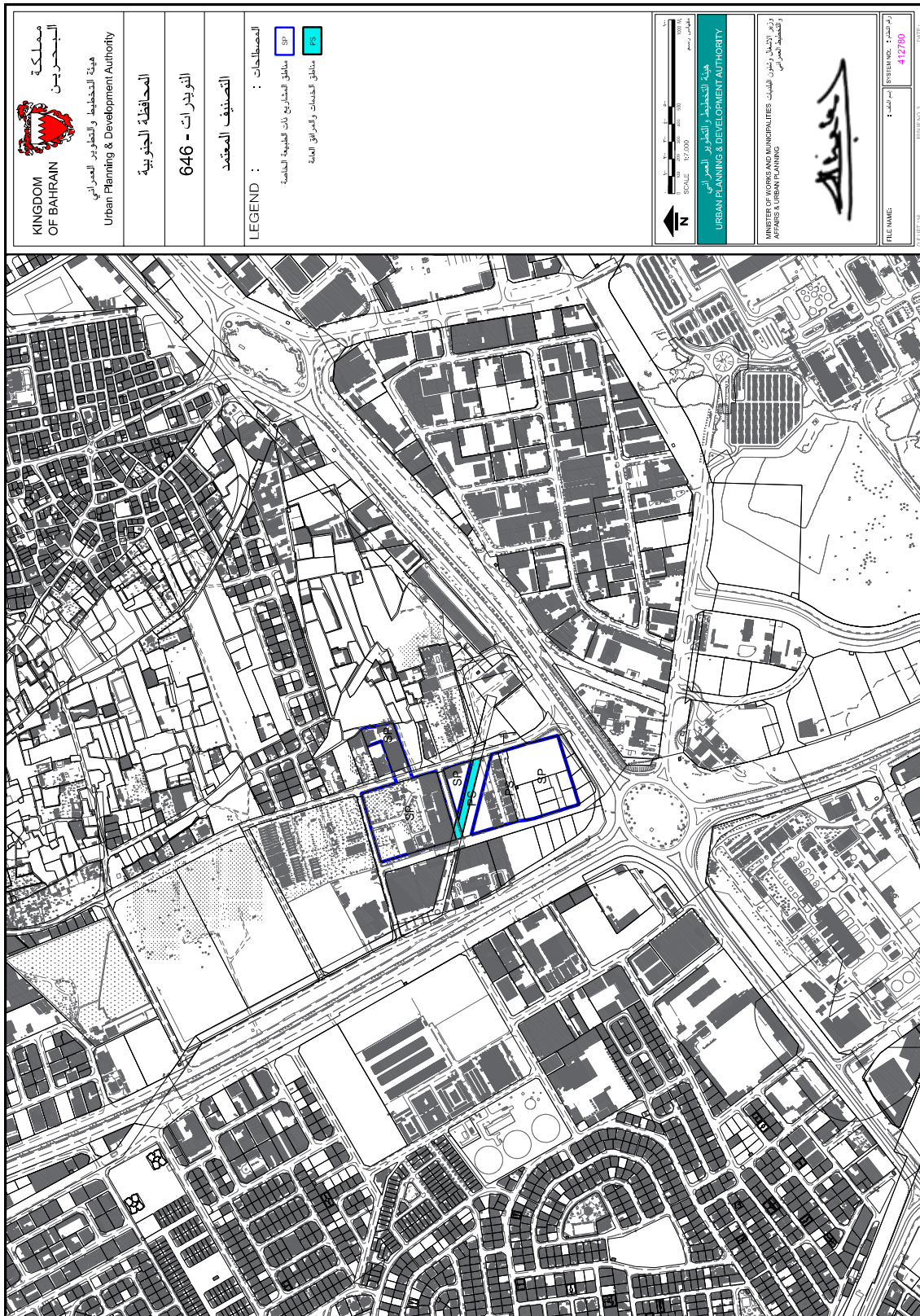
يُنشر هذا القرار في الجريدة الرسمية، ويعمل به من اليوم التالي لتاريخ نشره.

وزير الأشغال وشئون البلديات والتخطيط العمراني

عصام بن عبدالله خلف

صدر بتاريخ: ١٧ ذي القعدة ١٤٤١هـ

الموافق: ٨ يوليو ٢٠٢٠م



هيئة المعلومات والحكومة الإلكترونية

قرار رقم (٢٠) لسنة ٢٠٢٠
بشأن اعتماد الخطة الوطنية للتّردّدات

الرئيس التنفيذي لهيئة المعلومات والحكومة الإلكترونية:
بعد الاطلاع على قانون الاتصالات، الصادر بالمرسوم بقانون رقم (٤٨) لسنة ٢٠٠٢، وعلى
الأخص المادة الأولى من الباب الأول،
وعلى المرسوم بقانون رقم (٣٨) لسنة ٢٠١٧ بتعديل بعض أحكام قانون الاتصالات،
الصادر بالمرسوم بقانون رقم (٤٨) لسنة ٢٠٠٢،
وعلى المرسوم رقم (٦٩) لسنة ٢٠١٥ بإنشاء هيئة المعلومات والحكومة الإلكترونية،
وعلى القرار رقم (٥٠) لسنة ٢٠١٥ بإنشاء لجنة استراتيجية وتنسيق الطيف الترددي،
والقرار رقم (٢٥) لسنة ٢٠١٩ بتعديل بعض أحكام القرار رقم (٥٠) لسنة ٢٠١٥،
وبعد أخذ رأي لجنة استراتيجية وتنسيق الطيف الترددي، وموافقتها على اعتماد مسودة
الخطة الوطنية للتّردّدات في اجتماعها الثاني بتاريخ ١١ يونيو ٢٠٢٠،
وبناءً على عرض مدير إدارة التراخيص اللاسلكية والتّردّدات والرقابة،

قرر الآتي:

المادة الأولى

تُعتمد الخطة الوطنية للتّردّدات المرافقة لهذا القرار.

المادة الثانية

يُنشر هذا القرار والخطة المرافقة له في الجريدة الرسمية، وعلى مدير إدارة التراخيص
اللاسلكية والتّردّدات والرقابة مراقبة تنفيذها، ويعمل بهما من اليوم التالي للنشر.

الرئيس التنفيذي لهيئة المعلومات والحكومة الإلكترونية
رئيس لجنة استراتيجية وتنسيق الطيف الترددي
محمد علي القائد

صدر بتاريخ: ٢٤ ذي القعدة ١٤٤١هـ
الموافق: ١٥ يوليو ٢٠٢٠م



مملكة البحرين
الخطة الوطنية للترددات

National Frequency Plan (NFP)

Version 1.1 / 2020

Information & eGovernment Authority
(iGA)

المحتوى

i	المقدمة
Error! Bookmark not defined.....	تفاصيل الخطة الوطنية للترددات
iii	هيكل جدول الخطة الوطنية للترددات
iv.....	الحواشي الوطنية
iv.....	التعاريف الرئيسية للاتحاد الدولي للاتصالات
Error! Bookmark not defined.....	جدول الخطة الوطنية للترددات
83.....	الملحق رقم ١ الحواشي ذات الصلة من لوائح الراديو للاتحاد الدولي للاتصالات

١- المقدمة

يعتبر طيف الترددات الراديوية موردا وطنيا محدودا ولذلك فمن الأهمية بمكان أن يستعمل مورد الطيف بطريقة تتسم بالكفاءة والفعالية. وتعد الخطة الوطنية للترددات أداة رئيسية في إدارة موارد الطيف توفر معلومات عن خدمات الاتصالات الراديوية المسموح بها في كل نطاق ترددي في مملكة البحرين.

وبالإضافة إلى احترام الاتفاقات الدولية، ينبغي أن تعكس الخطة الوطنية للترددات السياسة الوطنية بشأن استخدام الطيف الراديوي (دعما للأهداف الأوسع نطاقا لقطاع الاتصالات والأمن والبنث الإذاعي، فضلا عن المستخدمين الحكوميين) ووفقا لقرار مجلس الوزراء المؤقر رقم ٥٠ لعام ٢٠١٥ بشأن إنشاء وتشكيل لجنة استراتيجية وتنسيق الطيف الترددي (اللجنة) وتعديل بعض أحكامه بالقرار رقم (٢٥) لسنة ٢٠١٩، وافقت اللجنة المذكورة على الخطة الوطنية للترددات الواردة في هذا القرار.

ويعتمد المدى الذي تتحقق به الفوائد الكاملة للطيف الراديوي على الاستخدام الفعلي له ومدى إدارته بكفاءة. وقد تم إعداد وإدارة هذه الخطة من قبل إدارة التراخيص اللاسلكية والترددات والرقابة وفقا لتعريف "الخطة الوطنية للترددات" الوارد في المادة (١) والمادة (٤٢) "الإشراف على ترددات الاتصالات" في المرسوم بقانون رقم ٤٨ لسنة ٢٠٠٢ مع مراعاة للسياسة الوطنية لتخطيط الطيف الراديوي وتخصيصه واحتياجات وخطط جميع أعضاء اللجنة.

وتشمل الأهداف الرئيسية لاستخدام الطيف الراديوي ما يلي:-

- الوفاء بمتطلبات الالتزامات والاتفاقيات الدولية.
- دعم النمو الاقتصادي وخلق فرص العمل.
- تلبية متطلبات مختلف القطاعات من الطيف الراديوي بما فيها الجهات المسؤولة عن الدفاع والأمن الوطني.
- تلبية متطلبات الطيران المدني والقطاعات البحرية.
- دعم إدخال تكنولوجيات أكثر كفاءة من حيث استخدام الطيف الراديوي، بما في ذلك إدخال شبكات الإذاعة الرقمية.
- توفير البنى التحتية التنافسية للاتصالات من خلال اجراءات عادلة ومحايطة.
- إدخال أجيال حديثة من التكنولوجيات للاتصالات المتنقلة العامة والخاصة.
- تلبية متطلبات الطيف الراديوي لخدمات الملاحة المقدمة دوليا، مثل أنظمة تحديد المواقع.
- تسهيل نشر شبكات الاتصالات ذات النطاق العريض.
- توفير الترددات المنسقة إقليميا وعالميا لنظام حماية الجمهور والإغاثة في حالات الكوارث، من أجل مساعدة فرق الإنقاذ والطوارئ المحلية والدولية التواصل مع بعضها البعض.
- تحفيز الابتكار التكنولوجي والقدرة التنافسية بطريقة محايدة.
- إدخال تقنيات جديدة لإدارة الطيف الراديوي.
- توفير الطيف الراديوي للمناطق التي لا تتوفر فيها بنية تحتية سلكية والمناطق النائية مع التركيز بشكل خاص على توفير الطيف الراديوي لخدمات الاتصالات لأغراض التعليم (بما في ذلك الفن والثقافة) وغيرها من المصالح العامة (بما في ذلك الصحة والطوارئ).

وينبغي أن تنعكس الأهداف المذكورة أعلاه على توزيعات النطاقات الترددية الواردة في الخطة الوطنية للترددات.

٢- تفاصيل الخطة الوطنية للترددات

تستند الخطة الوطنية للترددات على متطلبات الطيف الحالية والمتوقعة في المملكة في المستقبل. وفي حالة وجود خطط أو ضوابط إضافية، يرد ذكر ذلك في عمود المعلومات الإضافية (additional information). ومن المتوقع أن تنفذ الخطة الوطنية للترددات بشكل عملي جزئياً أو كلياً، في أقرب وقت.

وتعتبر هذه الوثيقة بمثابة مرجع للمستوردين والمصنعين ومستخدمي معدات الاتصالات الراديوية وكذلك للدول والمنظمات الدولية ذات العلاقة.

وتتغير توزيعات الترددات في لوائح الراديو بعد انتهاء كل مؤتمر عالمي للاتصالات الراديوية حيث يعاد تحديد توزيع الترددات الجديدة لصالح خدمات معينة ذات مطالب أكثر تنامياً، وتلغي الخدمات القديمة. وستحدث أيضاً تغييرات على استخدام الطيف على الصعيد الدولي أو نتيجة للقرارات الوطنية المتخذة لتلبية احتياجات وطنية محددة. ومن هذا المنطلق، فإن إدارة التراخيص اللاسلكية والترددات والرقابة سوف تقوم بمراجعة وتحديث الخطة الوطنية للترددات بصورة دورية بالتنسيق والتعاون مع لجنة استراتيجية وتنسيق الطيف الترددي قبل وبعد المؤتمر العالمي للاتصالات الراديوية للاتحاد الدولي للاتصالات أو بعد أي مبادرة لتوحيد استخدامات الترددات بين دول مجلس التعاون الخليجي أو الفريق العربي الدائم للطيف الترددي (ASMG).

وقد تشمل التطورات الوطنية التي قد تؤدي إلى تحيين الخطة الوطنية للترددات، على سبيل المثال:-

- قرارات اعتماد تكنولوجيات جديدة من قبل لجنة استراتيجية وتنسيق الطيف الترددي.
- طلبات تحديث التكنولوجيا من قبل المستخدمين الحاليين.
- تغيير المتطلبات لمختلف التطبيقات الراديوية.
- المتطلبات الناشئة عن اللجان الاستشارية الوطنية القائمة على الخدمة.

كما أن أنشطة منظمات الأمم المتحدة المتخصصة الأخرى لها صلة كذلك، وبالأخص منظمة الطيران المدني الدولي والمنظمة البحرية الدولية. وبما أن الترددات الراديوية لا تقف عند الحدود الجغرافية، فمن الضروري أيضاً مراعاة استخدام الطيف في الدول المجاورة.

٣- هيكل جدول الخطة الوطنية للترددات

يتكون جدول الخطة الوطنية للترددات من أربعة أعمدة:

العمود الأول: RR Region 1 allocations

يبين هذا العمود نوع خدمة الاتصالات الراديوية التي خصص لها نطاق التردد المعني في الإقليم ١ وفقاً للمادة ٥ من لوائح الراديو للاتحاد الدولي للاتصالات (RR-2016). الإقليم ١ هو المنطقة الجغرافية التي تقع فيها مملكة البحرين. ويتضمن هذا العمود:

- النطاق الترددي.
 - التخصيصات بناء على المادة ٥ من لوائح الراديو التي تتوافق مع الإقليم ١ وهي ذات طابع عام.
 - حواشي المادة ٥ من لوائح الراديو ذات الصلة بالإقليم ١.
- انظر أيضاً الملحق رقم ١ للاطلاع على تفاصيل الحواشي الواردة في المادة ٥ من لوائح الراديو المذكورة في العمود ١.

العمود الثاني: The National Frequency Allocations

لكل نطاق ترددي:

- توزيع الترددات على خدمات الاتصالات الراديوية في المملكة استناداً إلى العمود الأول والحواشي.
- الحواشي الوطنية في مملكة البحرين ذات الصلة بنطاق التردد المعني.

انظر أيضاً للقسم رقم ٤ للاطلاع على التفاصيل الكاملة للحواشي الوطنية للبحرين المذكورة في العمود الثاني.

العمود الثالث: Major Utilisation

يعرض هذا العمود، حسب الاقتضاء، معلومات تتعلق بنطاق التردد وبعض الخدمات المعينة إلى جانب الاستخدامات الرئيسية لطيف الاتصالات الراديوية. ومع ذلك فإن الاستخدامات المذكورة لخدمات اتصالات راديوية محددة لا تحول دون استخدام الخدمات الأخرى المشار إليها في العمود الثاني.

العمود الرابع: Additional Information

يعرض هذا العمود معلومات تفصيلية عن خطط الترددات وترتيبات القنوات المستخدمة في المملكة فضلاً عن أي ترتيبات اقتران بين النطاقات. ويمكن الرجوع أيضاً إلى النصوص التنظيمية الأوروبية أو الاتحاد الدولي للاتصالات أو غيرها من النصوص التنظيمية التي تم اعتماد محتواها في المملكة، بالإضافة إلى تضمين معلومات أخرى ذات صلة في هذا العمود.

أرقام الحواشي المميزة تحريراً وتحتها خط: Underlined italic bolded footnotes numbers

تم تمييز الحواشي المتعلقة بمملكة البحرين أو البلدان المجاورة تحريراً بخط مميز وداكن ووضع تحتها خط. حيث تشمل هذه الحواشي استثناءات أو شروط أو قيود إلزامية يجب مراعاتها أو الامتثال لها في استخدام نطاقات التردد أو خدمات الاتصالات الراديوية في المملكة التي تنطبق عليها هذه الحواشي.

وبإيجاز، يعكس العمود الأول النطاق الترددي والخدمات المحددة في لوائح الراديو للاتحاد الدولي للاتصالات، وهي وثيقة تستند إلى معاهدات دولية، ويشير العمود الثاني إلى الخدمات في مملكة البحرين في نطاقات ترددية محددة. وفي معظم الحالات تكون نفس الخدمات المذكورة في العمود الأول. وحيثما لا تكون كذلك، توجد التفاصيل عموماً في حاشية وطنية. وقد يكون السبب هو زيادة كفاءة استخدام الطيف الترددي أو الممارسة في بلد أو منطقة مجاورة، وبالتالي اعتبر أنه من الأفضل استخدام الترددات في المملكة بنفس الطريقة أو بطريقة مماثلة، في حين أن العمود الثالث هو عمود الاستخدام الغالب لهذا النطاق الترددي في المملكة. ويبين العمود الرابع معلومات مفيدة عن ترتيبات القنوات والترددات المقترنة فضلاً عن المراجع الأخرى ذات الصلة.

٤- الحواشي الوطنية

BHR1 : إحدى أو جميع الخدمات المذكورة في العمود الثاني على أساس وطني في مملكة البحرين. ويجب ألا تسبب محطات هذه الخدمات الوطنية تداخلاً ضاراً لمحطات خدمة الدول المجاورة العاملة وفقاً للمادة ٥ من لوائح الراديو للاتحاد.

BHR2 : يستخدم هذا النطاق الترددي أو جزء منه لخدمة هواة اللاسلكي على أساس أولي أو ثانوي وفقاً للوائح تنظيم هذه الخدمة في مملكة البحرين. (متوفرة على www.iga.gov.bh)

BHR3 : يستخدم هذا النطاق الترددي أو جزء منه لتطبيقات الوصلات الثابتة من نقطة إلى نقطة وفقاً للوائح / سياسات الوصلات الثابتة في مملكة البحرين. (متوفرة على www.iga.gov.bh)

BHR4 : يستخدم هذا النطاق الترددي أو جزء منه لتطبيقات الأجهزة قصيرة المدى (SRD) على أساس ثانوي وفقاً للوائح تنظيم هذه الخدمة في مملكة البحرين. (متوفرة على www.iga.gov.bh)

٥- التعاريف الرئيسية للاتحاد الدولي للاتصالات

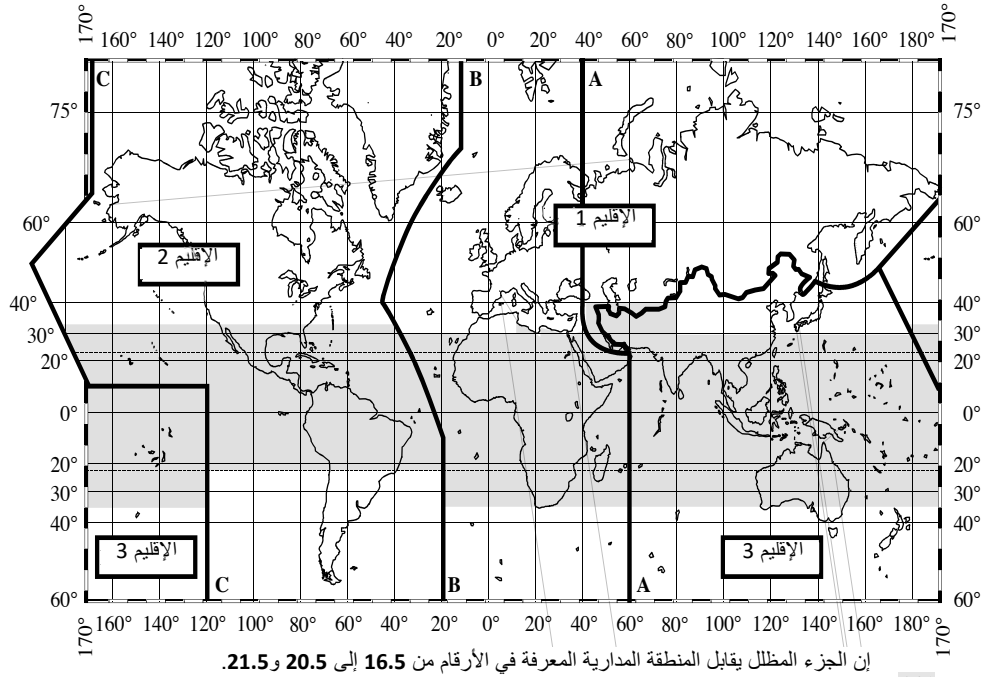
تستند التعاريف التالية إلى لوائح الراديو للاتحاد الدولي للاتصالات وهي ذات صلة في سياق الخطة الوطنية للترددات:

٥,١ **توزيع (نطاق ترددات) Allocation (of a frequency band)** : هو تدوين نطاق ترددات معين في جدول توزيع نطاقات الترددات، حتى تستعمله خدمة واحدة أو أكثر من خدمات الاتصالات الراديوية الفضائية أو للأرض، أو خدمة علم الفلك الراديوي وفق شروط خاصة. وينطبق هذا المصطلح كذلك على نطاق الترددات المعني.

٥,٢ **تعيين (تردد راديوي أو قناة راديوية) Allotment (of a radio frequency or radio frequency channel)** : هو تدوين قناة راديوية معينة في خطة اعتمدها مؤتمر مختص، حتى تستعملها/إدارة أو عدة إدارات لخدمة اتصالات راديوية فضائية أو للأرض في بلد واحد أو في عدة بلدان، وفي منطقة واحدة أو في عدة مناطق جغرافية محددة، ووفقاً لشروط خاصة.

٥,٣ **تخصيص (تردد راديوي أو قناة راديوية) Assignment (of a radio frequency or radio frequency channel)** : هو ترخيص تعطيه إدارة إلى محطة راديوية لتستعمل تردداً راديوياً محدداً أو قناة راديوية محددة، ووفقاً لشروط خاصة.

٥,٤ **الإقليم 1** : يشمل الإقليم 1 المنطقة التي يحدها الخط A شرقاً (انظر تعريف الخطوط A و B و C أدناه) والخط B غرباً، باستثناء أراضي جمهورية إيران الإسلامية المحصورة بين هذين الحدين. كما يشمل كامل أراضي أرمينيا وأذربيجان والاتحاد الروسي وجورجيا وكازاخستان ومنغوليا وأوزبكستان وقيرغيزستان وطاجيكستان وتركمانستان وتركيا وأوكرانيا ومنطقة شمال الاتحاد الروسي المحصورة بين الخطين A و C كما هو مبين في الشكل التوضيحي (١).



شكل توضيحي (١)

٥,٥ / **الإقليم 2:** يشمل الإقليم 2 المنطقة التي يحدها الخط B شرقاً والخط C غرباً كما هو مبين في الشكل التوضيحي (١).

٥,٦ / **الإقليم 3:** يشمل الإقليم 3 المنطقة التي يحدها الخط C شرقاً والخط A غرباً، باستثناء أراضي أرمينيا وأذربيجان والاتحاد الروسي وجورجيا وكازاخستان ومنغوليا وأوزبكستان وقيرغيزستان وطاجيكستان وتركمانستان وتركيا وأوكرانيا ومنطقة شمال الاتحاد الروسي. كما يشمل الجزء من أراضي جمهورية إيران الإسلامية الواقع خارج هذه الحدود كما هو مبين في الشكل التوضيحي (١).

٥,٧ / **الخط A:** ينطلق الخط A من القطب الشمالي ويتبع خط الزوال (دائرة الطول) 40° شرق غرينتش حتى خط التوازي (دائرة العرض) 40° شمالاً، ثم قوس الدائرة الكبرى حتى نقطة تقاطع دائرة الطول 60° شرقاً مع مدار السرطان، وأخيراً دائرة الطول 60° شرقاً حتى القطب الجنوبي.

٥,٨ / **الخط B:** ينطلق الخط B من القطب الشمالي ويتبع دائرة الطول 10° غرب غرينتش حتى تقاطعها مع دائرة العرض 72° شمالاً، ثم قوس الدائرة الكبرى حتى نقطة تقاطع خط الزوال (دائرة الطول) 50° غرباً وخط التوازي (دائرة العرض) 40° شمالاً، ثم من جديد، قوس الدائرة الكبرى حتى نقطة تقاطع دائرة الطول 20° غرباً ودائرة العرض 10° جنوباً، وأخيراً دائرة الطول 20° غرباً حتى القطب الجنوبي.

٥,٩ / **الخط C:** ينطلق الخط C من القطب الشمالي ويتبع قوس الدائرة الكبرى حتى نقطة تقاطع دائرة العرض 65° 30' شمالاً مع الحد الدولي لمضيق بيرنغ، ثم قوس الدائرة الكبرى حتى نقطة تقاطع دائرة الطول 165° شرق غرينتش مع دائرة العرض 50° شمالاً، ثم قوس الدائرة الكبرى حتى نقطة تقاطع دائرة الطول 170° غرباً ودائرة العرض 10° شمالاً، ثم يسير مع دائرة العرض 10° شمالاً حتى تقاطعها مع دائرة الطول 120° غرباً، ويتبع أخيراً دائرة الطول 120° غرباً حتى القطب الجنوبي.

٥,١٠ الخدمات الأولية Primary Services : خدمات الاتصالات الراديوية المفصلة في العمودين ١ و ٢ في الخطة الوطنية للترددات التي توجد في أحرف كبيرة (مثل MOBILE) لها أولوية، وهي أعلى فئة من النفاذ إلى الترددات الراديوية وتسمى الخدمات "الأولية".

٥,١١ الخدمات الثانوية Secondary Services : خدمات الاتصالات الراديوية المفصلة في العمودين ١ و ٢ في الخطة الوطنية للترددات التي توجد في أحرف صغيرة (Mobile) تكون خدمات "ثانوية".

٥,١١,١ إن محطات الخدمة الثانوية:

- يجب ألا تسبب تداخلاً ضاراً لمحطات خدمة أولية، سبق أن خصصت لها ترددات، أو قد تخصص لها ترددات مستقبلاً.
- لا يجوز لها أن تطالب بالحماية من التداخلات الضارة التي تسببها محطات خدمة أولية سبق أن خصصت لها ترددات، أو قد تخصص لها ترددات مستقبلاً.
- يحق لها أن تطالب بالحماية من التداخلات الضارة التي تسببها محطات هذه الخدمة أو محطات خدمة (خدمات) ثانوية أخرى قد تخصص لها ترددات مستقبلاً.

٥,١١,٢ عندما يتم سرد أكثر من خدمة واحدة بنفس الحالة، ترتيب في الجدول لا يشير إلى أي أولوية نسبية بين الخدمات المذكورة.

٥,١٢ (1) عندما تشير هذه اللوائح إلى أن خدمة ما أو محطات في خدمة ما يجوز تشغيلها في نطاق ترددات معين شريطة ألا تسبب تداخلاً ضاراً لخدمة أخرى أو لمحطة أخرى في الخدمة نفسها، فهذا يعني أيضاً أن هذه الخدمة التي يجب ألا تسبب تداخلات ضارة لا يجوز لها أن تطالب بالحماية من التداخلات الضارة التي تسببها هذه الخدمة الأخرى أو المحطة الأخرى في الخدمة نفسها. (الحاشية رقم ٥,٤٣ من لوائح الراديو)

٥,١٣ (1 مكرراً) عندما تشير هذه اللوائح إلى أن خدمة ما أو محطات في خدمة ما يجوز تشغيلها في نطاق ترددات معين شريطة ألا تطالب بالحماية من خدمة أخرى أو من محطة أخرى في الخدمة نفسها، فهذا يعني أن الخدمة التي لا يجوز لها أن تطالب بالحماية يجب عليها ألا تسبب تداخلاً ضاراً للخدمة الأخرى أو للمحطة الأخرى في الخدمة نفسها. (الحاشية رقم ٥,٤٣ A من لوائح الراديو)

٦- جدول الخطة الوطنية للترددات

8.3 kHz > *Next*

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
Below 8.3 kHz (Not allocated) <u>5.53</u> <u>5.54</u>	Below 8.3 kHz (Not allocated)	Inductive Systems	
8.3-9 kHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS <u>5.54A</u> <u>5.54B</u> 5.54C	8.3-9 kHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS RADIONAVIGATION FIXED MOBILE	Inductive Systems	
9-11.3 kHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS <u>5.54A</u> RADIONAVIGATION	9-11.3 kHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS RADIONAVIGATION <u>BHR4</u>	Inductive Systems	
11.3-14 kHz RADIONAVIGATION	11.3-14 kHz RADIONAVIGATION <u>BHR4</u>	Inductive Systems	
14-19.95 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.57</u> <u>5.55</u> <u>5.56</u>	14-19.95 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>	Inductive Systems	
19.95-20.05 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (20 kHz)	19.95-20.05 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (20 kHz) <u>BHR4</u>	Inductive Systems	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26
20.05-70 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.57</u> <u>5.56</u> 5.58	20.05-70 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>	Inductive Systems	
70-72 kHz RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.60</u>	70-72 kHz RADIONAVIGATION <u>BHR4</u>	Inductive Systems	
72-84 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.57</u> RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.60</u> <u>5.56</u>	72-84 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION <u>BHR4</u>	Inductive Systems	
84-86 kHz RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.60</u>	84-86 kHz RADIONAVIGATION <u>BHR4</u>	Inductive Systems	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
86-90 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.57</u> RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.56</u>	86-90 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION BHR4	Inductive Systems	
90-110 kHz RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.62</u> Fixed <u>5.64</u>	90-110 kHz RADIONAVIGATION Fixed BHR4	Inductive Systems	
110-112 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.64</u>	110-112 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION BHR4	Inductive Systems	
112-115 kHz RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.60</u>	112-115 kHz RADIONAVIGATION BHR4	Inductive Systems	
115-117.6 kHz RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.60</u> Fixed Maritime mobile <u>5.64</u> <u>5.66</u>	115-117.6 kHz RADIONAVIGATION Fixed Maritime mobile BHR4	Inductive Systems	
117.6-126 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.60</u> <u>5.64</u>	117.6-126 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION BHR4	Inductive Systems	
126-129 kHz RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.60</u>	126-129 kHz RADIONAVIGATION BHR4	Inductive Systems	
129-130 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.60</u> <u>5.64</u>	129-130 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION BHR4	Inductive Systems	
130-135.7 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.64</u> <u>5.67</u>	130-135.7 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE BHR4	Inductive Systems	
135.7-137.8 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE	135.7-137.8 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE	Inductive Systems	Stations in the amateur service using frequencies in the band 135.7-137.8 kHz shall not exceed a maximum radiated power of 1 W (e.i.r.p.) and shall not cause harmful interference to

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
Amateur <u>5.67A</u> <u>5.64</u> 5.67 5.67B	Amateur <u>BHR2</u> <u>BHR4</u>		stations of the radionavigation service operating in countries listed in No. 5.67
137.8-148.5 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE	137.8-148.5 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE	Inductive Systems	
<u>5.64</u> 5.67 148.5-255 kHz BROADCASTING	<u>BHR4</u> 148.5-255 kHz BROADCASTING		Refer to the ITU GE75 Plan
5.68 5.69 5.70 255-283.5 kHz BROADCASTING AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.70	<u>BHR4</u> 255-283.5 kHz BROADCASTING AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>BHR4</u>		For Broadcasting refer to the ITU GE75 Plan

[Top](#) <<300 kHz > [Next](#)

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
283.5-315 kHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION (radiobeacons) 5.73 5.72 5.74	283.5-315 kHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION (radiobeacons) BHR4		
315-325 kHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Maritime radionavigation (radiobeacons) 5.73 5.72 5.75	315-325 kHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Maritime radionavigation (radiobeacons) BHR4		
325-405 kHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.72	325-405 kHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION BHR4		
405-415 kHz RADIONAVIGATION 5.76 5.72	405-415 kHz RADIONAVIGATION BHR4		
415-435 kHz MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	415-435 kHz MARITIME MOBILE AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION BHR4	MARITIME MOBILE	
435-472 kHz MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 Aeronautical radionavigation 5.77 5.82	435-472 kHz MARITIME MOBILE Aeronautical radionavigation BHR4	MARITIME MOBILE	
472-479 kHz MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 Amateur 5.80A Aeronautical radionavigation 5.77 5.80 5.80B 5.82	472-479 kHz MARITIME MOBILE Aeronautical radionavigation BHR4	MARITIME MOBILE	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
479-495 kHz MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 <u>5.79A</u> Aeronautical radionavigation 5.77 <u>5.82</u>	479-495 kHz MARITIME MOBILE Aeronautical radionavigation <u>BHR4</u>	MARITIME MOBILE 490 kHz for NAVTEX (5.79A)	490 kHz to be used exclusively for the transmission by coast stations of navigational and meteorological warnings and urgent information to ships, by means of narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy (5.82)
495-505 kHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.82C</u>	495-505 kHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>		Used for international NAVDAT system as described in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.2010. NAVDAT transmitting stations are limited to coast stations
505-526.5 kHz MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 <u>5.79A</u> <u>5.84</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	505-526.5 kHz MARITIME MOBILE AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>BHR4</u>	MARITIME MOBILE 518 kHz for NAVTEX (5.79A)	The conditions for the use of the frequency 518 kHz by the maritime mobile service are prescribed in Articles 31 and 52 (5.84)
526.5-1 606.5 kHz BROADCASTING 5.87 5.87A	526.5-1 606.5 kHz BROADCASTING <u>BHR4</u>	Medium frequency (MF) AM Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU GE75 Plan
1 606.5-1 625 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE 5.90 LAND MOBILE <u>5.92</u>	1 606.5-1 625 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE LAND MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>		
1 625-1 635 kHz RADIOLOCATION 5.93	1 625-1 635 kHz RADIOLOCATION <u>BHR4</u>		
1 635-1 800 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE 5.90 LAND MOBILE <u>5.92</u> 5.96	1 635-1 800 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE LAND MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>		
1 800-1 810 kHz RADIOLOCATION 5.93	1 800-1 810 kHz RADIOLOCATION <u>BHR4</u>		
1 810-1 850 kHz AMATEUR 5.98 <u>5.99</u> <u>5.100</u> 5.101	1 810-1 850 kHz AMATEUR <u>BHR2</u> <u>BHR4</u>		Maximum power for Amateur is 400W (e.i.r.p).
1 850-2 000 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.92</u> 5.96 <u>5.103</u>	1 850-2 000 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Amateur <u>BHR1</u> <u>BHR2</u> <u>BHR4</u>		Maximum power for Amateur is 10W (e.i.r.p).

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
2 000-2 025 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) <u>5.92 5.103</u>	2 000-2 025 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4		
2 025-2 045 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) Meteorological aids <u>5.104</u> <u>5.92 5.103</u>	2 025-2 045 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) Meteorological aids BHR4		
2 045-2 160 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE LAND MOBILE <u>5.92</u>	2 045-2 160 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE LAND MOBILE BHR4	MARITIME MOBILE	
2 160-2 170 kHz RADIOLOCATION 5.93 <u>5.107</u>	2 160-2 170 kHz RADIOLOCATION BHR4		
2 170-2 173.5 kHz MARITIME MOBILE	2 170-2 173.5 kHz MARITIME MOBILE		
2 173.5-2 190.5 kHz MOBILE (distress and calling) <u>5.108 5.109 5.110 5.111</u>	2 173.5-2 190.5 kHz MOBILE (distress and calling) BHR4	2 174.5 kHz for Distress 2 182 kHz for Distress and Calling 2 187.5 kHz for Distress for digital selective Calling	The conditions for the use of the band 2 173.5-2 190.5 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 and 52 (5.108) The conditions for the use of 2 187.5 kHz are prescribed in Article 31 (5.109) The conditions for the use of 2 174.5 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 (5.110) The carrier frequency 2 182 kHz, may also be used in accordance with the procedures in force for terrestrial radiocommunication services, for search and rescue operations concerning manned space vehicles. The conditions are prescribed in Article 31 (5.111)
2 190.5-2 194 kHz MARITIME MOBILE	2 190.5-2 194 kHz MARITIME MOBILE BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
2 194-2 300 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) <u>5.92</u> <u>5.103</u> 5.112	2 194-2 300 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	
2 300-2 498 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BROADCASTING <u>5.113</u> <u>5.103</u>	2 300-2 498 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BROADCASTING BHR4	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	For Broadcasting, refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 23
2 498-2 501 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (2 500 kHz)	2 498-2 501 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (2 500 kHz) BHR4		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26
2 501-2 502 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space Research	2 501-2 502 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space Research BHR4		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 for SFTS
2 502-2 625 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) <u>5.92</u> <u>5.103</u> 5.114	2 502-2 625 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	
2 625-2 650 kHz MARITIME MOBILE MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.92</u>	2 625-2 650 kHz MARITIME MOBILE MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION BHR4		
2 650-2 850 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) <u>5.92</u> <u>5.103</u>	2 650-2 850 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4		
2 850-3 025 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) <u>5.111</u> <u>5.115</u>	2 850-3 025 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) BHR4	3 023 kHz for Search and rescue	The carrier frequency 3 023 kHz, may also be used, in accordance with the procedures in force for terrestrial radiocommunication services, for search and rescue operations concerning manned space vehicles. The conditions for the use of the frequencies are prescribed in Article 31 (5.111, 5.115)

[Top](#) << 3 MHz > [Next](#)

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
3 025-3 155 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	3 025-3 155 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) BHR4		
3 155-3 200 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.116 5.117	3 155-3 200 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4	FIXED	
3 200-3 230 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BROADCASTING 5.113 5.116	3 200-3 230 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BROADCASTING BHR4	FIXED	For Broadcasting, refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 23
3 230-3 400 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING 5.113 5.116 5.118	3 230-3 400 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING BHR4	FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	For Broadcasting, refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 23
3 400-3 500 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)	3 400-3 500 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) BHR4		
3 500-3 800 kHz AMATEUR FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.92	3 500-3 800 kHz AMATEUR BHR2 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p).
3 800-3 900 kHz FIXED AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) LAND MOBILE	3 800-3 900 kHz FIXED AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) LAND MOBILE BHR4	FIXED LAND MOBILE	
3 900-3 950 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) 5.123	3 900-3 950 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
3 950-4 000 kHz FIXED BROADCASTING	3 950-4 000 kHz FIXED BROADCASTING BHR4	FIXED	For Broadcasting, refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 23
4 000-4 063 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.127</u> 5.126	4 000-4 063 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE BHR4	FIXED	
4 063-4 438 kHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.79A</u> <u>5.109</u> <u>5.110</u> <u>5.130</u> <u>5.131</u> <u>5.132</u> 5.128	4 063-4 438 kHz MARITIME MOBILE BHR4	4 125 kHz for Distress and Safety 4 177.5 kHz for Distress 4 207.5 kHz for Distress for digital selective Calling 4 209.5 kHz for NAVTEX (5.79A) 4 210 kHz for maritime safety information (MSI)	The conditions for the use of 4 177.5 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 (5.110) The conditions for the use of 4 207.5 kHz are prescribed in Article 31 (5.109) The conditions for the use of the carrier frequency 4 125 kHz is prescribed in Articles 31 and 52 (5.130) 4 209.5 kHz is used exclusively for the transmission by coast stations of meteorological and navigational warnings and urgent information to ships by means of narrow-band direct-printing techniques (5.131)
4 438-4 488 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) Radiolocation <u>5.132A</u> 5.132B	4 438-4 488 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) Radiolocation	FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	
4 488-4 650 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	4 488-4 650 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4		
4 650-4 700 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)	4 650-4 700 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) BHR4		
4 700-4 750 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	4 700-4 750 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
4 750-4 850 kHz FIXED AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) LAND MOBILE BROADCASTING <u>5.113</u>	4 750-4 850 kHz FIXED AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) LAND MOBILE BROADCASTING BHR4	LAND MOBILE	For Broadcasting refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 23
4 850-4 995 kHz FIXED LAND MOBILE BROADCASTING <u>5.113</u>	4 850-4 995 kHz FIXED LAND MOBILE BROADCASTING BHR4	FIXED	For Broadcasting refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 23
4 995-5 003 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (5 000 kHz)	4 995-5 003 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (5 000 kHz) BHR4		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26
5 003-5 005 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research	5 003-5 005 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research BHR4		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 for SFTS
5 005-5 060 kHz FIXED BROADCASTING <u>5.113</u>	5 005-5 060 kHz FIXED BROADCASTING BHR4		For Broadcasting, refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 23
5 060-5 250 kHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.133	5 060-5 250 kHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile BHR4	FIXED	
5 250-5 275 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation <u>5.132A</u> 5.133A	5 250-5 275 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation BHR4	FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	
5 275-5 351.5 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	5 275-5 351.5 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4		
5 351.5 -5 366.5 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	5 351.5 -5 366.5 kHz FIXED		Stations in the amateur service using the frequency band 5 351.5-5 366.5 kHz shall not exceed a maximum radiated power of 15 W (e.i.r.p.)

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
Amateur <u>5.133B</u>	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Amateur <u>BHR2</u> <u>BHR4</u>		Only 5 357.5 kHz and 5 363.5 kHz are allocated for Amateur.
5 366.5 -5 450 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	5 366.5 -5 450 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>BHR4</u>		
5 450-5 480 kHz FIXED AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) LAND MOBILE	5 450-5 480 kHz FIXED AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) LAND MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>		
5 480-5 680 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) <u>5.111 5.115</u>	5 480-5 680 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) <u>BHR4</u>		
5 680-5 730 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) <u>5.111 5.115</u>	5 680-5 730 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) <u>BHR4</u>	5 680 kHz for Search and rescue	The carrier frequency 5 680 kHz, may also be used, in accordance with the procedures in force for terrestrial radiocommunication services, for search and rescue operations concerning manned space vehicles. The conditions are prescribed in Article 31 (5.111)
5 730-5 900 kHz FIXED LAND MOBILE	5 730-5 900 kHz FIXED LAND MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>	FIXED	
5 900-5 950 kHz BROADCASTING <u>5.134</u> <u>5.136</u>	5 900-5 950 kHz BROADCASTING <u>BHR4</u>	HF Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
5 950-6 200 kHz BROADCASTING	5 950-6 200 kHz BROADCASTING <u>BHR4</u>	HF Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
6 200-6 525 kHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.109 5.110 5.130</u> <u>5.132</u> <u>5.137</u>	6 200-6 525 kHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>	6 215 kHz for Distress and Safety 6 268 kHz for Distress 6 312 kHz for Distress for digital selective Calling 6 314 kHz for maritime safety information (MSI)	The conditions for the use of 6 268 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 (5.110) The conditions for the use of 6 312 kHz are prescribed in Article 31 (5.109) The conditions for the use of the carrier Frequency 6 215 kHz is prescribed in Articles 31 and 52 (5.130).

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
6 525-6 685 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)	6 525-6 685 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) BHR4		
6 685-6 765 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	6 685-6 765 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) BHR4		
6 765-7 000 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.138	6 765-7 000 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4	FIXED	
7 000-7 100 kHz AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE 5.140 5.141 5.141A	7 000-7 100 kHz AMATEUR BHR2 AMATEUR-SATELLITE BHR4		Maximum power for Amateur is 400W (e.i.r.p).
7 100-7 200 kHz AMATEUR 5.141A 5.141B	7 100-7 200 kHz AMATEUR BHR2 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4		Maximum power for Amateur is 400W (e.i.r.p).
7 200-7 300 kHz BROADCASTING	7 200-7 300 kHz BROADCASTING BHR4		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
7 300-7 400 kHz BROADCASTING 5.134 5.143 5.143A 5.143B 5.143C 5.143D	7 300-7 400 kHz BROADCASTING FIXED BHR4		For Broadcasting refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
7 400-7 450 kHz BROADCASTING 5.143B 5.143C	7 400-7 450 kHz BROADCASTING FIXED BHR4		For Broadcasting refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
7 450-8 100 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.144	7 450-8 100 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4	FIXED	
8 100-8 195 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE	8 100-8 195 kHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE BHR4	MARITIME MOBILE	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
8 195-8 815 kHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.109</u> <u>5.110</u> <u>5.132</u> <u>5.145</u> <u>5.111</u>	8 195-8 815 kHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>	8 291 kHz for Distress and Safety 8 364 kHz for Search and rescue 8 376.5 kHz for Distress 8 414.5 kHz for Distress for digital selective Calling 8 416.5 kHz for maritime safety information (MSI)	The conditions for the use of 8 376.5 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 (5.110) The conditions for the use of 8 414.5 kHz are prescribed in Article 31 (5.109) The carrier frequency 8 364 kHz, may also be used, in accordance with the procedures in force for terrestrial radiocommunication services, for search and rescue operations concerning manned space vehicles. The conditions for the use of the frequencies are prescribed in Article 31 (5.111) The conditions for the use of the carrier frequency 8 291 kHz, is prescribed in Articles 31 and 52 (5.145)
8 815-8 965 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)	8 815-8 965 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) <u>BHR4</u>		
8 965-9 040 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	8 965-9 040 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) <u>BHR4</u>		
9 040-9 305 kHz FIXED	9 040-9 305 kHz FIXED <u>BHR4</u>		
9 305-9 355 kHz FIXED Radiolocation <u>5.145A</u> 5.145B	9 305-9 355 kHz FIXED Radiolocation <u>BHR4</u>		
9 355-9 400 kHz FIXED	9 355-9 400 kHz FIXED <u>BHR4</u>		
9 400-9 500 kHz BROADCASTING <u>5.134</u> <u>5.146</u>	9 400-9 500 kHz BROADCASTING <u>BHR4</u>		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
9 500-9 900 kHz BROADCASTING <u>5.147</u>	9 500-9 900 kHz BROADCASTING <u>BHR4</u>		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
9 900-9 995 kHz FIXED	9 900-9 995 kHz FIXED BHR4		
9 995-10 003 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (10 000 kHz) <u>5.111</u>	9 995-10 003 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (10 000 kHz) BHR4		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26
10 003-10 005 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research <u>5.111</u>	10 003-10 005 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research BHR4		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26
10 005-10 100 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) <u>5.111</u>	10 005-10 100 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) BHR4		
10 100-10 150 kHz FIXED Amateur	10 100-10 150 kHz FIXED Amateur BHR2 BHR4	FIXED	Maximum power for Amateur is 400W (e.i.r.p).
10 150-11 175 kHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)	10 150-11 175 kHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4	FIXED	
11 175-11 275 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	11 175-11 275 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) BHR4		
11 275-11 400 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)	11 275-11 400 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) BHR4		
11 400-11 600 kHz FIXED	11 400-11 600 kHz FIXED BHR4		
11 600-11 650 kHz BROADCASTING <u>5.134</u> <u>5.146</u>	11 600-11 650 kHz BROADCASTING BHR4	HF Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
11 650-12 050 kHz BROADCASTING <u>5.147</u>	11 650-12 050 kHz BROADCASTING BHR4	HF Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
12 050-12 100 kHz BROADCASTING <u>5.134</u> <u>5.146</u>	12 050-12 100 kHz BROADCASTING BHR4	HF Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
12 100-12 230 kHz FIXED	12 100-12 230 kHz FIXED BHR4		
12 230-13 200 kHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.109</u> <u>5.110</u> <u>5.132</u> <u>5.145</u>	12 230-13 200 kHz MARITIME MOBILE BHR4	12 290 kHz for Distress and Safety 12 520 kHz for Distress 12 577 kHz for Distress for digital selective Calling 12 579 kHz for maritime safety information (MSI)	The conditions for the use of 12 520 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 (5.110) The conditions for the use of 12 577 kHz are prescribed in Article 31 (5.109) The conditions for the use of the carrier frequency 12 290 kHz is prescribed in Articles 31 and 52 (5.145)
13 200-13 260 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	13 200-13 260 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) BHR4		
13 260-13 360 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)	13 260-13 360 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) BHR4		
13 360-13 410 kHz FIXED RADIO ASTRONOMY <u>5.149</u>	13 360-13 410 kHz FIXED RADIO ASTRONOMY BHR4	FIXED	
13 410-13 450 kHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)	13 410-13 450 kHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4		
13 450-13 550 kHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) Radiolocation <u>5.132A</u> 5.149A	13 450-13 550 kHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) Radiolocation BHR4		
13 550-13 570 kHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) <u>5.150</u>	13 550-13 570 kHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4	Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)	
13 570-13 600 kHz BROADCASTING <u>5.134</u> <u>5.151</u>	13 570-13 600 kHz BROADCASTING BHR4	HF Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
13 600-13 800 kHz BROADCASTING	13 600-13 800 kHz BROADCASTING BHR4	HF Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
13 800-13 870 kHz BROADCASTING <u>5.134</u> <u>5.151</u>	13 800-13 870 kHz BROADCASTING BHR4	HF Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
13 870-14 000 kHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)	13 870-14 000 kHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4		
14 000-14 250 kHz AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE	14 000-14 250 kHz AMATEUR BHR2 AMATEUR-SATELLITE BHR4		Maximum power for Amateur is 400W (e.i.r.p).
14 250-14 350 kHz AMATEUR 5.152	14 250-14 350 kHz AMATEUR BHR2 BHR4		Maximum power for Amateur is 400W (e.i.r.p).
14 350-14 990 kHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)	14 350-14 990 kHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4		
14 990-15 005 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (15 000 kHz) <u>5.111</u>	14 990-15 005 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (15 000 kHz) BHR4		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26
15 005-15 010 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research	15 005-15 010 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research BHR4		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 for SFTS
15 010-15 100 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	15 010-15 100 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) BHR4		
15 100-15 600 kHz BROADCASTING	15 100-15 600 kHz BROADCASTING BHR4	HF Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
15 600-15 800 kHz BROADCASTING <u>5.134</u> <u>5.146</u>	15 600-15 800 kHz BROADCASTING BHR4	HF Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
15 800-16 100 kHz FIXED 5.153	15 800-16 100 kHz FIXED BHR4		
16 100-16 200 kHz FIXED Radiolocation <u>5.145A</u> 5.145B	16 100-16 200 kHz FIXED Radiolocation BHR4		
16 200-16 360 kHz FIXED	16 200-16 360 kHz FIXED BHR4		
16 360-17 410 kHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.109</u> <u>5.110</u> <u>5.132</u> <u>5.145</u>	16 360-17 410 kHz MARITIME MOBILE BHR4	16 420 kHz for Distress and Safety 16 695 kHz for Distress 16 804.5 kHz for Distress for digital selective Calling 16 806.5 kHz for maritime safety information (MSI)	The conditions for the use of 16 695 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 (5.110) The conditions for the use of 16 804.5 kHz are prescribed in Article 31 (5.109) The conditions for the use of the carrier frequency 16 420 kHz is prescribed in Articles 31 and 52 (5.145)
17 410-17 480 kHz FIXED	17 410-17 480 kHz FIXED BHR4		
17 480-17 550 kHz BROADCASTING <u>5.134</u> <u>5.146</u>	17 480-17 550 kHz BROADCASTING BHR4	HF Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
17 550-17 900 kHz BROADCASTING	17 550-17 900 kHz BROADCASTING BHR4	HF Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
17 900-17 970 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)	17 900-17 970 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) BHR4		
17 970-18 030 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	17 970-18 030 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) BHR4		
18 030-18 052 kHz FIXED	18 030-18 052 kHz FIXED BHR4		
18 052-18 068 kHz FIXED Space research	18 052-18 068 kHz FIXED Space research BHR4	FIXED	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
18 068-18 168 kHz AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE <u>5.154</u>	18 068-18 168 kHz AMATEUR <u>BHR2</u> AMATEUR-SATELLITE <u>BHR4</u>		Maximum power for Amateur is 400W (e.i.r.p).
18 168-18 780 kHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile	18 168-18 780 kHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile <u>BHR4</u>	FIXED	
18 780-18 900 kHz MARITIME MOBILE	18 780-18 900 kHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>		
18 900-19 020 kHz BROADCASTING <u>5.134</u> <u>5.146</u>	18 900-19 020 kHz BROADCASTING <u>BHR4</u>		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
19 020-19 680 kHz FIXED	19 020-19 680 kHz FIXED <u>BHR4</u>		
19 680-19 800 kHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.132</u>	19 680-19 800 kHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>	19 680.5 kHz for maritime safety information (MSI)	
19 800-19 990 kHz FIXED	19 800-19 990 kHz FIXED <u>BHR4</u>		
19 990-19 995 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research <u>5.111</u>	19 990-19 995 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research <u>BHR4</u>		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 for SFTS
19 995-20 010 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (20 000 kHz) <u>5.111</u>	19 995-20 010 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (20 000 kHz) <u>BHR4</u>		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26
20 010-21 000 kHz FIXED Mobile	20 010-21 000 kHz FIXED Mobile <u>BHR4</u>		
21 000-21 450 kHz AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE	21 000-21 450 kHz AMATEUR <u>BHR2</u> AMATEUR-SATELLITE <u>BHR4</u>		Maximum power for Amateur is 400W (e.i.r.p).

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
21 450-21 850 kHz BROADCASTING	21 450-21 850 kHz BROADCASTING <u>BHR4</u>	HF Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
21 850-21 870 kHz FIXED 5.155A 5.155	21 850-21 870 kHz FIXED <u>BHR4</u>		
21 870-21 924 kHz FIXED <u>5.155B</u>	21 870-21 924 kHz FIXED <u>BHR4</u>		
21 924-22 000 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)	21 924-22 000 kHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) <u>BHR4</u>		
22 000-22 855 kHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.132</u> 5.156	22 000-22 855 kHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>	22 376 kHz for maritime safety information (MSI)	
22 855-23 000 kHz FIXED 5.156	22 855-23 000 kHz FIXED <u>BHR4</u>		
23 000-23 200 kHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.156	23 000-23 200 kHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) <u>BHR4</u>		
23 200-23 350 kHz FIXED <u>5.156A</u> AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	23 200-23 350 kHz FIXED AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) <u>BHR4</u>		
23 350-24 000 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.157</u>	23 350-24 000 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>BHR4</u>	FIXED	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
24 000-24 450 kHz FIXED LAND MOBILE	24 000-24 450 kHz FIXED LAND MOBILE BHR4	FIXED	
24 450-24 600 kHz FIXED LAND MOBILE Radiolocation <u>5.132A</u> 5.158	24 450-24 600 kHz FIXED LAND MOBILE Radiolocation BHR4	FIXED	
24 600-24 890 kHz FIXED LAND MOBILE	24 600-24 890 kHz FIXED LAND MOBILE BHR4	FIXED	
24 890-24 990 kHz AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE	24 890-24 990 kHz AMATEUR BHR2 AMATEUR-SATELLITE BHR4		Maximum power for Amateur is 400W (e.i.r.p).
24 990-25 005 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (25 000 kHz)	24 990-25 005 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (25 000 kHz) BHR4		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26
25 005-25 010 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research	25 005-25 010 kHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research BHR4		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 for SFTS
25 010-25 070 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	25 010-25 070 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4		
25 070-25 210 kHz MARITIME MOBILE	25 070-25 210 kHz MARITIME MOBILE BHR4		
25 210-25 550 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	25 210-25 550 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4		
25 550-25 670 kHz RADIO ASTRONOMY <u>5.149</u>	25 550-25 670 kHz RADIO ASTRONOMY BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
25 670-26 100 kHz BROADCASTING	25 670-26 100 kHz BROADCASTING BHR4	HF Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12
26 100-26 175 kHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.132</u>	26 100-26 175 kHz MARITIME MOBILE BHR4	26 100.5 kHz for maritime safety information (MSI)	
26 175-26 200 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	26 175-26 200 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4		
26 200-26 350 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation <u>5.132A</u> 5.133A	26 200-26 350 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation BHR4		
26 350-27 500 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.150</u>	26 350-27 500 kHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4		
27 500-28 000 kHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED MOBILE	27 500-28 000 kHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED MOBILE BHR4	FIXED MOBILE	
28 000-29 700 kHz AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE	28 000-29 700 kHz AMATEUR BHR2 AMATEUR-SATELLITE BHR4		Maximum power for Amateur is 500W (e.i.r.p).

[Top](#) << 30 MHz > [Next](#)

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
29 700-30 005 kHz FIXED MOBILE	29 700-30 005 kHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4		
30.005-30.01 MHz SPACE OPERATION (satellite identification) FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH	30.005-30.01 MHz SPACE OPERATION (satellite identification) FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH BHR4		
30.01-37.5 MHz FIXED MOBILE	30.01-37.5 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4		
37.5-38.25 MHz FIXED MOBILE Radio astronomy 5.149	37.5-38.25 MHz FIXED MOBILE Radio astronomy BHR4	MOBILE	
38.25-39 MHz FIXED MOBILE	38.25-39 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4		
39-39.5 MHz FIXED MOBILE Radiolocation 5.132A 5.159	39-39.5 MHz FIXED MOBILE Radiolocation BHR4	MOBILE	
39.5-39.986 MHz FIXED MOBILE	39.5-39.986 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4	MOBILE	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
39.986-40.02 MHz FIXED MOBILE Space research	39.986-40.02 MHz FIXED MOBILE Space research BHR4		
40.02-40.98 MHz FIXED MOBILE 5.150	40.02-40.98 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4		
40.98-41.015 MHz FIXED MOBILE Space research 5.160 5.161	40.98-41.015 MHz FIXED MOBILE Space research BHR4		
41.015-42 MHz FIXED MOBILE 5.160 5.161 5.161A	41.015-42 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4		
42-42.5 MHz FIXED MOBILE Radiolocation 5.132A 5.160 5.161B	42-42.5 MHz FIXED MOBILE Radiolocation BHR4		
42.5-44 MHz FIXED MOBILE 5.160 5.161 5.161A	42.5-44 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4		
44-47 MHz FIXED MOBILE 5.162 5.162A	44-47 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4		
47-50 MHz BROADCASTING 5.162A 5.163 5.164 5.165	47-50 MHz BROADCASTING BHR4		Refer to the ITU GE89 Plan

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
50-52 MHz BROADCASTING Amateur 5.166A <u>5.166B</u> <u>5.166C</u> 5.166D 5.166E 5.169 <u>5.169A</u> <u>5.169B</u> 5.162A 5.164 5.165	50-52 MHz BROADCASTING AMATEUR <u>BHR2</u>		For Broadcasting refer to the ITU GE89 Plan The field strength generated by an amateur station shall not exceed a value of +6 dB(μV/m) at a height of 10 m above ground for more than 10% of time along the borders of the countries listed in 5.169A
52-68MHz BROADCASTING 5.162A 5.163 5.164 5.165 5.169 <u>5.169A</u> <u>5.169B</u> 5.171	52-54 MHz AMATEUR <u>BHR2</u> 54-68 MHz BROADCASTING		The field strength generated by an amateur station shall not exceed a value of +6 dB(μV/m) at a height of 10 m above ground for more than 10% of time along the borders of the countries listed in 5.169A For BC refer to the ITU GE89 Plan
68-74.8 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.149</u> 5.175 5.177 5.179	68-69.9 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 69.9-70.4 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Amateur <u>BHR1</u> <u>BHR2</u> 70.4-74.8 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		Maximum power for Amateur is 50W (e.i.r.p).
74.8-75.2 MHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.180</u> 5.181	74.8-75.2 MHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
75.2-87.5 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.175 5.179 5.187	75.2-87.5 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
87.5-100 MHz BROADCASTING 5.190	87.5-100 MHz BROADCASTING <u>BHR4</u>	FM Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU GE84 Plan
100-108 MHz BROADCASTING 5.192 5.194	100-108 MHz BROADCASTING <u>BHR4</u>	FM Broadcasting	Refer to the ITU GE84 Plan
108-117.975 MHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.197 <u>5.197A</u>	108-117.975 MHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
117.975-137 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) <u>5.111</u> <u>5.200</u> 5.201 <u>5.202</u>	117.975-136 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 136-137 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	121.5 MHz for aeronautical emergency	121.5 MHz is the aeronautical emergency frequency and, where required, the frequency 123.1 MHz is the aeronautical frequency auxiliary to 121.5 MHz. Mobile stations of the maritime mobile service may communicate on these frequencies under the conditions laid down in Article 31 for distress and safety purposes with stations of the aeronautical mobile service (5.200)
137-137.025 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) <u>5.203C</u> METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.208A</u> <u>5.208B</u> <u>5.209</u> SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) <u>5.204</u> 5.205 5.206 5.207 <u>5.208</u>	137-137.025 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	
137.025-137.175 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) <u>5.203C</u> METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>5.208A</u> <u>5.208B</u> <u>5.209</u> <u>5.204</u> 5.205 5.206 5.207 <u>5.208</u>	137.025-137.175 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth)		
137.175-137.825 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) <u>5.203C</u> <u>5.209A</u> METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.208A</u> <u>5.208B</u> <u>5.209</u> SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) <u>5.204</u> 5.205 5.206 5.207 <u>5.208</u>	137.175-137.825 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
137.825-138 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) <u>5.203C</u> METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>5.208A</u> <u>5.208B</u> <u>5.209</u> <u>5.204</u> 5.205 5.206 5.207 <u>5.208</u>	137.825-138 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth)		
138-143.6 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) 5.210 <u>5.211</u> 5.212 5.214	138-143.6 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) MARITIME MOBILE LAND MOBILE BHR4		
143.6-143.65 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) <u>5.211</u> 5.212 5.214	143.6-143.65 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) MARITIME MOBILE LAND MOBILE		
143.65-144 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) 5.210 <u>5.211</u> 5.212 5.214	143.65-144 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) MARITIME MOBILE LAND MOBILE		
144-146 MHz AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE 5.216	144-146 MHz AMATEUR BHR2 AMATEUR-SATELLITE		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p.).
146-148 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	146-148 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	PMR
148-149.9 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.209</u> <u>5.218</u> <u>5.218A</u> <u>5.219</u> <u>5.221</u>	148-149.9 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	PMR

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
149.9-150.05 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.209</u> <u>5.220</u>	149.9-150.05 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
150.05-153 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY <u>5.149</u>	150.05-153 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	PMR
153-154 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) Meteorological aids	153-154 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) Meteorological aids	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	PMR
154-156.4875 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) <u>5.225A</u> <u>5.226</u>	154-156.4875 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	From 156.025 MHz VHF maritime mobile band channels	Standard Maritime channels according to Appendix 18.
156.4875-156.5625 MHz MARITIME MOBILE (distress and calling via DSC) <u>5.111</u> <u>5.226</u> <u>5.227</u>	156.4875-156.5625 MHz MARITIME MOBILE (distress and calling via DSC)	156.525 MHz for Distress, Safety and Calling (DSC)	Standard Maritime channels according to Appendix 18. The conditions for the use of the frequency 156.525 MHz and the band 156.4875-156.5625 MHz are contained in Articles 31 and 52, and in Appendix 18.
156.5625-156.7625 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) <u>5.226</u>	156.5625-156.7625 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)		Standard Maritime channels according to Appendix 18.
156.7625-156.7875 MHz MARITIME MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.111</u> <u>5.226</u> <u>5.228</u>	156.7625-156.7875 MHz MARITIME MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to- space)	MARITIME MOBILE	Standard Maritime channels according to Appendix 18.
156.7875-156.8125 MHz MARITIME MOBILE (distress and calling) <u>5.111</u> <u>5.226</u>	156.7875-156.8125 MHz MARITIME MOBILE (distress and calling)	156.8 MHz for Distress, Safety and Calling (DSC)	Standard Maritime channels according to Appendix 18.
156.8125-156.8375 MHz MARITIME MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.111</u> <u>5.226</u> <u>5.228</u>	156.8125-156.8375 MHz MARITIME MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to- space)		Standard Maritime channels according to Appendix 18.
156.8375-157.1875 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.226</u>	156.8375-157.1875 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		Standard Maritime channels according to Appendix 18.

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
157.1875-157.3375 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Maritime mobile-satellite <u>5.208A</u> <u>5.208B</u> <u>5.228AB</u> <u>5.228AC</u> <u>5.226</u>	157.1875-157.3375 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Maritime mobile-satellite		Maritime mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to non-GSO satellite systems operating in accordance with Appendix 18. Standard Maritime channels according to Appendix 18.
157.3375-161.7875 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.226</u>	157.3375-161.7875 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Maritime mobile-satellite		Standard Maritime channels according to Appendix 18.
161.7875-161.9375 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Maritime mobile-satellite <u>5.208A</u> <u>5.208B</u> <u>5.228AB</u> <u>5.228AC</u> <u>5.226</u>	161.7875-161.9375 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Maritime mobile-satellite		Maritime mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to non-GSO satellite systems operating in accordance with Appendix 18. Standard Maritime channels according to Appendix 18.
161.9375-161.9625 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.228AA</u> <u>5.226</u>	161.9375-161.9625 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)		Standard Maritime channels according to Appendix 18.
161.9625-161.9875 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.228F</u> <u>5.226</u> <u>5.228A</u> <u>5.228B</u>	161.9625-161.9875 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)		Standard Maritime channels according to Appendix 18.

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
161.9875-162.0125 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.228AA</u> <u>5.226</u> 5.229	161.9875-162.0125 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)		Standard Maritime channels according to Appendix 18.
162.0125-162.0375 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.228F</u> <u>5.226</u> <u>5.228A</u> <u>5.228B</u> 5.229	162.0125-162.0375 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)		Standard Maritime channels according to Appendix 18.
162.0375-174 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.226</u> 5.229	162.0375-174 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>BHR4</u>		
174-223 MHz BROADCASTING 5.235 5.237 5.243	174-223 MHz BROADCASTING <u>BHR4</u>	Broadcasting Band III DAB	Refer to the ITU GE06 Plan SAB
223-230 MHz BROADCASTING Fixed Mobile 5.243 5.246 <u>5.247</u>	223-230 MHz BROADCASTING AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Fixed Mobile	Broadcasting Band III DAB	For Broadcasting refer to the ITU GE06 Plan SAB
230-235 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.247</u> 5.251 5.252	230-235 MHz FIXED MOBILE AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>BHR4</u>		
235-267 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.111</u> 5.252 <u>5.254</u> <u>5.256</u> 5.256A	235-267 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>	243 MHz for survival craft stations and equipment used for survival purposes	
267-272 MHz FIXED MOBILE Space operation (space-to-Earth) <u>5.254</u> <u>5.257</u>	267-272 MHz FIXED MOBILE Space operation (space-to-Earth) <u>BHR4</u>	FIXED MOBILE	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
272-273 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE <u>5.254</u>	272-273 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>		

[Top](#) << 300 MHz > [Next](#)

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
273-312 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.254</u>	273-312 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4		
312-315 MHz FIXED MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.254</u> <u>5.255</u>	312-315 MHz FIXED MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) BHR4		315 MHz Bahrain keyless system
315-322 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.254</u>	315-322 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4		
322-328.6 MHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY <u>5.149</u>	322-328.6 MHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY BHR4		
328.6-335.4 MHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.258</u> 5.259	328.6-335.4 MHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION BHR4		
335.4-387 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.254</u>	335.4-387 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4		380-385 MHz paired with 390-395 MHz are harmonized PPDR for GCC and other R1 countries
387-390 MHz FIXED MOBILE Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>5.208A</u> <u>5.208B</u> <u>5.254</u> <u>5.255</u>	387-390 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4		
390-399.9 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.254</u>	390-399.9 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4		390-395 MHz paired with 380-385 MHz are harmonized PPDR for GCC and other R1 countries
399.9-400.05 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.209</u> <u>5.220</u> <u>5.260A</u> <u>5.260B</u>	399.9-400.05 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
400.05-400.15 MHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL-SATELLITE (400.1 MHz) <u>5.261 5.262</u>	400.05-400.15 MHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL- SATELLITE (400.1 MHz) FIXED MOBILE BHR4		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 for SFTS
400.15-401 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.208A 5.208B 5.209</u> SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) <u>5.263</u> Space operation (space-to-Earth) <u>5.262 5.264</u>	400.15-401 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE Space operation (space-to-Earth) BHR4	MOBILE	
401-402 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile <u>5.264A 5.264B</u>	401-402 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile BHR4	Mobile except aeronautical mobile	
402-403 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile <u>5.264A 5.264B</u>	402-403 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile BHR4	Mobile except aeronautical mobile	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
403-406 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile <u>5.265</u>	403-406 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile <u>BHR4</u>	Mobile except aeronautical mobile	PMR Resolve 1 in Resolution 205 (Rev.WRC-15) to request administrations not to make new frequency assignments within the frequency bands 405.9-406.0 MHz and 406.1-406.2 MHz under the mobile and fixed services.
406-406.1 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.265 5.266 5.267</u>	406-406.1 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>BHR4</u>	COSPAS-SARSAT Mobile-satellite service is limited to low power satellite emergency position-indicating radiobeacons	Resolve 1 in Resolution 205 (Rev.WRC-15) to request administrations not to make new frequency assignments within the frequency bands 405.9-406.0 MHz and 406.1-406.2 MHz under the mobile and fixed services
406.1-410 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY <u>5.149 5.265</u>	406.1-410 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY <u>BHR4</u>	FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	PMR Resolve 1 in Resolution 205 (Rev.WRC-15) to request administrations not to make new frequency assignments within the frequency bands 405.9-406.0 MHz and 406.1-406.2 MHz under the mobile and fixed services
410-420 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-space) <u>5.268</u>	410-420 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-space) <u>BHR4</u>	FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	Private PMR and eLTE networks
420-430 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation 5.269 5.270 5.271	420-430 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>BHR4</u>		Private PMR and eLTE networks
430-432 MHz AMATEUR RADIOLOCATION 5.271 5.272 5.273 5.274 5.275 <u>5.276</u> 5.277	430-432 MHz AMATEUR <u>BHR2</u> FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>BHR4</u>		PMR Maximum power for Amateur is 25W (e.i.r.p). AMATEUR 430.2 MHz and 431.2 MHz

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
432-438 MHz AMATEUR RADIOLOCATION Earth exploration-satellite (active) <u>5.279A</u> <u>5.138</u> 5.271 5.272 <u>5.276</u> 5.277 5.280 5.281 <u>5.282</u>	432-435 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Earth exploration-satellite (active) BHR4 435-438 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR1 Earth exploration-satellite (active) BHR4	FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	PMR 435 – 438 MHz utilized to be used for Mobile except aeronautical mobile in Bahrain
438-440 MHz AMATEUR RADIOLOCATION 5.271 5.273 5.274 5.275 <u>5.276</u> 5.277 5.283	438-440 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4		PMR
440-450 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation 5.269 5.270 5.271 5.284 5.285 <u>5.286</u>	440-450 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4		PMR
450-455 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.286AA</u> <u>5.209</u> 5.271 <u>5.286</u> <u>5.286A</u> 5.286B 5.286C 5.286D 5.286E	450-455 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4		PMR
455-456 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.286AA</u> <u>5.209</u> 5.271 <u>5.286A</u> 5.286B 5.286C 5.286E	455-456 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4		PMR
456-459 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.286AA</u> 5.271 <u>5.287</u> 5.288	456-459 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4		PMR
459-460 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.286AA</u> <u>5.209</u> 5.271 <u>5.286A</u> 5.286B 5.286C 5.286E	459-460 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4		PMR

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
460-470 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.286A</u> Meteorological-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>5.287</u> 5.288 <u>5.289</u> 5.290	460-470 MHz FIXED MOBILE Meteorological-satellite (space-to-Earth) BHR4		PMR
470-694 MHz BROADCASTING <u>5.149</u> 5.291A <u>5.294</u> <u>5.296</u> <u>5.300</u> 5.304 5.306 5.312	470-694 MHz BROADCASTING Land mobile BHR4	Broadcasting digital TV GE06 Plan	Land mobile for the applications ancillary to broadcasting and programme-making. For Broadcasting refer to the ITU GE06 Plan SAB - SAP
694-790 MHz MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.312A</u> <u>5.317A</u> BROADCASTING <u>5.300</u> 5.312	694-790 MHz MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4	IMT Portion of this band is allocated for PPDR	This service is subject to the provisions of Resolution 232 (WRC-12). See also Resolution 224 (Rev.WRC-12) (5.312A)
790-862 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.316B</u> <u>5.317A</u> BROADCASTING 5.312 5.319	790-862 MHz MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4	IMT	Can be used subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21 with respect to the aeronautical radionavigation service in countries mentioned in No. 5.312. For countries party to the GE06 Agreement, the use of stations of the mobile service is also subject to the successful application of the procedures of that agreement. Resolutions 224 (Rev.WRC-12) and 749 (Rev.WRC-12) shall apply, as appropriate (5.316B)
862-890 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.317A</u> BROADCASTING 5.322 5.319 5.323	862-890 MHz MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4	IMT	SRD 863-870 MHz GCC harmonized Railways 876-880 paired with 921-925 MHz
890-942 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.317A</u> BROADCASTING 5.322 Radiolocation 5.323	890-942 MHz MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4	IMT	GCC harmonized Railways 876-880 paired with 921-925 MHz

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
942-960 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.317A</u> BROADCASTING 5.322 5.323	942-960 MHz MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>BHR4</u>	IMT	
960-1 164 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) <u>5.327A</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.328</u> <u>5.328AA</u>	960-1 164 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>BHR4</u>		DME landing\ground reply\interrogation
1 164-1 215 MHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.328</u> RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) <u>5.328B</u> <u>5.328A</u>	1 164-1 215 MHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) <u>BHR4</u>		DME landing\ground reply\interrogation
1 215-1 240 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) <u>5.328B</u> <u>5.329</u> <u>5.329A</u> SPACE RESEARCH (active) <u>5.330</u> <u>5.331</u> <u>5.332</u>	1 215-1 240 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) SPACE RESEARCH (active) FIXED MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION <u>BHR4</u>		
1 240-1 300 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) <u>5.328B</u> <u>5.329</u> <u>5.329A</u> SPACE RESEARCH (active) Amateur <u>5.282</u> <u>5.330</u> <u>5.331</u> <u>5.332</u> 5.335 <u>5.335A</u>	1 240-1 300 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) SPACE RESEARCH (active) FIXED MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION Amateur <u>BHR2</u> <u>BHR4</u>		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p). Amateur in the band 1296-1296.4 MHz only

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
1 300-1 350 MHz RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.337</u> RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.149 5.337A</u>	1 300-1 350 MHz RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) BHR4		
1 350-1 400 MHz FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION <u>5.149 5.338 5.338A 5.339</u>	1 350-1 400 MHz FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION BHR4		
1 400-1 427 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340 5.341</u>	1 400-1 427 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) BHR4	Passive Band	
1 427-1 429 MHz SPACE OPERATION (Earth-to-space) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.341A</u> 5.341B 5.341C <u>5.338A 5.341</u>	1 427-1 429 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4	IMT	
1 429-1 452 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.341A</u> <u>5.338A 5.341 5.342</u>	1 429-1 452 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4	IMT	
1 452-1 492 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.346</u> BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE <u>5.208B</u> <u>5.341 5.342 5.345</u>	1 452-1 492 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4	IMT	Commercial and Private LTE Networks
1 492-1 518 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.341A</u> <u>5.341 5.342</u>	1 492-1 518 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4	IMT	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
1 518-1 525 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.348 5.348A 5.348B 5.351A</u> <u>5.341</u> 5.342	1 518-1 525 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) BHR4		Mobile Satellite Systems
1 525-1 530 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.208B 5.351A</u> Earth exploration-satellite Mobile except aeronautical mobile <u>5.349</u> <u>5.341</u> 5.342 5.350 <u>5.351</u> <u>5.352A 5.354</u>	1 525-1 530 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Earth exploration-satellite BHR4		Mobile Satellite Systems
1 530-1 535 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.208B 5.351A 5.353A</u> Earth exploration-satellite Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile <u>5.341</u> 5.342 <u>5.351</u> <u>5.354</u>	1 530-1 535 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Earth exploration-satellite Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile BHR4	1 530-1 544 MHz for GMDSS	Mobile Satellite Systems Priority shall be given to accommodating the spectrum requirements for distress, urgency and safety communications of the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS) (5.353A)
1 535-1 559 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.208B 5.351A</u> <u>5.341 5.351 5.353A 5.354 5.355 5.356</u> 5.357 <u>5.357A 5.359</u> 5.362A	1 535-1 540 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) BHR4 1 540-1 559 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Fixed BHR4	1 530-1 544 MHz for GMDSS 1 544-1 545 MHz for GMDSS	Mobile Satellite Systems Priority shall be given to accommodating the spectrum requirements for distress, urgency and safety communications of the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS) (5.353A)
1 559-1 610 MHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) <u>5.208B 5.328B</u> <u>5.329A</u> <u>5.341</u>	1 559-1 610 MHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) BHR4		Radionavigation Systems

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
1 610-1 610.6 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.351A</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.341 5.355 5.359 5.364 5.366 5.367 5.368</u> 5.369 <u>5.371 5.372</u>	1 610-1 610.6 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Fixed <u>BHR4</u>		Mobile Satellite Systems Radionavigation Systems
1 610.6-1 613.8 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.351A</u> RADIO ASTRONOMY AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.149 5.341 5.355 5.359 5.364 5.366 5.367</u> <u>5.368 5.369</u> <u>5.371 5.372</u>	1 610.6-1 613.8 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIO ASTRONOMY AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Fixed <u>BHR4</u>		Mobile Satellite Systems
1 613.8-1 621.35 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.351A</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>5.208B</u> <u>5.341 5.355 5.359 5.364 5.365 5.366 5.367</u> <u>5.368 5.369 5.371 5.372</u>	1 613.8-1 621.35 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) Fixed <u>BHR4</u>		Mobile Satellite Systems
1 621.35-1 626.5 MHz MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.373 5.373A</u> MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.351A</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) except maritime mobile satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>5.208B 5.341 5.355 5.359 5.364 5.365</u> <u>5.366 5.367 5.368 5.369 5.371 5.372</u>	1 621.35-1 626.5 MHz MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) except maritime mobile satellite (space-to-Earth) Fixed <u>BHR4</u>		Mobile Satellite Systems
1 626.5-1 660 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.351A</u> <u>5.341 5.351 5.353A 5.354 5.355 5.357A</u> <u>5.359 5.362A 5.374 5.375 5.376</u>	1 626.5-1 645.5 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Fixed <u>BHR4</u> 1 645.5-1 646.5 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	1 626.5-1 645.5 MHz for GMDSS	Mobile Satellite Systems Priority shall be given to accommodating the spectrum requirements for distress, urgency and safety communications of the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS) (5.353A)
			Mobile Satellite Systems

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
	1 646.5-1 660 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Fixed BHR4		Mobile Satellite Systems
1 660-1 660.5 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 5.341 5.351 5.354 5.362A 5.376A	1 660-1 660.5 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIO ASTRONOMY BHR4		Mobile Satellite Systems
1 660.5-1 668 MHz RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.149 5.341 5.379 5.379A	1 660.5-1 668 MHz RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile BHR4		
1 668-1 668.4 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A 5.379B 5.379C RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.149 5.341 5.379 5.379A	1 668-1 668.4 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile BHR4		Mobile Satellite Systems
1 668.4-1 670 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A 5.379B 5.379C RADIO ASTRONOMY 5.149 5.341 5.379D 5.379E	1 668.4-1 670 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIO ASTRONOMY BHR4		Mobile Satellite Systems
1 670-1 675 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A 5.379B 5.341 5.379D 5.379E 5.380A	1 670-1 675 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) BHR4		Mobile Satellite Systems

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
1 675-1 690 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.341</u>	1 675-1 690 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>BHR4</u>		
1 690-1 700 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile <u>5.289 5.341 5.382</u>	1 690-1 700 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>BHR4</u>		
1 700-1 710 MHz FIXED METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.289 5.341</u>	1 700-1 710 MHz FIXED METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>BHR4</u>		
1 710-1 930 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.384A 5.388A 5.388B</u> <u>5.149 5.341 5.385 5.386 5.387 5.388</u>	1 710-1 930 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>	IMT	DECT 1880-1900 MHz
1 930-1 970 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.388A 5.388B</u> <u>5.388</u>	1 930-1 970 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>	IMT	
1 970-1 980 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.388A 5.388B</u> <u>5.388</u>	1 970-1 980 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>	IMT	
1 980-2 010 MHz FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.351A</u> <u>5.388 5.389A 5.389B 5.389F</u>	1 980-2 010 MHz FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>BHR4</u>	IMT	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
2 010-2 025 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.388A</u> <u>5.388B</u> <u>5.388</u>	2 010-2 025 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>	IMT	The use of the band by the mobile-satellite service in Region 2 shall not cause harmful interference to or constrain the development of the fixed and mobile services in Regions 1 and 3. (refer to 5.389E)
2 025-2 110 MHz SPACE OPERATION (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space) EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space) FIXED MOBILE <u>5.391</u> SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space) <u>5.392</u>	2 025-2 080 MHz SPACE OPERATION (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space) EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space) FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space) <u>BHR4</u> 2 080-2 110 MHz SPACE OPERATION (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space) EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space) SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space) <u>BHR4</u>	FIXED MOBILE SPACE OPERATION EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE SPACE RESEARCH	
2 110-2 120 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.388A</u> <u>5.388B</u> SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space) <u>5.388</u>	2 110-2 120 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>	IMT	
2 120-2 160 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.388A</u> <u>5.388B</u> <u>5.388</u>	2 120-2 160 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>	IMT	
2 160-2 170 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.388A</u> <u>5.388B</u> <u>5.388</u>	2 160-2 170 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>	IMT	The use of the band by the mobile-satellite service in Region 2 shall not cause harmful interference to or constrain the development of the fixed and mobile services in Regions 1 and 3. (refer to 5.389E)
2 170-2 200 MHz FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.351A</u> <u>5.388</u> <u>5.389A</u> 5.389F	2 170-2 200 MHz FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>BHR4</u>	IMT	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
2 200-2 290 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) FIXED MOBILE <u>5.391</u> SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) <u>5.392</u>	2 200-2 290 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) <u>BHR4</u>	SPACE OPERATION FIXED	Wireless camera Applications.
2 290-2 300 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth)	2 290-2 300 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth) <u>BHR4</u>	FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH	Wireless camera Applications.
2 300-2 450 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.384A</u> Amateur Radiolocation <u>5.150</u> <u>5.282</u> 5.395	2 300-2 450 MHz FIXED MOBILE Amateur <u>BHR2</u> <u>BHR4</u>		Maximum power for Amateur bands 2300.000 MHz – 2310.000 MHz and 2400.000 MHz – 2450.000 MHz are 100W & 25W (e.i.r.p) respectively. WiFi band 2 400-2 483.5 MHz Amateur in the bands 2300-2310 MHz & 2 400-2 450 MHz only. IMT (2300-2400 MHz) Wireless camera Applications.
2 450-2 483.5 MHz FIXED MOBILE Radiolocation <u>5.150</u> 5.397	2 450-2 483.5 MHz FIXED MOBILE Radiolocation <u>BHR4</u>		WiFi band 2 400-2 483.5 MHz
2 483.5-2 500 MHz FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.351A</u> RADIODETERMINATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.398</u> Radiolocation 5.398A <u>5.150</u> 5.399 5.401 <u>5.402</u>	2 483.5-2 500 MHz FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) RADIODETERMINATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Radiolocation <u>BHR4</u>		
2 500-2 520 MHz FIXED <u>5.410</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.384A</u> 5.405 5.412	2 500-2 520 MHz MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>BHR4</u>	IMT	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
2 520-2 655 MHz FIXED <u>5.410</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.384A</u> BROADCASTING-SATELLITE <u>5.413</u> <u>5.416</u> <u>5.339</u> 5.412 <u>5.418B</u> <u>5.418C</u>	2 520-2 655 MHz MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>BHR4</u>	IMT	
2 655-2 670 MHz FIXED <u>5.410</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.384A</u> BROADCASTING-SATELLITE <u>5.208B</u> <u>5.413</u> <u>5.416</u> Earth exploration-satellite (passive) Radio astronomy Space research (passive) <u>5.149</u> 5.412	2 655-2 670 MHz MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>BHR4</u>	IMT	
2 670-2 690 MHz FIXED <u>5.410</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.384A</u> Earth exploration-satellite (passive) Radio astronomy Space research (passive) <u>5.149</u> 5.412	2 670-2 690 MHz MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>BHR4</u>	IMT	
2 690-2 700 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340</u> <u>5.422</u>	2 690-2 700 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>BHR4</u>		
2 700-2 900 MHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.337</u> Radiolocation <u>5.423</u> 5.424	2 700-2 900 MHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Radiolocation <u>BHR4</u>		Radars & Navigation

[Top](#) << 3 GHz > [Next](#)

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
2 900-3 100 MHz RADIOLOCATION 5.424A RADIONAVIGATION 5.426 5.425 5.427	2 900-3 100 MHz RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION BHR4		Radars & Navigation
3 100-3 300 MHz RADIOLOCATION Earth exploration-satellite (active) Space research (active) 5.149 5.428	3 100-3 300 MHz RADIOLOCATION Fixed BHR1 Mobile BHR1 Earth exploration-satellite (active) Space research (active) BHR4		Utilized to be used in Bahrain for Fixed and Mobile on secondary basis
3 300-3 400 MHz RADIOLOCATION 5.149 5.429 5.429A 5.429B 5.430	3 300-3 400 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4		
3 400-3 600 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.430A Radiolocation 5.431	3 400-3 600 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4	IMT	
3 600-4 200 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Mobile	3 600-3 700 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR1 BHR4	MOBILE	This band is allocated nationally for MOBILE in primary basis to be used by IMT applications
	3 700-4 200 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR1 BHR4	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE	VSAT Downlink 3700-3850 MHz is allocated nationally for MOBILE in primary basis
4 200-4 400 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) 5.436 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.438 5.437 5.439 5.440	4 200-4 400 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION BHR4		
4 400-4 500 MHz FIXED MOBILE 5.440A	4 400-4 500 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
4 500-4 800 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.441</u> MOBILE 5.440A	4 500-4 800 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>		
4 800-4 990 MHz FIXED MOBILE 5.440A 5.441A 5.441B 5.442 Radio astronomy <u>5.149</u> <u>5.339</u> 5.443	4 800-4 990 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>		
4 990-5 000 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY Space research (passive) <u>5.149</u>	4 990-5 000 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Space research (passive) <u>BHR4</u>	FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	
5 000-5 010 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) <u>5.443AA</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	5 000-5 010 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>BHR4</u>		Satellite navigation
5 010-5 030 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) <u>5.443AA</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) <u>5.328B</u> <u>5.443B</u>	5 010-5 030 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) <u>BHR4</u>		Satellite navigation

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
5 030-5 091 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) <u>5.443C</u> AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) <u>5.443D</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.444</u>	5 030-5 091 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>BHR4</u>		
5 091-5 150 MHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.444A</u> AERONAUTICAL MOBILE <u>5.444B</u> AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) <u>5.443AA</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.444</u>	5 091-5 150 MHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) AERONAUTICAL MOBILE AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>BHR4</u>		
5 150-5 250 MHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.447A</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.446A</u> <u>5.446B</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.446 <u>5.446C</u> 5.446D 5.447 <u>5.447B</u> <u>5.447C</u>	5 150-5 250 MHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>BHR4</u>		Wifi band 5150 – 5350 MHz
5 250-5 255 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.446A</u> <u>5.447F</u> RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH <u>5.447D</u> 5.447E 5.448 <u>5.448A</u>	5 250-5 255 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH <u>BHR4</u>		Wifi band 5150 – 5350 MHz Shipborne and VTS radar Weather radar
5 255-5 350 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.446A</u> <u>5.447F</u> RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.447E 5.448 <u>5.448A</u>	5 255-5 350 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) <u>BHR4</u>		Wifi band 5150 – 5350 MHz Shipborne and VTS radar Weather radar

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
5 350-5 460 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) <u>5.448B</u> RADIOLOCATION <u>5.448D</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.449</u> SPACE RESEARCH (active) <u>5.448C</u>	5 350-5 460 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) <u>BHR4</u>		Shipborne and VTS radar Weather radar
5 460-5 470 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION <u>5.448D</u> RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.449</u> SPACE RESEARCH (active) <u>5.448B</u>	5 460-5 470 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) <u>BHR4</u>		Shipborne and VTS radar Weather radar
5 470-5 570 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.446A</u> <u>5.450A</u> RADIOLOCATION <u>5.450B</u> MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) <u>5.448B</u> 5.450 5.451	5 470-5 570 MHz MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>BHR4</u>		Private RLANS 5470 – 5725 MHz
5 570-5 650 MHz MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.446A</u> <u>5.450A</u> RADIOLOCATION <u>5.450B</u> MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION 5.450 5.451 <u>5.452</u>	5 570-5 650 MHz MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIOLOCATION <u>BHR4</u>		Private RLANS 5470 – 5725 MHz Shipborne and VTS radar Weather radar
5 650-5 725 MHz MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.446A</u> <u>5.450A</u> RADIOLOCATION Amateur Space research (deep space) <u>5.282</u> 5.451 <u>5.453</u> 5.454 5.455	5 650-5 725 MHz FIXED MOBILE Amateur <u>BHR2</u> <u>BHR4</u>		Private RLANS 5470 – 5725 MHz Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p).
5 725-5 830 MHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIOLOCATION Amateur <u>5.150</u> 5.451 <u>5.453</u> 5.455	5 725-5 830 MHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) FIXED MOBILE Amateur <u>BHR2</u> <u>BHR4</u>		Wifi band 5725 – 5875 MHz BFWA Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p).

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
5 830-5 850 MHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIOLOCATION Amateur Amateur-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>5.150</u> 5.451 <u>5.453</u> 5.455	5 830-5 850 MHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIOLOCATION FIXED MOBILE Amateur <u>BHR2</u> Amateur-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>BHR4</u>		Wifi band 5725 – 5875 MHz BFWA Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p).
5 850-5 925 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE <u>5.150</u>	5 850-5 925 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>		Wifi band 5725 – 5875 MHz BFWA
5 925-6 700 MHz FIXED 5.457 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.457A</u> <u>5.457B</u> MOBILE 5.457C <u>5.149</u> <u>5.440</u> <u>5.458</u>	5 925-6 700 MHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>		In accordance with Resolution 902 (WRC-03) VSAT Uplink
6 700-7 075 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) <u>5.441</u> MOBILE <u>5.458</u> <u>5.458A</u> <u>5.458B</u>	6 700-7 075 MHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>		
7 075-7 145 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.458</u> 5.459	7 075-7 145 MHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>		
7 145-7 190 MHz FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space) <u>5.458</u> 5.459	7 145-7 190 MHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space) <u>BHR4</u>		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
7 190 -7 235 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.460A</u> <u>5.460B</u> FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) <u>5.460</u> <u>5.458</u> 5.459	7 190 -7 235 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) FIXED <u>BHR3</u> MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) <u>BHR4</u>		
7 235-7 250 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.460A</u> FIXED MOBILE <u>5.458</u>	7 235-7 250 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) FIXED <u>BHR3</u> MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>		
7 250-7 300 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE <u>5.461</u>	7 250-7 300 MHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>BHR4</u>		
7 300-7 375 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.461</u>	7 300-7 375 MHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>BHR4</u>		VSAT Downlink
7 375-7 450 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.461AA</u> <u>5.461AB</u>	7 375-7 450 MHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>BHR4</u>		VSAT Downlink

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
7 450-7 550 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.461AA</u> <u>5.461AB</u> <u>5.461A</u>	7 450-7 550 MHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>BHR4</u>		VSAT Downlink
7 550-7 750 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.461AA</u> <u>5.461AB</u>	7 550-7 750 MHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>BHR4</u>		VSAT Downlink
7 750-7 900 MHz FIXED METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.461B</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	7 750-7 900 MHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>BHR4</u>		
7 900-8 025 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE <u>5.461</u>	7 900-8 025 MHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>BHR4</u>		VSAT Uplink
8 025-8 175 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE <u>5.463</u> <u>5.462A</u>	8 025-8 175 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>		VSAT Uplink

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
8 175-8 215 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE <u>5.463</u> <u>5.462A</u>	8 175-8 215 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>		VSAT Uplink
8 215-8 400 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE <u>5.463</u> <u>5.462A</u>	8 215-8 400 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>		VSAT Uplink / Downlink
8 400-8 500 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) <u>5.465</u> 5.466	8 400-8 500 MHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) <u>BHR4</u>	FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	Uni-directional only
8 500-8 550 MHz RADIOLOCATION <u>5.468</u> 5.469	8 500-8 550 MHz RADIOLOCATION FIXED MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>		
8 550-8 650 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) <u>5.468</u> 5.469 <u>5.469A</u>	8 550-8 650 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) FIXED MOBILE <u>BHR4</u>		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
8 650-8 750 MHz RADIOLOCATION <u>5.468</u> 5.469	8 650-8 750 MHz RADIOLOCATION FIXED MOBILE BHR4		
8 750-8 850 MHz RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.470</u> <u>5.471</u>	8 750-8 825 MHz RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 8 825-8 850 MHz MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION BHR4		Aeronautical Radionavigation service is limited to airborne doppler navigation aids on a centre frequency of 8 800 MHz Maritime Radionavigation is limited to for Shore based radars 8 825-8 850 MHz
8 850-9 000 MHz RADIOLOCATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.472</u> 5.473	8 850-9 000 MHz RADIOLOCATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION BHR4		
9 000-9 200 MHz RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.337</u> <u>5.471</u> <u>5.473A</u>	9 000-9 200 MHz RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION BHR4		Maritime Radionavigation is limited to for Shore based radars 9 000-9 200 MHz Aeronautical radionavigation
9 200-9 300 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) <u>5.474A</u> <u>5.474B</u> <u>5.474C</u> RADIOLOCATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.472</u> 5.473 <u>5.474</u> <u>5.474D</u>	9 200-9 300 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION BHR4		Earth exploration-satellite service should be in accordance with the conditions mentioned in 5.474A Shipborne radar 9 200-9 500 MHz search and rescue transponders (SART) may be used
9 300-9 500 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.475</u> SPACE RESEARCH (active) <u>5.427</u> <u>5.474</u> <u>5.475A</u> <u>5.475B</u> <u>5.476A</u>	9 300-9 500 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) BHR4		Shipborne radar Radionavigation 9 200-9 500 MHz search and rescue transponders (SART) may be used

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
9 500-9 800 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) <u>5.476A</u>	9 500-9 800 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) BHR4		
9 800-9 900 MHz RADIOLOCATION Earth exploration-satellite (active) Fixed Space research (active) <u>5.477</u> <u>5.478</u> <u>5.478A</u> <u>5.478B</u>	9 800-9 900 MHz RADIOLOCATION FIXED Earth exploration-satellite (active) Space research (active) BHR4		
9 900-10 000 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) <u>5.474A</u> <u>5.474B</u> <u>5.474C</u> RADIOLOCATION Fixed <u>5.477</u> <u>5.478</u> <u>5.479</u> <u>5.474D</u>	9 900-10 000 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION FIXED BHR4		Earth exploration-satellite service should be in accordance with the conditions mentioned in 5.474A
10-10.4 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) <u>5.474A</u> <u>5.474B</u> <u>5.474C</u> FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION Amateur <u>5.479</u> <u>5.474D</u>	10-10.4 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION Amateur BHR2 BHR4	FIXED	Earth exploration-satellite service should be in accordance with the conditions mentioned in 5.474A Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p).
10.4-10.45 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION Amateur	10.4-10.45 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION Amateur BHR2 BHR4	FIXED	Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p).
10.45-10.5 GHz RADIOLOCATION Amateur Amateur-satellite 5.481	10.45-10.5 GHz RADIOLOCATION Amateur BHR2 Amateur-satellite BHR4		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p).
10.5-10.55 GHz FIXED MOBILE Radiolocation	10.5-10.55 GHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4	FIXED	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
10.55-10.6 GHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation	10.55-10.6 GHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4	FIXED	
10.6-10.68 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Radiolocation <u>5.149 5.482 5.482A</u>	10.6-10.68 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4	FIXED	
10.68-10.7 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340 5.483</u>	10.68-10.7 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4	Passive Band	
10.7-10.95 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.441</u> (Earth-to-space) <u>5.484</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	10.7-10.95 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4	FIXED	
10.95-11.2 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.484B</u> (Earth-to-space) <u>5.484</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	10.95-11.2 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4	FIXED	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
11.2-11.45 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.441</u> (Earth-to-space) <u>5.484</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	11.2-11.45 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>BHR4</u>	FIXED	
11.45-11.7 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.484B</u> (Earth-to-space) <u>5.484</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	11.45-11.7 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>BHR4</u>	FIXED	
11.7-12.5 GHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE <u>5.492</u> <u>5.487</u> <u>5.487A</u>	11.7-12.5 GHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE <u>BHR4</u>	BROADCASTING-SATELLITE	For Broadcasting-Satellite refer to the Appendix 30 and Radio Regulations Res. 73
12.5-12.75 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.484B</u> (Earth-to-space) <u>5.494</u> 5.495 5.496	12.5-12.75 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		VSAT Downlink/Uplink
12.75-13.25 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.441</u> MOBILE Space research (deep space) (space-to-Earth)	12.75-13.25 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE Space research (deep space) (space-to-Earth)	FIXED	
13.25-13.4 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.497</u> SPACE RESEARCH (active) <u>5.498A</u> 5.499	13.25-13.4 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (active)		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
13.4-13.65 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.499A</u> <u>5.499B</u> RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH <u>5.499C</u> <u>5.499D</u> Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.499E</u> <u>5.500</u> 5.501 <u>5.501B</u>	13.4-13.65 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH FIXED MOBILE Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>BHR4</u>		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 for SFTS
13.65-13.75 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH <u>5.501A</u> Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.499 <u>5.500</u> 5.501 <u>5.501B</u>	13.65-13.75 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH FIXED MOBILE Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>BHR4</u>		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 for SFTS
13.75-14GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.484A</u> RADIOLOCATION Earth exploration-satellite Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) Space research 5.499 <u>5.500</u> 5.501 <u>5.502</u> <u>5.503</u>	13.75-14GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) FIXED MOBILE Earth exploration-satellite Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) Space research <u>BHR4</u>	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 for SFTS VSAT Uplink
14-14.25 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.457A</u> <u>5.457B</u> <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.484B</u> <u>5.506</u> <u>5.506B</u> RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.504</u> Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.504B</u> <u>5.504C</u> <u>5.506A</u> Space research <u>5.504A</u> <u>5.505</u>	14-14.25 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIONAVIGATION FIXED Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) Space research	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	In accordance with Resolution 902 (WRC-03) VSAT Uplink

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
14.25-14.3 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.457A</u> <u>5.457B</u> <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.484B</u> <u>5.506</u> <u>5.506B</u> RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.504</u> Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.504B</u> <u>5.506A</u> <u>5.508A</u> Space research <u>5.504A</u> <u>5.505</u> 5.508	14.25-14.3 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) FIXED Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) Space research	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	In accordance with Resolution 902 (WRC-03) VSAT Uplink
14.3-14.4 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.457A</u> <u>5.457B</u> <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.484B</u> <u>5.506</u> <u>5.506B</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.504B</u> <u>5.506A</u> <u>5.509A</u> Radionavigation-satellite <u>5.504A</u>	14.3-14.4 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) Radionavigation-satellite	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	In accordance with Resolution 902 (WRC-03) VSAT Uplink
14.4-14.47 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.457A</u> <u>5.457B</u> <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.484B</u> <u>5.506</u> <u>5.506B</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.504B</u> <u>5.506A</u> <u>5.509A</u> Space research (space-to-Earth) <u>5.504A</u>	14.4-14.47 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) Space research (space-to-Earth)	FIXED	In accordance with Resolution 902 (WRC-03)
14.47-14.5 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.457A</u> <u>5.457B</u> <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.506</u> <u>5.506B</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.504B</u> <u>5.506A</u> <u>5.509A</u> Radio astronomy <u>5.149</u> <u>5.504A</u>	14.47-14.5 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)	FIXED	In accordance with Resolution 902 (WRC-03)
14.5-14.75 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.509B</u> <u>5.509C</u> <u>5.509D</u> <u>5.509E</u> <u>5.509F</u> <u>5.510</u> MOBILE Space research <u>5.509G</u>	14.5-14.75 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE Space research	FIXED	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
14.75-14.8 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.510</u> MOBILE Space research <u>5.509G</u>	14.75-14.8 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE Space research	FIXED	
14.8-15.35 GHz FIXED MOBILE Space research <u>5.339</u>	14.8-15.35 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> MOBILE Space research	FIXED	
15.35-15.4 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340</u> <u>5.511</u>	15.35-15.4 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Fixed Mobile		
15.4-15.43 GHz RADIOLOCATION <u>5.511E</u> <u>5.511F</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	15.4-15.43 GHz RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
15.43-15.63 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.511A</u> RADIOLOCATION <u>5.511E</u> <u>5.511F</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.511C</u>	15.43-15.63 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
15.63-15.7 GHz RADIOLOCATION <u>5.511E</u> <u>5.511F</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	15.63-15.7 GHz RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION		
15.7-16.6 GHz RADIOLOCATION <u>5.512</u> 5.513	15.7-16.6 GHz RADIOLOCATION FIXED MOBILE		
16.6-17.1 GHz RADIOLOCATION Space research (deep space) (Earth-to-space) <u>5.512</u> 5.513	16.6-17.1 GHz RADIOLOCATION FIXED MOBILE Space research (deep space) (Earth-to-space)		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
17.1-17.2 GHz RADIOLOCATION <u>5.512</u> 5.513	17.1-17.2 GHz RADIOLOCATION FIXED MOBILE BHR4		
17.2-17.3 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) <u>5.512</u> 5.513 <u>5.513A</u>	17.2-17.3 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) BHR4		
17.3-17.7 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.516</u> (space-to-Earth) <u>5.516A</u> <u>5.516B</u> Radiolocation <u>5.514</u>	17.3-17.7 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) Radiolocation Fixed Mobile		
17.7-18.1 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.517A</u> (Earth-to-space) <u>5.516</u> MOBILE	17.7-18.1 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) MOBILE	FIXED	
18.1-18.4 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.517A</u> (Earth-to-space) <u>5.520</u> MOBILE <u>5.519</u> <u>5.521</u>	18.1-18.4 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) MOBILE	FIXED	
18.4-18.6 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.517A</u> MOBILE	18.4-18.6 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE	FIXED	
18.6-18.8 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.517A</u> <u>5.522B</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Space research (passive) <u>5.522A</u> <u>5.522C</u>	18.6-18.8 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Space research (passive)	FIXED	The carrier power to the input of antenna shall not exceed -3dBW for Fixed point to point link

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
18.8-19.3 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.516B 5.517A 5.523A</u> MOBILE	18.8-19.3 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE	FIXED	
19.3-19.7 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) <u>5.517A 5.523B 5.523C</u> <u>5.523D 5.523E</u> MOBILE	19.3-19.7 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) MOBILE	FIXED	
19.7-20.1 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.484B 5.516B 5.527A</u> Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>5.524</u>	19.7-20.1 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth)		VSAT downlink
20.1-20.2 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.484B 5.516B 5.527A</u> MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.524 5.525 5.526 5.527 5.528</u>	20.1-20.2 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE		VSAT downlink
20.2-21.2 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>5.524</u>	20.2-21.2 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth)		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 for SFTS VSAT Downlink
21.2-21.4 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	21.2-21.4 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED BHR3 MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	FIXED	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
21.4-22 GHz FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING-SATELLITE <u>5.208B</u> <u>5.530A</u> <u>5.530B</u>	21.4-22 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> MOBILE BROADCASTING-SATELLITE	FIXED	For Broadcasting-Satellite refer to the Radio Regulations Res. 552, 553, 554 and 555 Stations shall not exceed a power flux-density of -120.4 dB (W/(m ² · MHz)) at 3 m above the ground of any point of the territory of neighbouring countries for more than 20% of the time for Fixed point to point link
22-22.21 GHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.149</u>	22-22.21 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	FIXED	Paired with 23 – 23.6 GHz for Fixed
22.21-22.5 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.149</u> <u>5.532</u>	22.21-22.5 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED <u>BHR3</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	FIXED	Paired with 23 – 23.6 GHz for Fixed
22.5-22.55 GHz FIXED MOBILE	22.5-22.55 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> MOBILE	FIXED	Paired with 23 – 23.6 GHz for Fixed
22.55-23.15 GHz FIXED INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.338A</u> MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) <u>5.532A</u> <u>5.149</u>	22.55-23.15 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space)	FIXED	22 – 22.6 GHz Paired with 23 – 23.6 GHz for Fixed 23 – 23.6 GHz Paired with 22 – 22.6 GHz for Fixed
23.15-23.55 GHz FIXED INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.338A</u> MOBILE	23.15-23.55 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE	FIXED	Paired with 22 – 22.6 GHz for Fixed
23.55-23.6 GHz FIXED MOBILE	23.55-23.6 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> MOBILE	FIXED	Paired with 22 – 22.6 GHz for Fixed
23.6-24 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340</u>	23.6-24 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		Passive Band

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
24-24.05 GHz AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE <u>5.150</u>	24-24.05 GHz AMATEUR BHR2 AMATEUR-SATELLITE BHR4		Maximum power for Amateur is 50W (e.i.r.p).
24.05-24.25 GHz RADIOLOCATION Amateur Earth exploration-satellite (active) <u>5.150</u>	24.05-24.25 GHz RADIOLOCATION Amateur BHR2 Earth exploration-satellite (active) BHR4		Maximum power for Amateur is 50W (e.i.r.p).
24.25-24.45 GHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.338A</u> <u>5.532AB</u>	24.25-24.45 GHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4	IMT	
24.45-24.65 GHz FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.338A</u> <u>5.532AB</u>	24.45-24.65 GHz FIXED BHR3 INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4	FIXED IMT	
24.65-24.75 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.532B</u> INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.338A</u> <u>5.532AB</u>	24.65-24.75 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4	FIXED IMT	
24.75-25.25 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.532B</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.338A</u> <u>5.532AB</u>	24.75-25.25 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4	FIXED IMT	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
25.25-25.5 GHz FIXED <u>5.534A</u> INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.536</u> MOBILE <u>5.338A</u> <u>5.532AB</u> Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)	25.25-25.5 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>BHR4</u>	FIXED IMT	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 for SFTS
25.5-27 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to Earth) <u>5.536B</u> FIXED <u>5.534A</u> INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.536</u> MOBILE <u>5.338A</u> <u>5.532AB</u> SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) <u>5.536C</u> Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.536A</u>	25.5-27 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to Earth) FIXED <u>BHR3</u> INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>BHR4</u>	FIXED IMT	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 for SFTS
27-27.5 GHz FIXED INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.536</u> MOBILE <u>5.338A</u> <u>5.532AB</u>	27-27.5 GHz FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE	IMT	
27.5-28.5 GHz FIXED 5.537A FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.517A</u> <u>5.539</u> MOBILE <u>5.538</u> <u>5.540</u>	27.5-28.5 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE	FIXED	Point to Multipoint
28.5-29.1 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.517A</u> <u>5.523A</u> <u>5.539</u> MOBILE Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.541</u> <u>5.540</u>	28.5-29.1 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space)	FIXED	Point to Multipoint
29.1-29.5 GHz	29.1-29.5 GHz	FIXED	Point to Multipoint

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
<p>FIXED</p> <p>FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.517A</u> <u>5.523C</u> <u>5.523E</u> <u>5.535A</u> <u>5.539</u> <u>5.541A</u></p> <p>MOBILE</p> <p>Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.541</u> <u>5.540</u></p>	<p>FIXED</p> <p>FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)</p> <p>MOBILE</p> <p>Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space)</p>		
<p>29.5-29.9 GHz</p> <p>FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.484B</u> <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.539</u> <u>5.527A</u></p> <p>Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.541</u></p> <p>Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.540</u> <u>5.542</u></p>	<p>29.5-29.9 GHz</p> <p>FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)</p> <p>Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space)</p> <p>Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)</p> <p>Fixed</p> <p>Mobile</p>		VSAT uplink
<p>29.9-30 GHz</p> <p>FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.484B</u> <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.539</u> <u>5.527A</u></p> <p>MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)</p> <p>Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.541</u> <u>5.543</u> <u>5.525</u> <u>5.526</u> <u>5.527</u> <u>5.538</u> <u>5.540</u> <u>5.542</u></p>	<p>29.9-30 GHz</p> <p>FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)</p> <p>MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)</p> <p>Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space)</p> <p>Fixed</p> <p>Mobile</p>		VSAT uplink

[Top](#) << 30 GHz > [Next](#)

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
30-31 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.338A MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.542	30-31 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile		Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 for SFTS VSAT uplink
31-31.3 GHz FIXED 5.338A 5.543B MOBILE Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth) Space research 5.544 5.545 5.149	31-31.3 GHz FIXED BHR3 MOBILE Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth) Space research	FIXED	Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 for SFTS HAPS identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by other fixed-service applications or by other services to which this frequency band is allocated on a co-primary basis and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. Such use of the fixed-service allocation by HAPS shall be in accordance with the provisions of Resolution 167 (WRC-19)
31.3-31.5 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340	31.3-31.5 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
31.5-31.8 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.149 5.546	31.5-31.8 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) FIXED BHR3 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	FIXED	
31.8-32 GHz FIXED 5.547A RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth) 5.547 5.547B 5.548	31.8-32 GHz FIXED BHR3 SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth)	FIXED	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
32-32.3 GHz FIXED <u>5.547A</u> RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth) <u>5.547</u> 5.547C <u>5.548</u>	32-32.3 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth)	FIXED	
32.3-33 GHz FIXED <u>5.547A</u> INTER-SATELLITE RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.547</u> 5.547D <u>5.548</u>	32.3-33 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> INTER-SATELLITE	FIXED	
33-33.4 GHz FIXED <u>5.547A</u> RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.547</u> 5.547E	33-33.4 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u>	FIXED	
33.4-34.2 GHz RADIOLOCATION <u>5.549</u>	33.4-34.2 GHz RADIOLOCATION FIXED MOBILE		
34.2-34.7 GHz RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space) <u>5.549</u>	34.2-34.7 GHz RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space) FIXED MOBILE		
34.7-35.2 GHz RADIOLOCATION Space research 5.550 <u>5.549</u>	34.7-35.2 GHz RADIOLOCATION FIXED MOBILE Space research		
35.2-35.5 GHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS RADIOLOCATION <u>5.549</u>	35.2-35.5 GHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS RADIOLOCATION FIXED MOBILE		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
35.5-36 GHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) <u>5.549 5.549A</u>	35.5-36 GHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) FIXED MOBILE		
36-37 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.149 5.550A</u>	36-37 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED BHR3 MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	FIXED	The maximum elevation angle is 20 degrees, the maximum transmitter power at the input of antenna is -10 dBW or -7 dBW if ATPC is used for Fixed point to point link
37-37.5 GHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.550B</u> SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) <u>5.547</u>	37-37.5 GHz FIXED BHR3 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)	FIXED IMT	
37.5-38 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.550C</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.550B</u> SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>5.547</u>	37.5-38 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth)	FIXED IMT	
38-39.5 GHz FIXED <u>5.550D</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.550C</u> MOBILE <u>5.550B</u> Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>5.547</u>	38-39.5 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth)	FIXED IMT	HAPS ground station shall not claim protection from stations in the fixed, mobile and fixed-satellite services; and No. 5.43A does not apply. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by other fixed-service applications or by other services to which this frequency band is allocated on a co-primary basis and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. Furthermore, the development of the fixed-satellite, fixed and mobile services shall not be unduly constrained by HAPS. Such use of the fixed-service allocation by HAPS shall be in accordance with the provisions of Resolution 168 (WRC-19)

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
39.5-40 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.550C</u> MOBILE <u>5.550B</u> MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>5.547 5.550E</u>	39.5-40 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth)	FIXED IMT	
40-40.5 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.550C</u> MOBILE <u>5.550B</u> MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>5.550E</u>	40-40.5 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth)	FIXED IMT	
40.5-41 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.550C</u> LAND MOBILE <u>5.550B</u> BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE Aeronautical mobile Maritime mobile <u>5.547</u>	40.5-41 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE LAND MOBILE	FIXED IMT	
41-42.5 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.550C</u> LAND MOBILE <u>5.550B</u> BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE Aeronautical mobile Maritime mobile <u>5.547 5.551F 5.551H 5.551I</u>	41-42.5 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE LAND MOBILE	FIXED IMT	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
42.5-43.5 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.552</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.550B</u> RADIO ASTRONOMY <u>5.149</u> <u>5.547</u>	42.5-43.5 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY	FIXED IMT	
43.5-47 GHz MOBILE <u>5.553</u> <u>5.553A</u> MOBILE-SATELLITE RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE <u>5.554</u>	43.5-45.5 GHz MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE 45.5-47 GHz MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE	Satellite Operations IMT	
47-47.2 GHz AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE	47-47.2 GHz AMATEUR <u>BHR2</u> AMATEUR-SATELLITE		Maximum power for Amateur is 50W (e.i.r.p).
47.2-47.5 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.550C</u> <u>5.552</u> MOBILE <u>5.553B</u> <u>5.552A</u>	47.2-47.5 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE	IMT	HAPS identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated on a co-primary basis, and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. Such use of the fixed-service allocation in the frequency band by HAPS shall be in accordance with the provisions of Resolution 122 (Rev.WRC-19)
47.5-47.9 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.550C</u> <u>5.552</u> (space-to-Earth) <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.554A</u> MOBILE <u>5.553B</u>	47.5-47.9 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) MOBILE	IMT	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
47.9-48.2 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.550C</u> <u>5.552</u> MOBILE <u>5.553B</u> <u>5.552A</u>	47.9-48.2 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE	IMT	HAPS identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated on a co-primary basis, and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. Such use of the fixed-service allocation in the frequency band by HAPS shall be in accordance with the provisions of Resolution 122 (Rev.WRC-19)
48.2-48.54 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.550C</u> <u>5.552</u> (space-to-Earth) <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.554A</u> <u>5.555B</u> MOBILE	48.2-48.54 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) MOBILE	FIXED	
48.54-49.44 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.550C</u> <u>5.552</u> MOBILE <u>5.149</u> <u>5.340</u> <u>5.555</u>	48.54-49.44 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIO ASTRONOMY MOBILE	FIXED	
49.44-50.2 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.338A</u> <u>5.550C</u> <u>5.552</u> (space-to-Earth) <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.554A</u> <u>5.555B</u> MOBILE	49.44-50.2 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) MOBILE	FIXED	
50.2-50.4 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340</u>	50.2-50.4 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
50.4-51.4 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.338A</u> <u>5.550C</u> MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)	50.4-51.4 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)		
51.4-52.4 GHz FIXED <u>5.338A</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.555C</u> MOBILE <u>5.547</u> <u>5.556</u>	51.4-52.4 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> MOBILE	FIXED	In the bands 51.4-54.25 GHz, 58.2-59 GHz and 64-65 GHz, radio astronomy observations may be carried out under national arrangements

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
52.4-52.6 GHz FIXED <u>5.338A</u> MOBILE <u>5.547</u> <u>5.556</u>	52.4-52.6 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> MOBILE	FIXED	In the bands 51.4-54.25 GHz, 58.2-59 GHz and 64-65 GHz, radio astronomy observations may be carried out under national arrangements
52.6-54.25 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340</u> <u>5.556</u>	52.6-54.25 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		In the bands 51.4-54.25 GHz, 58.2-59 GHz and 64-65 GHz, radio astronomy observations may be carried out under national arrangements
54.25-55.78 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.556A</u> SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.556B	54.25-55.78 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) INTER-SATELLITE SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
55.78-56.9 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED <u>5.557A</u> INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.556A</u> MOBILE <u>5.558</u> SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.547</u> <u>5.557</u>	55.78-56.9 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED <u>BHR3</u> INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	FIXED	55.78-56.26 GHz, the maximum power density delivered by a transmitter to the antenna is limited to - 26 dB (W/MHz)"
56.9-57 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.558A</u> MOBILE <u>5.558</u> SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.547</u> <u>5.557</u>	56.9-57 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED <u>BHR3</u> INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	FIXED	
57-58.2 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.556A</u> MOBILE <u>5.558</u> SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.547</u> <u>5.557</u>	57-58.2 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED <u>BHR3</u> INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>BHR4</u>	FIXED	Fixed point to point systems may be provided within the technical parameters "Maximum EIRP +55 dBm, Minimum antenna gain +30 dBi and Maximum transmitter output power +10 dBm"

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
58.2-59 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.547 5.556</u>	58.2-59 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED <u>BHR3</u> MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>BHR4</u>	FIXED	Fixed point to point systems may be provided within the technical parameters "Maximum EIRP +55 dBm, Minimum antenna gain +30 dBi and Maximum transmitter output power +10 dBm"
59-59.3 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.556A</u> MOBILE <u>5.558</u> RADIOLOCATION <u>5.559</u> SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	59-59.3 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED <u>BHR3</u> INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>BHR4</u>	FIXED	Fixed point to point systems may be provided within the technical parameters "Maximum EIRP +55 dBm, Minimum antenna gain +30 dBi and Maximum transmitter output power +10 dBm" and limit on the transmit output power density (-10dBm/MHz) and can be implemented to support the deployment of wideband systems for bandwidth higher than 100 MHz by consequently limiting the maximum transmitter output power for narrow band systems bandwidth lower than 100 MHz below that of the maximum (+10dBm) allowed in the 59 - 64 GHz band. This limit will not apply for implement narrowband systems in the band
59.3-64 GHz FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE <u>5.558</u> RADIOLOCATION <u>5.559</u> <u>5.138</u>	59.3-64 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE RADIOLOCATION <u>BHR4</u>	FIXED	Fixed point to point systems may be provided within the technical parameters "Maximum EIRP +55 dBm, Minimum antenna gain +30 dBi and Maximum transmitter output power +10 dBm" and limit on the transmit output power density (-10dBm/MHz) and can be implemented to support the deployment of wideband systems for bandwidth higher than 100 MHz by consequently limiting the maximum transmitter output power for narrow band systems bandwidth lower than 100 MHz below that of the maximum (+10dBm) allowed in the 59 - 64 GHz band. This limit will not apply for implement narrowband systems in the band
64-65 GHz FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.547 5.556</u>	64-65 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>BHR4</u>	FIXED	

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
65-66 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH <u>5.547</u>	65-66 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE FIXED BHR3 INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH BHR4	FIXED	
66-71 GHz INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE <u>5.553</u> <u>5.558</u> <u>5.559AA</u> MOBILE-SATELLITE RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE <u>5.554</u>	66-71 GHz INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE	IMT	
71-74 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	71-74 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	FIXED	Paired with 81 – 86 GHz for Fixed
74-76 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE Space research (space-to-Earth) <u>5.561</u>	74-76 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE Space research (space-to-Earth) BHR4	FIXED	Paired with 81 – 86 GHz for Fixed
76-77.5 GHz RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION Amateur Amateur-satellite Space research (space-to-Earth) <u>5.149</u>	76-77.5 GHz RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION Amateur BHR2 Amateur-satellite Space research (space-to-Earth) BHR4		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p).

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
77.5-78 GHz AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE RADIOLOCATION <u>5.559B</u> Radio astronomy Space research (space-to-Earth) <u>5.149</u>	77.5-78 GHz AMATEUR <u>BHR2</u> AMATEUR-SATELLITE RADIOLOCATION Radio astronomy Space research (space-to-Earth) <u>BHR4</u>		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p).
78-79 GHz RADIOLOCATION Amateur Amateur-satellite Radio astronomy Space research (space-to-Earth) <u>5.149 5.560</u>	78-79 GHz RADIOLOCATION Amateur <u>BHR2</u> Amateur-satellite Radio astronomy Space research (space-to-Earth) <u>BHR4</u>		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p).
79-81 GHz RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION Amateur Amateur-satellite Space research (space-to-Earth) <u>5.149</u>	79-81 GHz RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION Amateur <u>BHR2</u> Amateur-satellite Space research (space-to-Earth) <u>BHR4</u>		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p).
81-84 GHz FIXED <u>5.338A</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIO ASTRONOMY Space research (space-to-Earth) <u>5.149 5.561A</u>	81-84 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIO ASTRONOMY Space research (space-to-Earth) <u>BHR4</u>	FIXED	Paired with 71 – 76 GHz for Fixed
84-86 GHz FIXED <u>5.338A</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.561B MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY <u>5.149</u>	84-86 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY <u>BHR4</u>	FIXED	Paired with 71 – 76 GHz for Fixed

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
86-92 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340</u>	86-92 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
92-94 GHz FIXED <u>5.338A</u> MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION <u>5.149</u>	92-94 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION	FIXED	
94-94.1 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) Radio astronomy <u>5.562 5.562A</u>	94-94.1 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) Radio astronomy		
94.1-95 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION <u>5.149</u>	94.1-95 GHz FIXED <u>BHR3</u> MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION	FIXED	
95-100 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE <u>5.149 5.554</u>	95-100 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE		
100-102 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340 5.341</u>	100-102 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
102-105 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY <u>5.149 5.341</u>	102-105 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY		
105-109.5 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.562B</u> <u>5.149 5.341</u>	105-109.5 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
109.5-111.8 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340 5.341</u>	109.5-111.8 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
111.8-114.25 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.562B</u> <u>5.149 5.341</u>	111.8-114.25 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
114.25-116 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340 5.341</u>	114.25-116 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
116-119.98 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.562C</u> SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.341</u>	116-119.98 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) INTER-SATELLITE SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
119.98-122.25 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.562C</u> SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.138 5.341</u>	119.98-122.25 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) INTER-SATELLITE SPACE RESEARCH (passive) BHR4		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
122.25-123 GHz FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE <u>5.558</u> Amateur <u>5.138</u>	122.25-123 GHz FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE Amateur BHR2 BHR4		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p).
123-130 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE Radio astronomy 5.562D <u>5.149</u> <u>5.554</u>	123-130 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE Radio astronomy		
130-134 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) <u>5.562E</u> FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE <u>5.558</u> RADIO ASTRONOMY <u>5.149</u> <u>5.562A</u>	130-134 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY		
134-136 GHz AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE Radio astronomy	134-136 GHz AMATEUR BHR2 AMATEUR-SATELLITE Radio astronomy		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p).
136-141 GHz RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION Amateur Amateur-satellite <u>5.149</u>	136-141 GHz RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION Amateur BHR2 Amateur-satellite		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p).
141-148.5 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION <u>5.149</u>	141-148.5 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
148.5-151.5 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340</u>	148.5-151.5 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
151.5-155.5 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION <u>5.149</u>	151.5-155.5 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION		
155.5-158.5 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY <u>5.149</u>	155.5-158.5 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY		
158.5-164 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	158.5-164 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		
164-167 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340</u>	164-167 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
167-174.5 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE <u>5.558</u> <u>5.149</u> 5.562D	167-174.5 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE		
174.5-174.8 GHz FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE <u>5.558</u>	174.5-174.8 GHz FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
174.8-182 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.562H</u> SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	174.8-182 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) INTER-SATELLITE SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
182-185 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340</u>	182-185 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
185-190 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.562H</u> SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	185-190 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) INTER-SATELLITE SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
190-191.8 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340</u>	190-191.8 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
191.8-200 GHz FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE <u>5.558</u> MOBILE-SATELLITE RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE <u>5.149 5.341 5.554</u>	191.8-200 GHz FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE		
200-209 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340 5.341 5.563A</u>	200-209 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
209-217 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY <u>5.149 5.341</u>	209-217 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
217-226 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.562B</u> <u>5.149 5.341</u>	217-226 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
226-231.5 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340</u>	226-231.5 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
231.5-232 GHz FIXED MOBILE Radiolocation	231.5-232 GHz FIXED MOBILE Radiolocation		
232-235 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE Radiolocation	232-235 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE Radiolocation		
235-238 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.563A 5.563B</u>	235-238 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		The band 237.9-238 GHz is also allocated to the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active) for spaceborne cloud radars only
238-240 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE	238-240 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE		

RR Region 1 Allocations	The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations	Major Utilisation	Additional Information
240-241 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION	240-241 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION		
241-248 GHz RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION Amateur Amateur-satellite <u>5.138 5.149</u>	241-248 GHz RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION Amateur BHR2 Amateur-satellite BHR4		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p).
248-250 GHz AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE Radio astronomy <u>5.149</u>	248-250 GHz AMATEUR BHR2 AMATEUR-SATELLITE Radio astronomy BHR4		Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p).
250-252 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340 5.563A</u>	250-252 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		
252-265 GHz FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE <u>5.149 5.554</u>	252-265 GHz FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE		
265-275 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY <u>5.149 5.563A</u>	265-275 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY		
275-3 000 GHz (Not allocated) <u>5.564A 5.565</u>	275-3 000 GHz (Not allocated)		

Annex 1 Relevant footnotes from ITU Radio Regulations

- 5.53** Administrations authorizing the use of frequencies below 8.3 kHz shall ensure that no harmful interference is caused to services to which the bands above 8.3 kHz are allocated. (WRC-12)
- 5.54** Administrations conducting scientific research using frequencies below 8.3 kHz are urged to advise other administrations that may be concerned in order that such research may be afforded all practicable protection from harmful interference. (WRC-12)
- 5.54A** Use of the 8.3-11.3 kHz frequency band by stations in the meteorological aids service is limited to passive use only. In the band 9-11.3 kHz, meteorological aids stations shall not claim protection from stations of the radionavigation service submitted for notification to the Bureau prior to 1 January 2013. For sharing between stations of the meteorological aids service and stations in the radionavigation service submitted for notification after this date, the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R RS.1881 should be applied. (WRC-12)
- 5.54B** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, the Russian Federation, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Kuwait, Lebanon, Morocco, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan and Tunisia, the frequency band 8.3-9 kHz is also allocated to the radionavigation, fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.56** The stations of services to which the bands 14-19.95 kHz and 20.05-70 kHz and in Region 1 also the bands 72-84 kHz and 86-90 kHz are allocated may transmit standard frequency and time signals. Such stations shall be afforded protection from harmful interference. In Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the frequencies 25 kHz and 50 kHz will be used for this purpose under the same conditions. (WRC-12)
- 5.57** The use of the bands 14-19.95 kHz, 20.05-70 kHz and 70-90 kHz (72-84 kHz and 86-90 kHz in Region 1) by the maritime mobile service is limited to coast radiotelegraph stations (A1A and F1B only). Exceptionally, the use of class J2B or J7B emissions is authorized subject to the necessary bandwidth not exceeding that normally used for class A1A or F1B emissions in the band concerned.
- 5.60** In the bands 70-90 kHz (70-86 kHz in Region 1) and 110-130 kHz (112-130 kHz in Region 1), pulsed radionavigation systems may be used on condition that they do not cause harmful interference to other services to which these bands are allocated.
- 5.62** Administrations which operate stations in the radionavigation service in the band 90-110 kHz are urged to coordinate technical and operating characteristics in such a way as to avoid harmful interference to the services provided by these stations.
- 5.64** Only classes A1A or F1B, A2C, A3C, F1C or F3C emissions are authorized for stations of the fixed service in the bands allocated to this service between 90 kHz and 160 kHz (148.5 kHz in Region 1) and for stations of the maritime mobile service in the bands allocated to this service between 110 kHz and 160 kHz (148.5 kHz in Region 1). Exceptionally, class J2B or J7B emissions are also authorized in the bands between 110 kHz and 160 kHz (148.5 kHz in Region 1) for stations of the maritime mobile service.
- 5.67A** Stations in the amateur service using frequencies in the band 135.7-137.8 kHz shall not exceed a maximum radiated power of 1 W (e.i.r.p.) and shall not cause harmful interference to stations of the radionavigation service operating in countries listed in No. 5.67. (WRC-07)
- 5.73** The band 285-325 kHz (283.5-325 kHz in Region 1) in the maritime radionavigation service may be used to transmit supplementary navigational information using narrow-band techniques, on condition that no harmful interference is caused to radiobeacon stations operating in the radionavigation service. (WRC-97)
- 5.74** *Additional Allocation:* in Region 1, the frequency band 285.3-285.7 kHz is also allocated to the maritime radionavigation service (other than radiobeacons) on a primary basis.
- 5.76** The frequency 410 kHz is designated for radio direction-finding in the maritime radionavigation service. The other radionavigation services to which the band 405-415 kHz is allocated shall not cause harmful interference to radio direction-finding in the band 406.5-413.5 kHz.

- 5.79A** When establishing coast stations in the NAVTEX service on the frequencies 490 kHz, 518 kHz and 4 209.5 kHz, administrations are strongly recommended to coordinate the operating characteristics in accordance with the procedures of the International Maritime Organization (IMO) (see Resolution **339 (Rev.WRC--07)**). (WRC-07)
- 5.80A** The maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) of stations in the amateur service using frequencies in the band 472-479 kHz shall not exceed 1 W. Administrations may increase this limit of e.i.r.p. to 5 W in portions of their territory which are at a distance of over 800 km from the borders of Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Azerbaijan, **Bahrain**, Belarus, China, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, the Russian Federation, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania, Oman, Uzbekistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Somalia, Sudan, Tunisia, Ukraine and Yemen. In this frequency band, stations in the amateur service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-12)
- 5.80B** The use of the frequency band 472-479 kHz in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Azerbaijan, **Bahrain**, Belarus, China, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, the Russian Federation, Iraq, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mauritania, Oman, Uzbekistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Somalia, Sudan, Tunisia and Yemen is limited to the maritime mobile and aeronautical radionavigation services. The amateur service shall not be used in the above-mentioned countries in this frequency band, and this should be taken into account by the countries authorizing such use. (WRC-12)
- 5.82** In the maritime mobile service, the frequency 490 kHz is to be used exclusively for the transmission by coast stations of navigational and meteorological warnings and urgent information to ships, by means of narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy. The conditions for use of the frequency 490 kHz are prescribed in Articles **31** and **52**. In using the frequency band 415-495 kHz for the aeronautical radionavigation service, administrations are requested to ensure that no harmful interference is caused to the frequency 490 kHz. In using the frequency band 472-479 kHz for the amateur service, administrations shall ensure that no harmful interference is caused to the frequency 490 kHz. (WRC-12)
- 5.82C** The frequency band 495-505 kHz is used for the international NAVDAT system as described in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.2010. NAVDAT transmitting stations are limited to coast stations. (WRC-19)
- 5.84** The conditions for the use of the frequency 518 kHz by the maritime mobile service are prescribed in Articles **31** and **52**. (WRC-07)
- 5.92** Some countries of Region 1 use radiodetermination systems in the bands 1 606.5-1 625 kHz, 1 635-1 800 kHz, 1 850-2 160 kHz, 2 194-2 300 kHz, 2 502-2 850 kHz and 3 500-3 800 kHz, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. The radiated mean power of these stations shall not exceed 50 W.
- 5.99** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Austria, Iraq, Libya, Uzbekistan, Slovakia, Romania, Slovenia, Chad, and Togo, the band 1 810-1 830 kHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)
- 5.100** In Region 1, the authorization to use the band 1 810-1 830 kHz by the amateur service in countries situated totally or partially north of 40° N shall be given only after consultation with the countries mentioned in Nos. **5.98** and **5.99** to define the necessary steps to be taken to prevent harmful interference between amateur stations and stations of other services operating in accordance with Nos. **5.98** and **5.99**.
- 5.103** In Region 1, in making assignments to stations in the fixed and mobile services in the bands 1 850-2 045 kHz, 2 194-2 498 kHz, 2 502-2 625 kHz and 2 650-2 850 kHz, administrations should bear in mind the special requirements of the maritime mobile service.
- 5.104** In Region 1, the use of the band 2 025-2 045 kHz by the meteorological aids service is limited to oceanographic buoy stations.
- 5.107** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Iraq, Libya and Somalia, the frequency band 2 160-2 170 kHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), services on a primary basis. The mean power of stations in these services shall not exceed 50 W. (WRC-19)
- 5.108** The carrier frequency 2 182 kHz is an international distress and calling frequency for radiotelephony. The conditions for the use of the band 2 173.5-2 190.5 kHz are prescribed in Articles **31** and **52**. (WRC-07)

- 5.109** The frequencies 2 187.5 kHz, 4 207.5 kHz, 6 312 kHz, 8 414.5 kHz, 12 577 kHz and 16 804.5 kHz are international distress frequencies for digital selective calling. The conditions for the use of these frequencies are prescribed in Article **31**.
- 5.110** The frequencies 2 174.5 kHz, 4 177.5 kHz, 6 268 kHz, 8 376.5 kHz, 12 520 kHz and 16 695 kHz are international distress frequencies for narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy. The conditions for the use of these frequencies are prescribed in Article **31**.
- 5.111** The carrier frequencies 2 182 kHz, 3 023 kHz, 5 680 kHz, 8 364 kHz and the frequencies 121.5 MHz, 156.525 MHz, 156.8 MHz and 243 MHz may also be used, in accordance with the procedures in force for terrestrial radiocommunication services, for search and rescue operations concerning manned space vehicles. The conditions for the use of the frequencies are prescribed in Article **31**.
The same applies to the frequencies 10 003 kHz, 14 993 kHz and 19 993 kHz, but in each of these cases emissions must be confined in a band of ± 3 kHz about the frequency. (WRC-07)
- 5.113** For the conditions for the use of the bands 2 300-2 495 kHz (2 498 kHz in Region 1), 3 200-3 400 kHz, 4 750-4 995 kHz and 5 005-5 060 kHz by the broadcasting service, see Nos. **5.16** to **5.20**, **5.21** and **23.3** to **23.10**.
- 5.115** The carrier (reference) frequencies 3 023 kHz and 5 680 kHz may also be used, in accordance with Article **31**, by stations of the maritime mobile service engaged in coordinated search and rescue operations. (WRC-07)
- 5.116** Administrations are urged to authorize the use of the band 3 155-3 195 kHz to provide a common worldwide channel for low power wireless hearing aids. Additional channels for these devices may be assigned by administrations in the bands between 3 155 kHz and 3 400 kHz to suit local needs.
It should be noted that frequencies in the range 3 000 kHz to 4 000 kHz are suitable for hearing aid devices which are designed to operate over short distances within the induction field.
- 5.127** The use of the band 4 000-4 063 kHz by the maritime mobile service is limited to ship stations using radiotelephony (see No. **52.220** and Appendix **17**).
- 5.130** The conditions for the use of the carrier frequencies 4 125 kHz and 6 215 kHz are prescribed in Articles **31** and **52**. (WRC-07)
- 5.131** The frequency 4 209.5 kHz is used exclusively for the transmission by coast stations of meteorological and navigational warnings and urgent information to ships by means of narrow-band direct-printing techniques. (WRC-97)
- 5.132** The frequencies 4 210 kHz, 6 314 kHz, 8 416.5 kHz, 12 579 kHz, 16 806.5 kHz, 19 680.5 kHz, 22 376 kHz and 26 100.5 kHz are the international frequencies for the transmission of maritime safety information (MSI) (see Appendix **17**).
- 5.132A** Stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the fixed or mobile services. Applications of the radiolocation service are limited to oceanographic radars operating in accordance with Resolution **612 (Rev.WRC-12)**. (WRC-12)
- 5.133B** Stations in the amateur service using the frequency band 5 351.5-5 366.5 kHz shall not exceed a maximum radiated power of 15 W (e.i.r.p.). However, in Region 2 in Mexico, stations in the amateur service using the frequency band 5 351.5-5 366.5 kHz shall not exceed a maximum radiated power of 20 W (e.i.r.p.). In the following Region 2 countries: Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Dominica, El Salvador, Ecuador, Grenada, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Saint Lucia, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Uruguay, Venezuela, as well as the overseas countries and territories within the Kingdom of the Netherlands in Region 2, stations in the amateur service using the frequency band 5 351.5-5 366.5 kHz shall not exceed a maximum radiated power of 25 W (e.i.r.p.). (WRC-19)
- 5.134** The use of the frequency bands 5 900-5 950 kHz, 7 300-7 350 kHz, 9 400-9 500 kHz, 11 600-11 650 kHz, 12 050-12 100 kHz, 13 570-13 600 kHz, 13 800-13 870 kHz, 15 600-15 800 kHz, 17 480-17 550 kHz and 18 900-19 020 kHz by the broadcasting service is subject to the application of the procedure of Article **12**. Administrations are encouraged to use these frequency bands to facilitate the introduction of digitally modulated emissions in accordance with the provisions of Resolution **517 (Rev.WRC-19)**. (WRC-19)

- 5.136** *Additional allocation:* frequencies in the band 5 900-5 950 kHz may be used by stations in the following services, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located: fixed service (in all three Regions), land mobile service (in Region 1), mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) service (in Regions 2 and 3), on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies for these services, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-07)
- 5.137** On condition that harmful interference is not caused to the maritime mobile service, the bands 6 200-6 213.5 kHz and 6 220.5-6 525 kHz may be used exceptionally by stations in the fixed service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, with a mean power not exceeding 50 W. At the time of notification of these frequencies, the attention of the Bureau will be drawn to the above conditions.
- 5.138** The following bands:
- | | |
|-------------------|---|
| 6 765-6 795 kHz | (centre frequency 6 780 kHz), |
| 433.05-434.79 MHz | (centre frequency 433.92 MHz) in Region 1 except in the countries mentioned in No. 5.280 , |
| 61-61.5 GHz | (centre frequency 61.25 GHz), |
| 122-123 GHz | (centre frequency 122.5 GHz), and |
| 244-246 GHz | (centre frequency 245 GHz) |
- are designated for industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) applications. The use of these frequency bands for ISM applications shall be subject to special authorization by the administration concerned, in agreement with other administrations whose radiocommunication services might be affected. In applying this provision, administrations shall have due regard to the latest relevant ITU-R Recommendations.
- 5.141B** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Australia, **Bahrain**, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, China, Comoros, Korea (Rep. of), Diego Garcia, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Guinea, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Libya, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Niger, New Zealand, Oman, Papua New Guinea, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Sudan, South Sudan, Tunisia, Viet Nam and Yemen, the frequency band 7 100-7 200 kHz is also allocated to the fixed and the mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), services on a primary basis. (WRC-19)
- 5.143** *Additional allocation:* frequencies in the band 7 300-7 350 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed service and in the land mobile service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies for these services, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-07)
- 5.143B** In Region 1, frequencies in the band 7 350-7 450 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed and land mobile services communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. The total radiated power of each station shall not exceed 24 dBW. (WRC-12)
- 5.143C** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Jordan, Kuwait, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania, Niger, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, South Sudan, Tunisia and Yemen, the bands 7 350-7 400 kHz and 7 400-7 450 kHz are also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-12)
- 5.145** The conditions for the use of the carrier frequencies 8 291 kHz, 12 290 kHz and 16 420 kHz are prescribed in Articles **31** and **52**. (WRC-07)
- 5.145A** Stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the fixed service. Applications of the radiolocation service are limited to oceanographic radars operating in accordance with Resolution **612 (Rev.WRC-12)**. (WRC-12)
- 5.146** *Additional allocation:* frequencies in the bands 9 400-9 500 kHz, 11 600-11 650 kHz, 12 050-12 100 kHz, 15 600-15 800 kHz, 17 480-17 550 kHz and 18 900-19 020 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies in the fixed service, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-07)

5.147 On condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service, frequencies in the bands 9 775-9 900 kHz, 11 650-11 700 kHz and 11 975-12 050 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed service communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, each station using a total radiated power not exceeding 24 dBW.

5.149 In making assignments to stations of other services to which the bands:

13 360-13 410 kHz,	4 950-4 990 MHz,	102-109.5 GHz,
25 550-25 670 kHz,	4 990-5 000 MHz,	111.8-114.25 GHz,
37.5-38.25 MHz,	6 650-6 675.2 MHz,	128.33-128.59 GHz,
73-74.6 MHz in Regions 1 and 3,	10.6-10.68 GHz,	129.23-129.49 GHz,
150.05-153 MHz in Region 1,	14.47-14.5 GHz,	130-134 GHz,
322-328.6 MHz,	22.01-22.21 GHz,	136-148.5 GHz,
406.1-410 MHz,	22.21-22.5 GHz,	151.5-158.5 GHz,
608-614 MHz in Regions 1 and 3,	22.81-22.86 GHz,	168.59-168.93 GHz,
1 330-1 400 MHz,	23.07-23.12 GHz,	171.11-171.45 GHz,
1 610.6-1 613.8 MHz,	31.2-31.3 GHz,	172.31-172.65 GHz,
1 660-1 670 MHz,	31.5-31.8 GHz in Regions 1 and 3,	173.52-173.85 GHz,
1 718.8-1 722.2 MHz,	36.43-36.5 GHz,	195.75-196.15 GHz,
2 655-2 690 MHz,	42.5-43.5 GHz,	209-226 GHz,
3 260-3 267 MHz,	48.94-49.04 GHz,	241-250 GHz,
3 332-3 339 MHz,	76-86 GHz,	252-275 GHz
3 345.8-3 352.5 MHz,	92-94 GHz,	
4 825-4 835 MHz,	94.1-100 GHz,	

are allocated, administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to protect the radio astronomy service from harmful interference. Emissions from spaceborne or airborne stations can be particularly serious sources of interference to the radio astronomy service (see Nos. **4.5** and **4.6** and Article **29**). (WRC-07)

5.150 The following bands:

13 553-13 567 kHz	(centre frequency 13 560 kHz),
26 957-27 283 kHz	(centre frequency 27 120 kHz),
40.66-40.70 MHz	(centre frequency 40.68 MHz),
902-928 MHz	in Region 2 (centre frequency 915 MHz),
2 400-2 500 MHz	(centre frequency 2 450 MHz),
5 725-5 875 MHz	(centre frequency 5 800 MHz), and
24-24.25 GHz	(centre frequency 24.125 GHz)

are also designated for industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) applications. Radiocommunication services operating within these bands must accept harmful interference which may be caused by these applications. ISM equipment operating in these bands is subject to the provisions of No. **15.13**.

5.151 *Additional allocation:* frequencies in the bands 13 570-13 600 kHz and 13 800-13 870 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed service and in the mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, on the condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies in these services, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-07)

5.155B The band 21 870-21 924 kHz is used by the fixed service for provision of services related to aircraft flight safety.

5.156A The use of the band 23 200-23 350 kHz by the fixed service is limited to provision of services related to aircraft flight safety.

5.157 The use of the band 23 350-24 000 kHz by the maritime mobile service is limited to inter-ship radiotelegraphy.

- 5.166B** In Region 1, stations in the amateur service operating on a secondary basis shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the broadcasting service. The field strength generated by an amateur station in Region 1 in the frequency band 50-52 MHz shall not exceed a calculated value of +6 dB(μV/m) at a height of 10 m above ground for more than 10% of time along the border of a country with operational analogue broadcasting stations in Region 1 and of neighbouring countries with broadcasting stations in Region 3 listed in Nos. **5.167** and **5.168**. (WRC-19)
- 5.166C** In Region 1, stations in the amateur service in the frequency band 50-52 MHz, with the exception of those countries listed in No. **5.169**, shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, wind profiler radars operating in the radiolocation service under No. **5.162A**. (WRC-19)
- 5.169A** Alternative allocation: in the following countries in Region 1: Angola, Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Burkina Faso, Burundi, the United Arab Emirates, Gambia, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Mauritius, Mozambique, Oman, Uganda, Qatar, South Sudan and Tanzania, the frequency band 50- 54 MHz is allocated to the amateur service on a primary basis. In Guinea-Bissau, the frequency band 50.0-50.5 MHz is allocated to the amateur service on a primary basis. In Djibouti, the frequency band 50-52 MHz is allocated to the amateur service on a primary basis. With the exception of those countries listed in No. **5.169**, stations in the amateur service operating in Region 1 under this footnote, in all or part of the frequency band 50-54 MHz, shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of other services operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations in Algeria, Egypt, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Libya, Palestine ¹, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Republic of Korea, Sudan and Tunisia. The field strength generated by an amateur station in the frequency band 50-54 MHz shall not exceed a value of +6 dB(μV/m) at a height of 10 m above ground for more than 10% of time along the borders of listed countries requiring protection. (WRC-19)
- 5.169B** Except countries listed under No. **5.169**, stations in the amateur service used in Region 1, in all or part of the 50-54 MHz frequency band, shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of other services used in accordance with the Radio Regulations in Algeria, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Egypt, Russian Federation, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Libya, Uzbekistan, Palestine ¹, the Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, Tunisia and Ukraine. The field strength generated by an amateur station in the frequency band 50-54 MHz shall not exceed a value of +6 dB(μV/m) at a height of 10 m above ground for more than 10% of time along the borders of the countries listed in this provision. (WRC-19)
- 5.197A** *Additional allocation:* the band 108-117.975 MHz is also allocated on a primary basis to the aeronautical mobile (R) service, limited to systems operating in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **413 (Rev.WRC-07)** ². The use of the band 108-112 MHz by the aeronautical mobile (R) service shall be limited to systems composed of ground-based transmitters and associated receivers that provide navigational information in support of air.
- 5.180** The frequency 75 MHz is assigned to marker beacons. Administrations shall refrain from assigning frequencies close to the limits of the guardband to stations of other services which, because of their power or geographical position, might cause harmful interference or otherwise place a constraint on marker beacons. Every effort should be made to improve further the characteristics of airborne receivers and to limit the power of transmitting stations close to the limits 74.8 MHz and 75.2 MHz.
- 5.200** In the band 117.975-137 MHz, the frequency 121.5 MHz is the aeronautical emergency frequency and, where required, the frequency 123.1 MHz is the aeronautical frequency auxiliary to 121.5 MHz. Mobile stations of the maritime mobile service may communicate on these frequencies under the conditions laid down in Article **31** for distress and safety purposes with stations of the aeronautical mobile service. (WRC-07)
- 5.202** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, **Bahrain**, Belarus, Bulgaria, the United Arab Emirates, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Jordan, Mali, Oman, Uzbekistan, Poland, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Senegal, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the frequency band 136-137 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile (OR) service on a primary basis. In assigning frequencies to stations of the aeronautical mobile (OR) service, the administration shall take account of the frequencies assigned to stations in the aeronautical mobile (R) service. (WRC-19)

¹ Pursuant to Resolution 99 (Rev. Dubai, 2018) and taking into account the Israeli-Palestinian Interim Agreement of 28 September 1995.

² Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

- 5.203C** The use of the space operation service (space-to-Earth) with non-geostationary satellite short-duration mission systems in the frequency band 137-138 MHz is subject to Resolution **660 (WRC-19)**. Resolution **32 (WRC-19)** applies. These systems shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, the existing services to which the frequency band is allocated on a primary basis. (WRC-19)
- 5.204** *Different category of service:* in Afghanistan, Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, China, Cuba, the United Arab Emirates, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Kuwait, Montenegro, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Singapore, Thailand and Yemen, the frequency band 137-138 MHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), services on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-19)
- 5.208** The use of the band 137-138 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. (WRC-97)
- 5.208A** In making assignments to space stations in the mobile-satellite service in the frequency bands 137-138 MHz, 387-390 MHz and 400.15-401 MHz and in the maritime mobile-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in the frequency bands 157.1875-157.3375 MHz and 161.7875-161.9375 MHz, administrations shall take all practicable steps to protect the radio astronomy service in the frequency bands 150.05-153 MHz, 322-328.6 MHz, 406.1-410 MHz and 608-614 MHz from harmful interference from unwanted emissions as shown in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R RA.769. (WRC-19)
- 5.208B**³ In the frequency bands:
 137-138 MHz,
 157.1875-157.3375 MHz,
 161.7875-161.9375 MHz,
 387-390 MHz,
 400.15-401 MHz,
 1 452-1 492 MHz,
 1 525-1 610 MHz,
 1 613.8-1 626.5 MHz,
 2 655-2 690 MHz,
 21.4-22 GHz,
 Resolution **739 (Rev.WRC-19)** applies. (WRC-19)
- 5.209** The use of the bands 137-138 MHz, 148-150.05 MHz, 399.9-400.05 MHz, 400.15-401 MHz, 454-456 MHz and 459-460 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is limited to non-geostationary-satellite systems. (WRC-97)
- 5.209A** The use of the frequency band 137.175-137.825 MHz by non-geostationary satellite systems in the space operation service identified as short-duration mission in accordance with Appendix **4** is not subject to No. **9.11A**. (WRC-19)
- 5.211** *Additional allocation:* in Germany, Saudi Arabia, Austria, **Bahrain**, Belgium, Denmark, the United Arab Emirates, Spain, Finland, Greece, Guinea, Ireland, Israel, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, North Macedonia, Mali, Malta, Montenegro, Norway, the Netherlands, Qatar, Slovakia, the United Kingdom, Serbia, Slovenia, Somalia, Sweden, Switzerland, Tanzania, Tunisia and Turkey, the frequency band 138-144 MHz is also allocated to the maritime mobile and land mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-19)
- 5.218** *Additional allocation:* the band 148-149.9 MHz is also allocated to the space operation service (Earth-to-space) on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. The bandwidth of any individual transmission shall not exceed ± 25 kHz.
- 5.218A** The frequency band 148-149.9 MHz in the space operation service (Earth-to-space) may be used by non-geostationary satellite systems with short-duration missions. Non-geostationary satellite systems in the space operation service used for a short-duration mission in accordance with Resolution **32 (WRC-19)** of the Radio Regulations are not subject to agreement under No. **9.21**. At the stage of coordination, the provisions of Nos. **9.17** and **9.18** also apply. In the frequency band 148-149.9 MHz, non-geostationary satellite systems with short-duration missions shall not cause unacceptable interference to, or claim protection from, existing primary services within this frequency band, or impose additional constraints on the space operation and mobile-

³ This provision was previously numbered as No. 5.347A. It was renumbered to preserve the sequential order.

satellite services. In addition, earth stations in non-geostationary satellite systems in the space operation service with short-duration missions in the frequency band 148-149.9 MHz shall ensure that the power flux-density does not exceed $-149 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 4 \text{ kHz))}$ for more than 1% of time at the border of the territory of the following countries: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, China, Korea (Rep. of), Cuba, Russian Federation, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Japan, Kazakhstan, Malaysia, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan, Thailand and Viet Nam. In case this power flux-density limit is exceeded, agreement under No. **9.21** is required to be obtained from countries mentioned in this footnote. (WRC-19)

5.219 The use of the frequency band 148-149.9 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. The mobile-satellite service shall not constrain the development and use of the fixed, mobile and space operation services in the frequency band 148-149.9 MHz. The use of the frequency band 148-149.9 MHz by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the space operation service identified as short-duration mission is not subject to No. **9.11A**. (WRC-19)

5.220 The use of the bands 149.9-150.05 MHz and 399.9-400.05 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. (WRC-15)

5.221 Stations of the mobile-satellite service in the frequency band 148-149.9 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the fixed or mobile services operating in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations in the following countries: Albania, Algeria, Germany, Saudi Arabia, Australia, Austria, **Bahrain**, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cameroon, China, Cyprus, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Denmark, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Spain, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, the Russian Federation, Finland, France, Gabon, Georgia, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Hungary, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lesotho, Latvia, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, North Macedonia, Malaysia, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Moldova, Mongolia, Montenegro, Mozambique, Namibia, Norway, New Zealand, Oman, Uganda, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, the Netherlands, the Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Slovakia, Romania, the United Kingdom, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovenia, Sudan, Sri Lanka, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tonga, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia and Zimbabwe. (WRC-19)

5.226 The frequency 156.525 MHz is the international distress, safety and calling frequency for the maritime mobile VHF radiotelephone service using digital selective calling (DSC). The conditions for the use of this frequency and the band 156.4875-156.5625 MHz are contained in Articles **31** and **52**, and in Appendix **18**.

The frequency 156.8 MHz is the international distress, safety and calling frequency for the maritime mobile VHF radiotelephone service. The conditions for the use of this frequency and the band 156.7625-156.8375 MHz are contained in Article **31** and Appendix **18**.

In the bands 156-156.4875 MHz, 156.5625-156.7625 MHz, 156.8375-157.45 MHz, 160.6-160.975 MHz and 161.475-162.05 MHz, each administration shall give priority to the maritime mobile service on only such frequencies as are assigned to stations of the maritime mobile service by the administration (see Articles **31** and **52**, and Appendix **18**).

Any use of frequencies in these bands by stations of other services to which they are allocated should be avoided in areas where such use might cause harmful interference to the maritime mobile VHF radiocommunication service.

However, the frequencies 156.8 MHz and 156.525 MHz and the frequency bands in which priority is given to the maritime mobile service may be used for radiocommunications on inland waterways subject to agreement between interested and affected administrations and taking into account current frequency usage and existing agreements. (WRC-07)

5.227 *Additional allocation:* the bands 156.4875-156.5125 MHz and 156.5375-156.5625 MHz are also allocated to the fixed and land mobile services on a primary basis. The use of these bands by the fixed and land mobile services shall not cause harmful interference to nor claim protection from the maritime mobile VHF radiocommunication service. (WRC-07)

5.228 The use of the frequency bands 156.7625-156.7875 MHz and 156.8125-156.8375 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to the reception of automatic identification system (AIS) emissions of long-range AIS broadcast messages (Message 27, see the most recent version of Recommendation ITUR M.1371). With the exception of- AIS emissions, emissions in these frequency bands by systems operating in the maritime mobile service for communications shall not exceed 1 W. (WRC-12)

- 5.228A** The frequency bands 161.9625-161.9875 MHz and 162.0125-162.0375 MHz may be used by aircraft stations for the purpose of search and rescue operations and other safety-related communications. (WRC-12)
- 5.228B** The use of the frequency bands 161.9625-161.9875 MHz and 162.0125-162.0375 MHz by the fixed and land mobile services shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, the maritime mobile service. (WRC-12)
- 5.228F** The use of the frequency bands 161.9625-161.9875 MHz and 162.0125-162.0375 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to the reception of automatic identification system emissions from stations operating in the maritime mobile service. (WRC-12)
- 5.228AA** The use of the frequency bands 161.9375-161.9625 MHz and 161.9875-162.0125 MHz by the maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) service is limited to the systems which operate in accordance with Appendix 18. (WRC-15)
- 5.228AB** The use of the frequency bands 157.1875-157.3375 MHz and 161.7875-161.9375 MHz by the maritime mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to non-GSO satellite systems operating in accordance with Appendix 18. (WRC-19)
- 5.228AC** The use of the frequency bands 157.1875-157.3375 MHz and 161.7875-161.9375 MHz by the maritime mobile-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to non-GSO satellite systems operating in accordance with Appendix 18. Such use is subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21 with respect to the terrestrial services in Azerbaijan, Belarus, China, Korea (Rep. of), Cuba, the Russian Federation, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, South Africa and Viet Nam. (WRC-19)
- 5.247** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, the United Arab Emirates, Jordan, Oman, Qatar and Syrian Arab Republic, the band 223-235 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis.
- 5.254** The bands 235-322 MHz and 335.4-399.9 MHz may be used by the mobile-satellite service, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21, on condition that stations in this service do not cause harmful interference to those of other services operating or planned to be operated in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations except for the additional allocation made in footnote No. 5.256A. (WRC-03)
- 5.255** The bands 312-315 MHz (Earth-to-space) and 387-390 MHz (space-to-Earth) in the mobile-satellite service may also be used by non-geostationary-satellite systems. Such use is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A.
- 5.256** The frequency 243 MHz is the frequency in this band for use by survival craft stations and equipment used for survival purposes. (WRC-07)
- 5.257** The band 267-272 MHz may be used by administrations for space telemetry in their countries on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21.
- 5.258** The use of the band 328.6-335.4 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to Instrument Landing Systems (glide path).
- 5.260A** In the frequency band 399.9-400.05 MHz, the maximum e.i.r.p. of any emission of earth stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not exceed 5 dBW in any 4 kHz band and the maximum e.i.r.p. of each earth station in the mobile-satellite service shall not exceed 5 dBW in the whole 399.9-400.05 MHz frequency band. Until 22 November 2022, this limit shall not apply to satellite systems for which complete notification information has been received by the Radiocommunication Bureau by 22 November 2019 and that have been brought into use by that date. After 22 November 2022, these limits shall apply to all systems within the mobile-satellite service operating in this frequency band.
- In the frequency band 399.99-400.02 MHz, the e.i.r.p. limits as specified above shall apply after 22 November 2022 to all systems within the mobile-satellite service. Administrations are requested that their mobile-satellite service satellite links in the 399.99-400.02 MHz frequency band comply with the e.i.r.p. limits as specified above, after 22 November 2019. (WRC-19)
- 5.260B** In the frequency band 400.02-400.05 MHz, the provisions of No. 5.260A are not applicable for telecommand uplinks within the mobile-satellite service. (WRC-19)
- 5.261** Emissions shall be confined in a band of ± 25 kHz about the standard frequency 400.1 MHz.

- 5.262** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, **Bahrain**, Belarus, Botswana, Colombia, Cuba, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Ecuador, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Liberia, Malaysia, Moldova, Oman, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Singapore, Somalia, Tajikistan, Chad, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 400.05–401 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)
- 5.263** The band 400.15–401 MHz is also allocated to the space research service in the space-to-space direction for communications with manned space vehicles. In this application, the space research service will not be regarded as a safety service.
- 5.264** The use of the band 400.15–401 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. The power flux-density limit indicated in Annex 1 of Appendix **5** shall apply until such time as a competent world radiocommunication conference revises it.
- 5.264A** In the frequency band 401–403 MHz, the maximum e.i.r.p. of any emission of each earth station in the meteorological-satellite service and the Earth exploration-satellite service shall not exceed 22 dBW in any 4 kHz band for geostationary systems and non-geostationary systems with an orbit of apogee equal or greater than 35 786 km.
- The maximum e.i.r.p. of any emission of each earth station in the meteorological-satellite service and the Earth exploration-satellite service shall not exceed 7 dBW in any 4 kHz band for non-geostationary systems with an orbit of apogee lower than 35 786 km.
- The maximum e.i.r.p. of each earth station in the meteorological-satellite service and the Earth exploration-satellite service shall not exceed 22 dBW for geostationary systems and non-geostationary systems with an orbit of apogee equal or greater than 35 786 km in the whole 401–403 MHz frequency band. The maximum e.i.r.p. of each earth station in the meteorological-satellite service and the Earth exploration-satellite service shall not exceed 7 dBW for non-geostationary systems with an orbit of apogee lower than 35 786 km in the whole 401–403 MHz frequency band.
- Until 22 November 2029, these limits shall not apply to satellite systems for which complete notification information has been received by the Radiocommunication Bureau by 22 November 2019 and that have been brought into use by that date. After 22 November 2029, these limits shall apply to all systems within the meteorological-satellite service and the Earth exploration-satellite service operating in this frequency band. (WRC-19)
- 5.264B** Non-geostationary satellite systems in the meteorological-satellite service and the Earth exploration-satellite service for which complete notification information has been received by the Radiocommunication Bureau before 28 April 2007 are exempt from provisions of No. **5.264A** and may continue to operate in the frequency band 401.898–402.522 MHz on a primary basis without exceeding a maximum e.i.r.p. level of 12 dBW. (WRC-19)
- 5.265** In the frequency band 403–410 MHz, Resolution **205 (Rev.WRC-19)** applies. (WRC-19)
- 5.266** The use of the band 406–406.1 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is limited to low power satellite emergency position-indicating radiobeacons (see also Article **31**). (WRC-07)
- 5.267** Any emission capable of causing harmful interference to the authorized uses of the band 406–406.1 MHz is prohibited.
- 5.268** Use of the band 410–420 MHz by the space research service is limited to space-to-space communication links with an orbiting, manned space vehicle. The power flux-density at the surface of the Earth produced by emissions from transmitting stations of the space research service (space-to-space) in the frequency band 410–420 MHz shall not exceed $-153 \text{ dB(W/m}^2\text{)}$ for $0^\circ \leq \delta \leq 5^\circ$, $-153 + 0.077 (\delta - 5) \text{ dB(W/m}^2\text{)}$ for $5^\circ \leq \delta \leq 70^\circ$ and $-148 \text{ dB(W/m}^2\text{)}$ for $70^\circ \leq \delta \leq 90^\circ$, where δ is the angle of arrival of the radio-frequency wave and the reference bandwidth is 4 kHz. In this frequency band, stations of the space research service (space-to-space) shall not claim protection from, nor constrain the use and development of, stations of the fixed and mobile services. No. **4.10** does not apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.276** *Additional allocation:* in Afghanistan, Algeria, Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Ecuador, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Greece, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Libya, Malaysia, Niger,

Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, Switzerland, Thailand, Togo, Turkey and Yemen, the frequency band 430-440 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis and the frequency bands 430-435 MHz and 438-440 MHz are also allocated, except in Ecuador, to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

- 5.279A** The use of the frequency band 432-438 MHz by sensors in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) shall be in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R RS.1260-2. Additionally, the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) in the frequency band 432-438 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to the aeronautical radionavigation service in China. The provisions of this footnote in no way diminish the obligation of the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) to operate as a secondary service in accordance with Nos. **5.29** and **5.30**. (WRC-19)
- 5.282** In the bands 435-438 MHz, 1 260-1 270 MHz, 2 400-2 450 MHz, 3 400-3 410 MHz (in Regions 2 and 3 only) and 5 650-5 670 MHz, the amateur-satellite service may operate subject to not causing harmful interference to other services operating in accordance with the Table (see **No. 5.43**). Administrations authorizing such use shall ensure that any harmful interference caused by emissions from a station in the amateur-satellite service is immediately eliminated in accordance with the provisions of No. **25.11**. The use of the bands 1 260-1 270 MHz and 5 650-5 670 MHz by the amateur-satellite service is limited to the Earth-to-space direction.
- 5.286** The band 449.75-450.25 MHz may be used for the space operation service (Earth-to-space) and the space research service (Earth-to-space), subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.
- 5.286A** The use of the bands 454-456 MHz and 459-460 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. (WRC-97)
- 5.286AA** The frequency band 450-470 MHz is identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) - see Resolution **224 (Rev.WRC-19)**. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-19)
- 5.287** Use of the frequency bands 457.5125-457.5875 MHz and 467.5125-467.5875 MHz by the maritime mobile service is limited to on-board communication stations. The characteristics of the equipment and the channelling arrangement shall be in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R M.1174-4. The use of these frequency bands in territorial waters is subject to the national regulations of the administration concerned. (WRC-19)
- 5.289** Earth exploration-satellite service applications, other than the meteorological-satellite service, may also be used in the bands 460-470 MHz and 1 690-1 710 MHz for space-to-Earth transmissions subject to not causing harmful interference to stations operating in accordance with the Table.
- 5.294** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Cameroon, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Ethiopia, Israel, Libya, the Syrian Arab Republic, Chad and Yemen, the band 470-582 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a secondary basis. (WRC-12)
- 5.296** *Additional allocation:* in Albania, Germany, Angola, Saudi Arabia, Austria, **Bahrain**, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Vatican, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Denmark, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Spain, Estonia, Eswatini, Finland, France, Gabon, Georgia, Ghana, Hungary, Iraq, Ireland, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lesotho, Latvia, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, North Macedonia, Malawi, Mali, Malta, Morocco, Mauritius, Mauritania, Moldova, Monaco, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Uganda, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Slovakia, the Czech Republic, Romania, the United Kingdom, Rwanda, San Marino, Serbia, Sudan, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 470-694 MHz is also allocated on a secondary basis to the land mobile service, intended for applications ancillary to broadcasting and programme-making. Stations of the land mobile service in the countries listed in this footnote shall not cause harmful interference to existing or planned stations operating in accordance with the Table in countries other than those listed in this footnote. (WRC-19)

- 5.300** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Cameroon, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Israel, Jordan, Libya, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, and Sudan, the band 582-790 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.312A** In Region 1, the use of the band 694-790 MHz by the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service is subject to the provisions of Resolution **760 (Rev.WRC-19)**. See also Resolution **224 (Rev.WRC-19)**. (WRC-19)
- 5.316B** In Region 1, the allocation to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service in the frequency band 790-862 MHz is subject to agreement obtained under No. **5.312** with respect to the aeronautical radionavigation service in countries mentioned in No. **5.312**. For countries party to the GE06 Agreement, the use of stations of the mobile service is also subject to the successful application of the procedures of that Agreement. Resolutions **224 (Rev.WRC-19)** and **749 (Rev.WRC-19)** shall apply, as appropriate. (WRC-19)
- 5.317A** The parts of the frequency band 698-960 MHz in Region 2 and the frequency bands 694-790 MHz in Region 1 and 790-960 MHz in Regions 1 and 3 which are allocated to the mobile service on a primary basis are identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) – see Resolutions **224 (Rev.WRC-19)**, **760 (Rev.WRC-19)** and **749 (Rev.WRC-19)**, where applicable. This identification does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by any application of the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-19)
- 5.327A** The use of the frequency band 960-1 164 MHz by the aeronautical mobile (R) service is limited to systems that operate in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **417 (Rev.WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)
- 5.328** The use of the band 960-1 215 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is reserved on a worldwide basis for the operation and development of airborne electronic aids to air navigation and any directly associated ground-based facilities. (WRC-2000)
- 5.328A** Stations in the radionavigation-satellite service in the band 1 164-1 215 MHz shall operate in accordance with the provisions of Resolution **609 (Rev.WRC-07)** and shall not claim protection from stations in the aeronautical radionavigation service in the band 960-1 215 MHz. **No. 5.43A** does not apply. The provisions of No. **21.18** shall apply. (WRC-07)
- 5.328AA** The frequency band 1 087.7-1 092.3 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service (Earth-to-space) on a primary basis, limited to the space station reception of Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Broadcast (ADS-B) emissions from aircraft transmitters that operate in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards. Stations operating in the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service shall not claim protection from stations operating in the aeronautical radionavigation service. Resolution **425 (Rev.WRC-19)** shall apply. (WRC-19)
- 5.328B** The use of the bands 1 164-1 300 MHz, 1 559-1 610 MHz and 5 010-5 030 MHz by systems and networks in the radionavigation-satellite service for which complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, is received by the Radiocommunication Bureau after 1 January 2005 is subject to the application of the provisions of Nos. **9.12**, **9.12A** and **9.13**. Resolution **610 (WRC-03)** shall also apply; however, in the case of radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-space) networks and systems, Resolution **610 (WRC-03)** shall only apply to transmitting space stations. In accordance with No. **5.329A**, for systems and networks in the radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-space) in the bands 1 215-1 300 MHz and 1 559-1 610 MHz, the provisions of Nos. **9.7**, **9.12**, **9.12A** and **9.13** shall only apply with respect to other systems and networks in the radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-space). (WRC-07)
- 5.329** Use of the radionavigation-satellite service in the band 1 215-1 300 MHz shall be subject to the condition that no harmful interference is caused to, and no protection is claimed from, the radionavigation service authorized under No. **5.331**. Furthermore, the use of the radionavigation-satellite service in the band 1 215-1 300 MHz shall be subject to the condition that no harmful interference is caused to the radiolocation service. **No. 5.43** shall not apply in respect of the radiolocation service. Resolution **608 (Rev.WRC-19)** shall apply. (WRC-19)
- 5.329A** Use of systems in the radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-space) operating in the bands 1 215-1 300 MHz and 1 559-1 610 MHz is not intended to provide safety service applications, and shall not impose any additional constraints on radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-Earth) systems or on other services operating in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations. (WRC-07)
- 5.330** *Additional allocation:* in Angola, Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Bangladesh, Cameroon, China, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Nepal, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Somalia,

Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the band 1 215-1 300 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

- 5.331** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Germany, Saudi Arabia, Australia, Austria, **Bahrain**, Belarus, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, China, Korea (Rep. of), Croatia, Denmark, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Estonia, the Russian Federation, Finland, France, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Equatorial Guinea, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lesotho, Latvia, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, North Macedonia, Madagascar, Mali, Mauritania, Montenegro, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, the Kingdom of the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Slovakia, the United Kingdom, Serbia, Slovenia, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Sri Lanka, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Togo, Turkey, Venezuela and Viet Nam, the frequency band 1 215-1 300 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. In Canada and the United States, the frequency band 1 240-1 300 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service, and use of the radionavigation service shall be limited to the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-19)
- 5.332** In the band 1 215-1 260 MHz, active spaceborne sensors in the Earth exploration-satellite and space research services shall not cause harmful interference to, claim protection from, or otherwise impose constraints on operation or development of the radiolocation service, the radionavigation-satellite service and other services allocated on a primary basis. (WRC-2000)
- 5.335A** In the band 1 260-1 300 MHz, active spaceborne sensors in the Earth exploration-satellite and space research services shall not cause harmful interference to, claim protection from, or otherwise impose constraints on operation or development of the radiolocation service and other services allocated by footnotes on a primary basis. (WRC-2000)
- 5.337** The use of the bands 1 300-1 350 MHz, 2 700-2 900 MHz and 9 000-9 200 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is restricted to ground-based radars and to associated airborne transponders which transmit only on frequencies in these bands and only when actuated by radars operating in the same band.
- 5.337A** The use of the band 1 300-1 350 MHz by earth stations in the radionavigation-satellite service and by stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor constrain the operation and development of, the aeronautical-radionavigation service. (WRC-2000)
- 5.338A** In the frequency bands 1 350-1 400 MHz, 1 427-1 452 MHz, 22.55-23.55 GHz, 24.25-27.5 GHz, 30-31.3 GHz, 49.7-50.2 GHz, 50.4-50.9 GHz, 51.4-52.6 GHz, 81-86 GHz and 92-94 GHz, Resolution **750 (Rev.WRC-19)** applies. (WRC-19)
- 5.339** The bands 1 370-1 400 MHz, 2 640-2 655 MHz, 4 950-4 990 MHz and 15.20-15.35 GHz are also allocated to the space research (passive) and Earth exploration-satellite (passive) services on a secondary basis.
- 5.340** All emissions are prohibited in the following bands:
- | | |
|------------------------------|---|
| 1 400-1 427 MHz, | |
| 2 690-2 700 MHz, | except those provided for by No. 5.422 , |
| 10.68-10.7 GHz, | except those provided for by No. 5.483 , |
| 15.35-15.4 GHz, | except those provided for by No. 5.511 , |
| 23.6-24 GHz, | |
| 31.3-31.5 GHz, | |
| 31.5-31.8 GHz, | in Region 2, |
| 48.94-49.04 GHz, | from airborne stations |
| 50.2-50.4 GHz ⁴ , | |
| 52.6-54.25 GHz, | |
| 86-92 GHz, | |
| 100-102 GHz, | |
| 109.5-111.8 GHz, | |
| 114.25-116 GHz, | |
| 148.5-151.5 GHz, | |

⁴ 5.340.1 The allocation to the Earth exploration-satellite service (passive) and the space research service (passive) in the band 50.2-50.4 GHz should not impose undue constraints on the use of the adjacent bands by the primary allocated services in those bands. (WRC-97)

164-167 GHz,
182-185 GHz,
190-191.8 GHz,
200-209 GHz,
226-231.5 GHz,
250-252 GHz. (WRC-03)

- 5.341** In the bands 1 400-1 727 MHz, 101-120 GHz and 197-220 GHz, passive research is being conducted by some countries in a programme for the search for intentional emissions of extraterrestrial origin.
- 5.341A** In Region 1, the frequency bands 1 427-1 452 MHz and 1 492-1 518 MHz are identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) in accordance with Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-15)**. This identification does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by any other application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. The use of IMT stations is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** with respect to the aeronautical mobile service used for aeronautical telemetry in accordance with No. **5.342**. (WRC-15)
- 5.345** Use of the frequency band 1 452-1 492 MHz by the broadcasting-satellite service, and by the broadcasting service, is limited to digital audio broadcasting and is subject to the provisions of Resolution **528 (Rev.WRC-19)**. (WRC-19)
- 5.346** In Algeria, Angola, Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Eswatini, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lesotho, Lebanon, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Morocco, Mauritius, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Palestine ⁵, Qatar, Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Rwanda, Senegal, Seychelles, Sudan, South Sudan, South Africa, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tunisia, Zambia, and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 1 452-1 492 MHz is identified for use by administrations listed above wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) in accordance with Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-15)**. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any other application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. The use of this frequency band for the implementation of IMT is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** with respect to the aeronautical mobile service used for aeronautical telemetry in accordance with No. **5.342**. See also Resolution **761 (WRC-19)**. (WRC-19)
- 5.348** The use of the band 1 518-1 525 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. In the band 1 518-1 525 MHz stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from the stations in the fixed service. **No. 5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-03)
- 5.348A** In the band 1 518-1 525 MHz, the coordination threshold in terms of the power flux-density levels at the surface of the Earth in application of No. **9.11A** for space stations in the mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) service, with respect to the land mobile service use for specialized mobile radios or used in conjunction with public switched telecommunication networks (PSTN) operating within the territory of Japan, shall be – 150 dB(W/m²) in any 4 kHz band for all angles of arrival, instead of those given in Table 5-2 of Appendix 5. In the band 1 518-1 525 MHz stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from stations in the mobile service in the territory of Japan. **No. 5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-03)
- 5.348B** In the band 1 518-1 525 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from aeronautical mobile telemetry stations in the mobile service in the territory of the United States (see Nos. **5.343** and **5.344**) and in the countries listed in No. **5.342**. No. **No. 5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-03)
- 5.349** *Different category of service:* in Saudi Arabia, Azerbaijan, **Bahrain**, Cameroon, Egypt, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, North Macedonia, Morocco, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Turkmenistan and Yemen, the allocation of the frequency band 1 525-1 530 MHz to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service is on a primary basis (see **No. 5.33**). (WRC-19)

⁵ The use by Palestine of the allocation to the mobile service in the frequency band 1 452- 1 492 MHz identified for IMT is noted, pursuant to Resolution 99 (Rev. Busan, 2014) and taking into account the Israeli-Palestinian Interim Agreement of 28 September 1995.

- 5.351** The bands 1 525-1 544 MHz, 1 545-1 559 MHz, 1 626.5-1 645.5 MHz and 1 646.5-1 660.5 MHz shall not be used for feeder links of any service. In exceptional circumstances, however, an earth station at a specified fixed point in any of the mobile-satellite services may be authorized by an administration to communicate via space stations using these bands.
- 5.351A** For the use of the bands 1 518-1 544 MHz, 1 545-1 559 MHz, 1 610-1 645.5 MHz, 1 646.5-1 660.5 MHz, 1 668-1 675 MHz, 1 980-2 010 MHz, 2 170-2 200 MHz, 2 483.5-2 520 MHz and 2 670-2 690 MHz by the mobile-satellite service, see Resolutions **212 (Rev.WRC-07)**⁶ and **225 (Rev.WRC-07)**⁷. (WRC-07)
- 5.352A** In the frequency band 1 525-1 530 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service, except stations in the maritime mobile-satellite service, shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the fixed service in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Egypt, Guinea, India, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kuwait, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Viet Nam and Yemen notified prior to 1 April 1998. (WRC-19)
- 5.353A** In applying the procedures of Section II of Article 9 to the mobile-satellite service in the bands 1 530-1 544 MHz and 1 626.5-1 645.5 MHz, priority shall be given to accommodating the spectrum requirements for distress, urgency and safety communications of the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS). Maritime mobile-satellite distress, urgency and safety communications shall have priority access and immediate availability over all other mobile satellite communications operating within a network. Mobile-satellite systems shall not cause unacceptable interference to, or claim protection from, distress, urgency and safety communications of the GMDSS. Account shall be taken of the priority of safety-related communications in the other mobile-satellite services. (The provisions of Resolution **222 (WRC-2000)**⁸ shall apply.) (WRC-2000)
- 5.354** The use of the bands 1 525-1 559 MHz and 1 626.5-1 660.5 MHz by the mobile-satellite services is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**.
- 5.355** *Additional allocation:* in **Bahrain**, Bangladesh, Congo (Rep. of the), Djibouti, Egypt, Eritrea, Iraq, Israel, Kuwait, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the bands 1 540-1 559 MHz, 1 610-1 645.5 MHz and 1 646.5-1 660 MHz are also allocated to the fixed service on a secondary basis. (WRC-12)
- 5.356** The use of the band 1 544-1 545 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to distress and safety communications (see Article **31**).
- 5.357A** In applying the procedures of Section II of Article 9 to the mobile-satellite service in the frequency bands 1 545-1 555 MHz and 1 646.5-1 656.5 MHz, priority shall be given to accommodating the spectrum requirements of the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service providing transmission of messages with priority 1 to 6 in Article **44**. Aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service communications with priority 1 to 6 in Article **44** shall have priority access and immediate availability, by pre-emption if necessary, over all other mobile-satellite communications operating within a network. Mobile-satellite systems shall not cause unacceptable interference to, or claim protection from, aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service communications with priority 1 to 6 in Article **44**. Account shall be taken of the priority of safety-related communications in the other mobile-satellite services. (The provisions of Resolution **222 (Rev.WRC-12)** shall apply.) (WRC-12)
- 5.359** *Additional allocation:* in Germany, Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Cameroon, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lithuania, Mauritania, Uganda, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Poland, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Romania, Tajikistan, Tunisia, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the frequency bands 1 550-1 559 MHz, 1 610-1 645.5 MHz and 1 646.5-1 660 MHz are also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. Administrations are urged to make all practicable efforts to avoid the implementation of new fixed-service stations in these frequency bands. (WRC-19)
- 5.364** The use of the band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) and by the radiodetermination-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. A mobile

⁶ Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-15.

⁷ Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

⁸ Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-07 and WRC-12.

earth station operating in either of the services in this band shall not produce a peak e.i.r.p. density in excess of $-15 \text{ dB}(-\text{W}/4 \text{ kHz})$ in the part of the band used by systems operating in accordance with the provisions of No. **5.366** (to which No. **4.10** applies), unless otherwise agreed by the affected administrations. In the part of the band where such systems are not operating, the mean e.i.r.p. density of a mobile earth station shall not exceed $-3 \text{ dB}(\text{W}/4 \text{ kHz})$. Stations of the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from stations in the aeronautical radionavigation service, stations operating in accordance with the provisions of No. **5.366** and stations in the fixed service operating in accordance with the provisions of No. **5.359**. Administrations responsible for the coordination of mobile-satellite networks shall make all practicable efforts to ensure protection of stations operating in accordance with the provisions of No. **5.366**.

- 5.365** The use of the band 1 613.8-1 626.5 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**.
- 5.366** The band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz is reserved on a worldwide basis for the use and development of airborne electronic aids to air navigation and any directly associated ground-based or satellite-borne facilities. Such satellite use is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.
- 5.367** *Additional allocation:* The frequency band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. (WRC-12)
- 5.368** The provisions of No. **4.10** do not apply with respect to the radiodetermination-satellite and mobile-satellite services in the frequency band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz. However, No. **4.10** applies in the frequency band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz with respect to the aeronautical radionavigation-satellite service when operating in accordance with No. **5.366**, the aeronautical mobile satellite (R) service when operating in accordance with No. **5.367**, and in the frequency band 1 621.35-1 626.5 MHz with respect to the maritime mobile-satellite service when used for GMDSS. (WRC-19)
- 5.371** *Additional allocation:* in Region 1, the band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz (Earth-to-space) is also allocated to the radiodetermination-satellite service on a secondary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. (WRC-12)
- 5.372** Harmful interference shall not be caused to stations of the radio astronomy service using the frequency band 1 610.6-1 613.8 MHz by stations of the radiodetermination-satellite and mobile-satellite services (No. **29.13** applies). The equivalent power flux-density (epfd) produced in the frequency band 1 610.6-1 613.8 MHz by all space stations of a non-geostationary-satellite system in the mobile-satellite service (space-to-Earth) operating in frequency band 1 613.8-1 626.5 MHz shall be in compliance with the protection criteria provided in Recommendations ITU-R RA.769-2 and ITU-R RA.1513-2, using the methodology given in Recommendation ITU-R M.1583-1, and the radio astronomy antenna pattern described in Recommendation ITU-R RA.1631-0. (WRC-19)
- 5.373** Maritime mobile earth stations receiving in the frequency band 1 621.35-1 626.5 MHz shall not impose additional constraints on earth stations operating in the maritime mobile-satellite service or maritime earth stations of the radiodetermination-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations in the frequency band 1 610-1 621.35 MHz or on earth stations operating in the maritime mobile-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations in the frequency band 1 626.5-1 660.5 MHz, unless otherwise agreed between the notifying administrations. (WRC-19)
- 5.373A** Maritime mobile earth stations receiving in the frequency band 1 621.35-1 626.5 MHz shall not impose constraints on the assignments of earth stations of the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) and the radiodetermination-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the frequency band 1 621.35-1 626.5 MHz in networks for which complete coordination information has been received by the Radiocommunication Bureau before 28 October 2019. (WRC-19)
- 5.374** Mobile earth stations in the mobile-satellite service operating in the bands 1 631.5-1 634.5 MHz and 1 656.5-1 660 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to stations in the fixed service operating in the countries listed in No. **5.359**. (WRC-97)
- 5.375** The use of the band 1 645.5-1 646.5 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) and for inter-satellite links is limited to distress and safety communications (see Article **31**).
- 5.376** Transmissions in the band 1 646.5-1 656.5 MHz from aircraft stations in the aeronautical mobile (R) service directly to terrestrial aeronautical stations, or between aircraft stations, are also authorized when such transmissions are used to extend or supplement the aircraft-to-satellite links.

- 5.376A** Mobile earth stations operating in the band 1 660-1 660.5 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to stations in the radio astronomy service. (WRC-97)
- 5.379A** Administrations are urged to give all practicable protection in the band 1 660.5-1 668.4 MHz for future research in radio astronomy, particularly by eliminating air-to-ground transmissions in the meteorological aids service in the band 1 664.4-1 668.4 MHz as soon as practicable.
- 5.379B** The use of the band 1 668-1 675 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. In the band 1 668-1 668.4 MHz, Resolution **904 (WRC-07)** shall apply. (WRC-07)
- 5.379C** In order to protect the radio astronomy service in the band 1 668-1 670 MHz, the aggregate power flux-density values produced by mobile earth stations in a network of the mobile-satellite service operating in this band shall not exceed $-181 \text{ dB(W/m}^2\text{)}$ in 10 MHz and $-194 \text{ dB(W/m}^2\text{)}$ in any 20 kHz at any radio astronomy station recorded in the Master International Frequency Register, for more than 2% of integration periods of 2 000 s. (WRC-03)
- 5.379D** For sharing of the band 1 668.4-1 675 MHz between the mobile-satellite service and the fixed and mobile services, Resolution **744 (Rev.WRC-07)** shall apply. (WRC-07)
- 5.379E** In the band 1 668.4-1 675 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not cause harmful interference to stations in the meteorological aids service in China, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Japan and Uzbekistan. In the band 1 668.4-1 675 MHz, administrations are urged not to implement new systems in the meteorological aids service and are encouraged to migrate existing meteorological aids service operations to other bands as soon as practicable. (WRC-03)
- 5.380A** In the band 1 670-1 675 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor constrain the development of, existing earth stations in the meteorological-satellite service notified before 1 January 2004. Any new assignment to these earth stations in this band shall also be protected from harmful interference from stations in the mobile-satellite service. (WRC-07)
- 5.382** *Different category of service:* in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, **Bahrain**, Belarus, Congo (Rep. of the), Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, the Russian Federation, Guinea, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, North Macedonia, Mauritania, Moldova, Mongolia, Oman, Uzbekistan, Poland, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Somalia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Yemen, the allocation of the frequency band 1 690-1 700 MHz to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services is on a primary basis (see No. 5.33), and in the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, the allocation of the frequency band 1 690-1 700 MHz to the fixed service is on a primary basis (see No. 5.33) and to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a secondary basis. (WRC-19)
- 5.384A** The frequency bands 1 710-1 885 MHz, 2 300-2 400 MHz or 2 500-2 690 MHz, and portions thereof, are identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) in accordance with Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-15)**. This identification does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by any application of the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-15)
- 5.385** *Additional allocation:* the band 1 718.8-1 722.2 MHz is also allocated to the radio astronomy service on a secondary basis for spectral line observations. (WRC-2000)
- 5.388** The frequency bands 1 885-2 025 MHz and 2 110-2 200 MHz are intended for use, on a worldwide basis, by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). Such use does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by other services to which they are allocated. The frequency bands should be made available for IMT in accordance with Resolution **212 (Rev.WRC-15)** (see also Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-15)**). (WRC-15)
- 5.388A** In Regions 1 and 3, the bands 1 885-1 980 MHz, 2 010-2 025 MHz and 2 110-2 170 MHz and, in Region 2, the bands 1 885-1 980 MHz and 2 110-2 160 MHz may be used by high altitude platform stations as base stations to provide International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT), in accordance with Resolution **221 (Rev.WRC-07)**. Their use by IMT applications using high altitude platform stations as base stations does not preclude the use of these bands by any station in the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-12)

- 5.388B** In Algeria, Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Benin, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Comoros, Côte d'Ivoire, China, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Senegal, Singapore, Sudan, South Sudan, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tunisia, Yemen, Zambia and Zimbabwe, for the purpose of protecting fixed and mobile services, including IMT mobile stations, in their territories from co-channel interference, a high altitude platform station (HAPS) operating as an IMT base station in neighbouring countries, in the frequency bands referred to in No. **5.388A**, shall not exceed a co-channel power flux-density of $-127 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz))}$ at the Earth's surface outside a country's borders unless explicit agreement of the affected administration is provided at the time of the notification of HAPS. (WRC-19)
- 5.389A** The use of the bands 1 980-2 010 MHz and 2 170-2 200 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A** and to the provisions of Resolution **716 (Rev.WRC--2000)**⁹. (WRC-07)
- 5.389E** The use of the bands 2 010-2 025 MHz and 2 160-2 170 MHz by the mobile-satellite service in Region 2 shall not cause harmful interference to or constrain the development of the fixed and mobile services in Regions 1 and 3.
- 5.391** In making assignments to the mobile service in the frequency bands 2 025-2 110 MHz and 2 200-2 290 MHz, administrations shall not introduce high-density mobile systems, as described in Recommendation ITU-R SA.1154-0, and shall take that Recommendation into account for the introduction of any other type of mobile system. (WRC-15)
- 5.392** Administrations are urged to take all practicable measures to ensure that space-to-space transmissions between two or more non-geostationary satellites, in the space research, space operations and Earth exploration-satellite services in the bands 2 025-2 110 MHz and 2 200-2 290 MHz, shall not impose any constraints on Earth-to-space, space-to-Earth and other space-to-space transmissions of those services and in those bands between geostationary and non-geostationary satellites.
- 5.398** In respect of the radiodetermination-satellite service in the band 2 483.5-2 500 MHz, the provisions of No. **4.10** do not apply.
- 5.402** The use of the band 2 483.5-2 500 MHz by the mobile-satellite and the radiodetermination-satellite services is subject to the coordination under No. **9.11A**. Administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to prevent harmful interference to the radio astronomy service from emissions in the 2 483.5-2 500 MHz band, especially those caused by second-harmonic radiation that would fall into the 4 990-5 000 MHz band allocated to the radio astronomy service worldwide.
- 5.410** The band 2 500-2 690 MHz may be used for tropospheric scatter systems in Region 1, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. No. **9.21** does not apply to tropospheric scatter links situated entirely outside Region 1. Administrations shall make all practicable efforts to avoid developing new tropospheric scatter systems in this band. When planning new tropospheric scatter radio-relay links in this band, all possible measures shall be taken to avoid directing the antennas of these links towards the geostationary-satellite orbit. (WRC-12)
- 5.413** In the design of systems in the broadcasting-satellite service in the bands between 2 500 MHz and 2 690 MHz, administrations are urged to take all necessary steps to protect the radio astronomy service in the band 2 690-2 700 MHz.
- 5.416** The use of the band 2 520-2 670 MHz by the broadcasting-satellite service is limited to national and regional systems for community reception, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. The provisions of No. **9.19** shall be applied by administrations in this band in their bilateral and multilateral negotiations. (WRC-07)
- 5.418** Additional allocation: in India, the frequency band 2 535-2 655 MHz is also allocated to the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) and complementary terrestrial broadcasting service on a primary basis. Such use is limited to digital audio broadcasting and is subject to the provisions of Resolution **528 (Rev.WRC-19)**. The provisions of No. **5.416** and Table **21-4** of Article **21** do not apply to this additional allocation. Use of non-geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) is subject to Resolution **539 (Rev.WRC-19)**. Geostationary broadcasting-satellite service (sound) systems for which complete Appendix

⁹ Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

4 coordination information has been received after 1 June 2005 are limited to systems intended for national coverage. The power flux-density at the Earth's surface produced by emissions from a geostationary broadcasting-satellite service (sound) space station operating in the frequency band 2 630-2 655 MHz, and for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information has been received after 1 June 2005, shall not exceed the following limits, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation:

$$\begin{aligned} -130 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz))} & \quad \text{for } 0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 5^\circ \\ -130 + 0.4 (\theta - 5) \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz))} & \quad \text{for } 5^\circ < \theta \leq 25^\circ \\ -122 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz))} & \quad \text{for } 25^\circ < \theta \leq 90^\circ \end{aligned}$$

where θ is the angle of arrival of the incident wave above the horizontal plane, in degrees. These limits may be exceeded on the territory of any country whose administration has so agreed. As an exception to the limits above, the pfd value of $-122 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz))}$ shall be used as a threshold for coordination under No. 9.11 in an area of 1 500 km around the territory of the administration notifying the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) system.

In addition, an administration listed in this provision shall not have simultaneously two overlapping frequency assignments, one under this provision and the other under No. 5.416 for systems for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information has been received after 1 June 2005. (WRC-19)

- 5.418B** Use of the band 2 630-2 655 MHz by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound), pursuant to No. 5.418, for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information, or notification information, has been received after 2 June 2000, is subject to the application of the provisions of No. 9.12. (WRC-03)
- 5.418C** Use of the band 2 630-2 655 MHz by geostationary-satellite networks for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information, or notification information, has been received after 2 June 2000 is subject to the application of the provisions of No. 9.13 with respect to non-geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound), pursuant to No. 5.418 and No. 22.2 does not apply. (WRC-03)
- 5.422** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, **Bahrain**, Belarus, Brunei Darussalam, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Georgia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Mauritania, Mongolia, Montenegro, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Romania, Somalia, Tajikistan, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Yemen, the band 2 690-2 700 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. Such use is limited to equipment in operation by 1 January 1985. (WRC-12)
- 5.423** In the band 2 700-2 900 MHz, ground-based radars used for meteorological purposes are authorized to operate on a basis of equality with stations of the aeronautical radionavigation service.
- 5.424A** In the band 2 900-3 100 MHz, stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radar systems in the radionavigation service. (WRC-03)
- 5.425** In the band 2 900-3 100 MHz, the use of the shipborne interrogator-transponder (SIT) system shall be confined to the sub-band 2 930 -2 950 MHz.
- 5.426** The use of the band 2 900-3 100 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to ground-based radars.
- 5.427** In the bands 2 900-3 100 MHz and 9 300-9 500 MHz, the response from radar transponders shall not be capable of being confused with the response from radar beacons (racons) and shall not cause interference to ship or aeronautical radars in the radionavigation service, having regard, however, to No. 4.9.
- 5.429** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Bangladesh, Benin, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, New Zealand, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Sudan and Yemen, the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. New Zealand and the countries bordering the Mediterranean shall not claim protection for their fixed and mobile services from the radiolocation service. (WRC-19)

- 5.429A** *Additional allocation:* in Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Djibouti, Eswatini, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Lesotho, Liberia, Malawi, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Sudan, South Sudan, South Africa, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is allocated to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a primary basis. Stations in the mobile service operating in the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the radiolocation service. (WRC-19)
- 5.429B** In the following countries of Region 1 south of 30° parallel north: Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Eswatini, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Malawi, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Uganda, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Rwanda, Sudan, South Sudan, South Africa, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is identified for the implementation of International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). The use of this frequency band shall be in accordance with Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-15)**. The use of the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz by IMT stations in the mobile service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, systems in the radiolocation service, and administrations wishing to implement IMT shall obtain the agreement of neighbouring countries to protect operations within the radiolocation service. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-19)
- 5.430A** The allocation of the frequency band 3 400-3 600 MHz to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. This frequency band is identified for International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. The provisions of Nos. **9.17** and **9.18** shall also apply in the coordination phase. Before an administration brings into use a (base or mobile) station of the mobile service in this frequency band, it shall ensure that the power flux-density (pfd) produced at 3 m above ground does not exceed $-154.5 \text{ dB(W)/(m}^2 \cdot 4 \text{ kHz)}$ for more than 20% of time at the border of the territory of any other administration. This limit may be exceeded on the territory of any country whose administration has so agreed. In order to ensure that the pfd limit at the border of the territory of any other administration is met, the calculations and verification shall be made, taking into account all relevant information, with the mutual agreement of both administrations (the administration responsible for the terrestrial station and the administration responsible for the earth station) and with the assistance of the Bureau if so requested. In case of disagreement, calculation and verification of the pfd shall be made by the Bureau, taking into account the information referred to above. Stations of the mobile service in the frequency band 3 400-3 600 MHz shall not claim more protection from space stations than that provided in Table **21-4** of the Radio Regulations (Edition of 2004). (WRC-15)
- 5.436** Use of the frequency band 4 200-4 400 MHz by stations in the aeronautical mobile (R) service is reserved exclusively for wireless avionics intra-communication systems that operate in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **424 (WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)
- 5.437** Passive sensing in the Earth exploration-satellite and space research services may be authorized in the frequency band 4 200-4 400 MHz on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.438** Use of the frequency band 4 200-4 400 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is reserved exclusively for radio altimeters installed on board aircraft and for the associated transponders on the ground. (WRC-15)
- 5.440** The standard frequency and time signal-satellite service may be authorized to use the frequency 4 202 MHz for space-to-Earth transmissions and the frequency 6 427 MHz for Earth-to-space transmissions. Such transmissions shall be confined within the limits of $\pm 2 \text{ MHz}$ of these frequencies, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.
- 5.441** The use of the bands 4 500-4 800 MHz (space-to-Earth), 6 725-7 025 MHz (Earth-to-space) by the fixed-satellite service shall be in accordance with the provisions of Appendix **30B**. The use of the bands 10.7-10.95 GHz (space-to-Earth), 11.2-11.45 GHz (space-to-Earth) and 12.75-13.25 GHz (Earth-to-space) by geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall be in accordance with the provisions of Appendix **30B**. The use of the bands 10.7-10.95 GHz (space-to-Earth), 11.2-11.45 GHz (space-to-Earth) and 12.75-13.25 GHz (Earth-to-space) by a non-geostationary-satellite system in the fixed-satellite service is subject to application of the provisions of No. **9.12** for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall

not claim protection from geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations, irrespective of the dates of receipt by the Bureau of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service and of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the geostationary-satellite networks, and **No. 5.43A** does not apply. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in the above bands shall be operated in such a way that any unacceptable interference that may occur during their operation shall be rapidly eliminated. (WRC-2000)

5.443AA In the frequency bands 5 000-5 030 MHz and 5 091-5 150 MHz, the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service is subject to agreement obtained under **No. 9.21**. The use of these bands by the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service is limited to internationally standardized aeronautical systems. (WRC-12)

5.443B In order not to cause harmful interference to the microwave landing system operating above 5 030 MHz, the aggregate power flux-density produced at the Earth's surface in the frequency band 5 030-5 150 MHz by all the space stations within any radionavigation-satellite service system (space-to-Earth) operating in the frequency band 5 010-5 030 MHz shall not exceed $-124.5 \text{ dB(W/m}^2\text{)}$ in a 150 kHz band. In order not to cause harmful interference to the radio astronomy service in the frequency band 4 990-5 000 MHz, radionavigation-satellite service systems operating in the frequency band 5 010-5 030 MHz shall comply with the limits in the frequency band 4 990-5 000 MHz defined in Resolution **741 (Rev.WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)

5.443C The use of the frequency band 5 030-5 091 MHz by the aeronautical mobile (R) service is limited to internationally standardized aeronautical systems. Unwanted emissions from the aeronautical mobile (R) service in the frequency band 5 030-5 091 MHz shall be limited to protect RNSS system downlinks in the adjacent 5 010-5 030 MHz band. Until such time that an appropriate value is established in a relevant ITU-R Recommendation, the e.i.r.p. density limit of -75 dBW/MHz in the frequency band 5 010-5 030 MHz for any AM(R)S station unwanted emission should be used. (WRC-12)

5.443D In the frequency band 5 030-5 091 MHz, the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service is subject to coordination under **No. 9.11A**. The use of this frequency band by the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service is limited to internationally standardized aeronautical systems. (WRC-12)

5.444 The frequency band 5 030-5 150 MHz is to be used for the operation of the international standard system (microwave landing system) for precision approach and landing. In the frequency band 5 030-5 091 MHz, the requirements of this system shall have priority over other uses of this frequency band. For the use of the frequency band 5 091-5 150 MHz, **No. 5.444A** and Resolution **114 (Rev.WRC-15)** apply. (WRC-15)

5.444A The use of the allocation to the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the frequency band 5 091-5 150 MHz is limited to feeder links of non-geostationary satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service and is subject to coordination under **No. 9.11A**. The use of the frequency band 5 091-5 150 MHz by feeder links of non-geostationary satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service shall be subject to application of Resolution **114 (Rev.WRC-15)**. Moreover, to ensure that the aeronautical radionavigation service is protected from harmful interference, coordination is required for feeder-link earth stations of the non-geostationary satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service which are separated by less than 450 km from the territory of an administration operating ground stations in the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-15)

5.444B The use of the frequency band 5 091-5 150 MHz by the aeronautical mobile service is limited to:

- systems operating in the aeronautical mobile (R) service and in accordance with international aeronautical standards, limited to surface applications at airports. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **748 (Rev.WRC-19)**;
- aeronautical telemetry transmissions from aircraft stations (see **No. 1.83**) in accordance with Resolution **418 (Rev.WRC-19)**. (WRC-19)

5.446A The use of the bands 5 150-5 350 MHz and 5 470-5 725 MHz by the stations in the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service shall be in accordance with Resolution **229 (Rev.WRC-19)**. (WRC-19)

5.446B In the band 5 150-5 250 MHz, stations in the mobile service shall not claim protection from earth stations in the fixed-satellite service. **No. 5.43A** does not apply to the mobile service with respect to fixed-satellite service earth stations. (WRC-03)

- 5.446C** *Additional allocation:* in Region 1 (except in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Iraq, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, South Sudan and Tunisia), the frequency band 5 150-5 250 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile service on a primary basis, limited to aeronautical telemetry transmissions from aircraft stations (see No. **1.83**), in accordance with Resolution **418 (Rev.WRC-19)**. These stations shall not claim protection from other stations operating in accordance with Article 5. **No. 5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-19)
- 5.447A** The allocation to the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the band 5 150-5 250 MHz is limited to feeder links of non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service and is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**.
- 5.447B** *Additional allocation:* the band 5 150-5 216 MHz is also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis. This allocation is limited to feeder links of non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service and is subject to provisions of No. **9.11A**. The power flux-density at the Earth's surface produced by space stations of the fixed-satellite service operating in the space-to-Earth direction in the band 5 150-5 216 MHz shall in no case exceed $-164 \text{ dB(W/m}^2\text{)}$ in any 4 kHz band for all angles of arrival.
- 5.447C** Administrations responsible for fixed-satellite service networks in the band 5 150-5 250 MHz operated under Nos. **5.447A** and **5.447B** shall coordinate on an equal basis in accordance with No. **9.11A** with administrations responsible for non-geostationary satellite- networks operated under No. **5.446** and brought into use prior to 17 November 1995. Satellite networks operated under No. **5.446** brought into use after 17 November 1995 shall not claim protection from, and shall not cause harmful interference to, stations of the fixed-satellite service operated under Nos. **5.447A** and **5.447B**.
- 5.447D** The allocation of the band 5 250-5 255 MHz to the space research service on a primary basis is limited to active spaceborne sensors. Other uses of the band by the space research service are on a secondary basis. (WRC-97)
- 5.447F** In the frequency band 5 250-5 350 MHz, stations in the mobile service shall not claim protection from the radiolocation service, the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active). The radiolocation service, the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active) shall not impose more stringent conditions upon the mobile service than those stipulated in Resolution **229 (Rev.WRC-19)**. (WRC-19)
- 5.448A** The Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services in the frequency band 5 250-5 350 MHz shall not claim protection from the radiolocation service. **No. 5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-03)
- 5.448B** The Earth exploration-satellite service (active) operating in the band 5 350-5 570 MHz and space research service (active) operating in the band 5 460-5 570 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to the aeronautical radionavigation service in the band 5 350-5 460 MHz, the radionavigation service in the band 5 460-5 470 MHz and the maritime radionavigation service in the band 5 470-5 570 MHz. (WRC-03)
- 5.448C** The space research service (active) operating in the band 5 350-5 460 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to nor claim protection from other services to which this band is allocated. (WRC-03)
- 5.448D** In the frequency band 5 350-5 470 MHz, stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radar systems in the aeronautical radionavigation service operating in accordance with No. **5.449**. (WRC-03)
- 5.449** The use of the band 5 350-5 470 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to airborne radars and associated airborne beacons.
- 5.450A** In the frequency band 5 470-5 725 MHz, stations in the mobile service shall not claim protection from radiodetermination services. The radiodetermination services shall not impose more stringent conditions upon the mobile service than those stipulated in Resolution **229 (Rev.WRC-19)**. (WRC-19)
- 5.450B** In the frequency band 5 470-5 650 MHz, stations in the radiolocation service, except ground-based radars used for meteorological purposes in the band 5 600-5 650 MHz, shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radar systems in the maritime radionavigation service. (WRC-03)
- 5.452** Between 5 600 MHz and 5 650 MHz, ground-based radars used for meteorological purposes are authorized to operate on a basis of equality with stations of the maritime radionavigation service.

- 5.453** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Côte d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eswatini, Gabon, Guinea, Equatorial Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Tanzania, Chad, Thailand, Togo, Viet Nam and Yemen, the band 5 650-5 850 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. In this case, the provisions of Resolution **229 (Rev.WRC-12)** do not apply. In addition, in Afghanistan, Angola, Benin, Bhutan, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Fiji, Ghana, Kiribati, Lesotho, Malawi, Maldives, Mauritius, Micronesia, Mongolia, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nauru, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea, Rwanda, Solomon Islands, South Sudan, South Africa, Tonga, Vanuatu, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the band 5 725-5 850 MHz is allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis, and stations operating in the fixed service shall not cause harmful interference to and shall not claim protection from other primary services in the frequency band. (WRC-19)
- 5.457A** In the frequency bands 5 925-6 425 MHz and 14-14.5 GHz, earth stations located on board vessels may communicate with space stations of the fixed-satellite service. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **902 (Rev.WRC-03)**. In the frequency band 5 925-6 425 MHz, earth stations located on board vessels and communicating with space stations of the fixed-satellite service may employ transmit antennas with minimum diameter of 1.2 m and operate without prior agreement of any administration if located at least 330 km away from the low-water mark as officially recognized by the coastal State. All other provisions of Resolution **902 (WRC-03)** shall apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.457B** In the frequency bands 5 925-6 425 MHz and 14-14.5 GHz, earth stations located on board vessels may operate with the characteristics and under the conditions contained in Resolution **902 (WRC-03)** in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Jordan, Kuwait, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, Tunisia and Yemen, in the maritime mobile-satellite service on a secondary basis. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **902 (WRC-03)**. (WRC-15)
- 5.458** In the band 6 425-7 075 MHz, passive microwave sensor measurements are carried out over the oceans. In the band 7 075-7 250 MHz, passive microwave sensor measurements are carried out. Administrations should bear in mind the needs of the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) and space research (passive) services in their future planning of the bands 6 425-7 075 MHz and 7 075-7 250 MHz.
- 5.458A** In making assignments in the band 6 700-7 075 MHz to space stations of the fixed-satellite service, administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to protect spectral line observations of the radio astronomy service in the band 6 650-6 675.2 MHz from harmful interference from unwanted emissions.
- 5.458B** The space-to-Earth allocation to the fixed-satellite service in the band 6 700-7 075 MHz is limited to feeder links for non-geostationary satellite systems of the mobile-satellite service and is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. The use of the band 6 700-7 075 MHz (space-to-Earth) by feeder links for non-geostationary satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service is not subject to No. **22.2**.
- 5.460** No emissions from space research service (Earth-to-space) systems intended for deep space shall be effected in the frequency band 7 190-7 235 MHz. Geostationary satellites in the space research service operating in the frequency band 7 190-7 235 MHz shall not claim protection from existing and future stations of the fixed and mobile services and **No. 5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.460A** The use of the frequency band 7 190-7 250 MHz (Earth-to-space) by the Earth exploration-satellite service shall be limited to tracking, telemetry and command for the operation of spacecraft. Space stations operating in the Earth exploration-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the frequency band 7 190-7 250 MHz shall not claim protection from existing and future stations in the fixed and mobile services, and **No. 5.43A** does not apply. No. **9.17** applies. Additionally, to ensure protection of the existing and future deployment of fixed and mobile services, the location of earth stations supporting spacecraft in the Earth exploration-satellite service in non-geostationary orbits or geostationary orbit shall maintain a separation distance of at least 10 km and 50 km, respectively, from the respective border(s) of neighbouring countries, unless a shorter distance is otherwise agreed between the corresponding administrations. (WRC-15)
- 5.460B** Space stations on the geostationary orbit operating in the Earth exploration-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the frequency band 7 190-7 235 MHz shall not claim protection from existing and future stations of the space research service, and **No. 5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-15)

- 5.461** *Additional allocation:* the bands 7 250-7 375 MHz (space-to-Earth) and 7 900-8 025 MHz (Earth-to-space) are also allocated to the mobile-satellite service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21.
- 5.461A** The use of the band 7 450-7 550 MHz by the meteorological-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to geostationary-satellite systems. Non-geostationary meteorological-satellite systems in this band notified before 30 November 1997 may continue to operate on a primary basis until the end of their lifetime. (WRC-97)
- 5.461B** The use of the band 7 750-7 900 MHz by the meteorological-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to non-geostationary satellite systems. (WRC-12)
- 5.461AA** The use of the frequency band 7 375-7 750 MHz by the maritime mobile-satellite service is limited to geostationary-satellite networks. (WRC-15)
- 5.461AB** In the frequency band 7 375-7 750 MHz, earth stations in the maritime mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from, nor constrain the use and development of, stations in the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services. No. 5.43A does not apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.462A** In Regions 1 and 3 (except for Japan), in the band 8 025-8 400 MHz, the Earth exploration-satellite service using geostationary satellites shall not produce a power flux-density in excess of the following values for angles of arrival (θ), without the consent of the affected administration:
- | | | |
|---|------------------------------------|----------|
| –135 dB(W/m ²) in a 1 MHz band | for $0 \leq \theta < 5^\circ$ | |
| –135 + 0.5 ($\theta - 5$) dB(W/m ²) in a 1 MHz band | for $5 \leq \theta < 25^\circ$ | |
| –125 dB(W/m ²) in a 1 MHz band | for $25 \leq \theta \leq 90^\circ$ | (WRC-12) |
- 5.463** Aircraft stations are not permitted to transmit in the band 8 025-8 400 MHz. (WRC-97)
- 5.465** In the space research service, the use of the band 8 400-8 450 MHz is limited to deep space.
- 5.468** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Burundi, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eswatini, Gabon, Guyana, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nepal, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Senegal, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, Chad, Togo, Tunisia and Yemen, the frequency band 8 500-8 750 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-19)
- 5.469A** In the band 8 550-8 650 MHz, stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and space research service (active) shall not cause harmful interference to, or constrain the use and development of, stations of the radiolocation service. (WRC-97)
- 5.470** The use of the band 8 750-8 850 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to airborne Doppler navigation aids on a centre frequency of 8 800 MHz.
- 5.471** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Germany, **Bahrain**, Belgium, China, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, France, Greece, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Libya, the Netherlands, Qatar and Sudan, the frequency bands 8 825-8 850 MHz and 9 000-9 200 MHz are also allocated to the maritime radionavigation service, on a primary basis, for use by shore-based radars only. (WRC-15)
- 5.472** In the bands 8 850-9 000 MHz and 9 200-9 225 MHz, the maritime radionavigation service is limited to shore-based radars.
- 5.473A** In the band 9 000-9 200 MHz, stations operating in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, systems identified in No. 5.337 operating in the aeronautical radionavigation service, or radar systems in the maritime radionavigation service operating in this band on a primary basis in the countries listed in No. 5.471. (WRC-07)
- 5.474** In the band 9 200-9 500 MHz, search and rescue transponders (SART) may be used, having due regard to the appropriate ITU-R Recommendation (see also Article 31).

- 5.474A** The use of the frequency bands 9 200-9 300 MHz and 9 900-10 400 MHz by the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) is limited to systems requiring necessary bandwidth greater than 600 MHz that cannot be fully accommodated within the frequency band 9 300-9 900 MHz.
Such use is subject to agreement to be obtained under No. **9.21** from Algeria, Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Egypt, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Lebanon and Tunisia. An administration that has not replied under No. **9.52** is considered as not having agreed to the coordination request. In this case, the notifying administration of the satellite system operating in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) may request the assistance of the Bureau under Sub-Section IID of Article **9**. (WRC-15)
- 5.474B** Stations operating in the Earth exploration-satellite (active) service shall comply with Recommendation ITU-R RS.2066-0. (WRC-15)
- 5.474C** Stations operating in the Earth exploration-satellite (active) service shall comply with Recommendation ITU-R RS.2065-0. (WRC-15)
- 5.474D** Stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the maritime radionavigation and radiolocation services in the frequency band 9 200-9 300 MHz, the radionavigation and radiolocation services in the frequency band 9 900-10 000 MHz and the radiolocation service in the frequency band 10.0- 10.4 GHz. (WRC-15)
- 5.475** The use of the band 9 300-9 500 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to airborne weather radars and ground-based radars. In addition, ground-based radar beacons in the aeronautical radionavigation service are permitted in the band 9 300-9 320 MHz on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the maritime radionavigation service. (WRC-07)
- 5.475A** The use of the band 9 300-9 500 MHz by the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active) is limited to systems requiring necessary bandwidth greater than 300 MHz that cannot be fully accommodated within the 9 500-9 800 MHz band. (WRC-07)
- 5.475B** In the band 9 300-9 500 MHz, stations operating in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radars operating in the radionavigation service in conformity with the Radio Regulations. Ground-based radars used for meteorological purposes have priority over other radiolocation uses. (WRC-07)
- 5.476A** In the band 9 300-9 800 MHz, stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and space research service (active) shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, stations of the radionavigation and radiolocation services. (WRC-07)
- 5.477** *Different category of service:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Liberia, Malaysia, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Trinidad and Tobago, and Yemen, the allocation of the frequency band 9 800-10 000 MHz to the fixed service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-15)
- 5.478A** The use of the band 9 800-9 900 MHz by the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active) is limited to systems requiring necessary bandwidth greater than 500 MHz that cannot be fully accommodated within the 9 300-9 800 MHz band. (WRC-07)
- 5.478B** In the band 9 800-9 900 MHz, stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and space research service (active) shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from stations of the fixed service to which this band is allocated on a secondary basis. (WRC-07)
- 5.479** The band 9 975-10 025 MHz is also allocated to the meteorological-satellite service on a secondary basis for use by weather radars.
- 5.482** In the band 10.6-10.68 GHz, the power delivered to the antenna of stations of the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services shall not exceed -3 dBW. This limit may be exceeded, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. However, in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, **Bahrain**, Bangladesh, Belarus, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Georgia, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania, Moldova, Nigeria, Oman, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Singapore, Tajikistan, Tunisia, Turkmenistan and Viet

- Nam, this restriction on the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services is not applicable. (WRC-07)
- 5.482A** For sharing of the band 10.6-10.68 GHz between the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) service and the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services, Resolution **751 (WRC-07)** applies. (WRC-07)
- 5.483** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, **Bahrain**, Belarus, China, Colombia, Korea (Rep. of), Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Georgia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Mongolia, Qatar, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Yemen, the frequency band 10.68-10.7 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. Such use is limited to equipment in operation by 1 January 1985. (WRC-19)
- 5.484** In Region 1, the use of the band 10.7-11.7 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service.
- 5.484A** The use of the bands 10.95-11.2 GHz (space-to-Earth), 11.45-11.7 GHz (space-to-Earth), 11.7-12.2 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 2, 12.2-12.75 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 3, 12.5-12.75 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, 13.75-14.5 GHz (Earth-to-space), 17.8-18.6 GHz (space-to-Earth), 19.7-20.2 GHz (space-to-Earth), 27.5-28.6 GHz (Earth-to-space), 29.5-30 GHz (Earth-to-space) by a non-geostationary-satellite system in the fixed-satellite service is subject to application of the provisions of No. **9.12** for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall not claim protection from geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations, irrespective of the dates of receipt by the Bureau of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service and of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the geostationary-satellite networks, and **No. 5.43A** does not apply. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in the above bands shall be operated in such a way that any unacceptable interference that may occur during their operation shall be rapidly eliminated. (WRC-2000)
- 5.484B** Resolution **155 (WRC-15)** shall apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.487** In the band 11.7-12.5 GHz in Regions 1 and 3, the fixed, fixed-satellite, mobile, except aeronautical mobile, and broadcasting services, in accordance with their respective allocations, shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, broadcasting-satellite stations operating in accordance with the Regions 1 and 3 Plan in Appendix **30**. (WRC-03)
- 5.487A** *Additional allocation:* in Region 1, the band 11.7-12.5 GHz, in Region 2, the band 12.2-12.7 GHz and, in Region 3, the band 11.7-12.2 GHz, are also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis, limited to non-geostationary systems and subject to application of the provisions of No. **9.12** for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall not claim protection from geostationary-satellite networks in the broadcasting-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations, irrespective of the dates of receipt by the Bureau of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service and of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the geostationary-satellite networks, and **No. 5.43A** does not apply. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in the above bands shall be operated in such a way that any unacceptable interference that may occur during their operation shall be rapidly eliminated. (WRC-03)
- 5.492** Assignments to stations of the broadcasting-satellite service which are in conformity with the appropriate regional Plan or included in the Regions 1 and 3 List in Appendix **30** may also be used for transmissions in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth), provided that such transmissions do not cause more interference, or require more protection from interference, than the broadcasting-satellite service transmissions operating in conformity with the Plan or the List, as appropriate. (WRC-2000)
- 5.494** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Cameroon, the Central African Rep., Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Madagascar, Mali, Morocco, Mongolia, Nigeria, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the frequency band 12.5-12.75 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

- 5.497** The use of the band 13.25-13.4 GHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to Doppler navigation aids.
- 5.498A** The Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services operating in the band 13.25-13.4 GHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or constrain the use and development of, the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-97)
- 5.499A** The use of the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (space-to- Earth) is limited to geostationary-satellite systems and is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** with respect to satellite systems operating in the space research service (space-to-space) to relay data from space stations in the geostationary-satellite orbit to associated space stations in non-geostationary satellite orbits for which advance publication information has been received by the Bureau by 27 November 2015. (WRC-15)
- 5.499B** Administrations shall not preclude the deployment and operation of transmitting earth stations in the standard frequency and time signal-satellite service (Earth-to-space) allocated on a secondary basis in the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz due to the primary allocation to FSS (space -to- Earth). (WRC-15)
- 5.499C** The allocation of the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz to the space research service on a primary basis is limited to:
- satellite systems operating in the space research service (space-to-space) to relay data from space stations in the geostationary-satellite orbit to associated space stations in non-geostationary satellite orbits for which advance publication information has been received by the Bureau by 27 November 2015,
 - active spaceborne sensors,
 - satellite systems operating in the space research service (space-to-Earth) to relay data from space stations in the geostationary-satellite orbit to associated earth stations.
- Other uses of the frequency band by the space research service are on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.499D** In the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz, satellite systems in the space research service (space-to-Earth) and/or the space research service (space-to-space) shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, stations in the fixed, mobile, radiolocation and Earth exploration-satellite (active) services. (WRC-15)
- 5.499E** In the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz, geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) shall not claim protection from space stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) operating in accordance with these Regulations, and **No. 5.43A** does not apply. The provisions of No. **22.2** do not apply to the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) with respect to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in this frequency band. (WRC-15)
- 5.500** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Madagascar, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Singapore, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad and Tunisia, the frequency band 13.4-14 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. In Pakistan, the frequency band 13.4-13.75 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.501A** The allocation of the frequency band 13.65-13.75 GHz to the space research service on a primary basis is limited to active spaceborne sensors. Other uses of the frequency band by the space research service are on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.501B** In the band 13.4-13.75 GHz, the Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services shall not cause harmful interference to, or constrain the use and development of, the radiolocation service. (WRC-97)
- 5.502** In the band 13.75-14 GHz, an earth station of a geostationary fixed-satellite service network shall have a minimum antenna diameter of 1.2 m and an earth station of a non-geostationary- fixed-satellite service system shall have a minimum antenna diameter of 4.5 m. In addition, the e.i.r.p., averaged over one second, radiated by a station in the radiolocation or radionavigation services shall not exceed 59 dBW for elevation angles above 2° and 65 dBW at lower angles. Before an administration brings into use an earth station in a geostationary-satellite network in the fixed-satellite service in this band with an antenna diameter smaller than 4.5 m, it shall ensure that the power flux-density produced by this earth station does not exceed:
- $-115 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 10 \text{ MHz))}$ for more than 1% of the time produced at 36 m above sea level at the low water mark, as officially recognized by the coastal State;

- $-115 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 10 \text{ MHz))}$ for more than 1% of the time produced 3 m above ground at the border of the territory of an administration deploying or planning to deploy land mobile radars in this band, unless prior agreement has been obtained.

For earth stations within the fixed-satellite service having an antenna diameter greater than or equal to 4.5 m, the e.i.r.p. of any emission should be at least 68 dBW and should not exceed 85 dBW. (WRC-03)

5.503 In the band 13.75-14 GHz, geostationary space stations in the space research service for which information for advance publication has been received by the Bureau prior to 31 January 1992 shall operate on an equal basis with stations in the fixed-satellite service; after that date, new geostationary space stations in the space research service will operate on a secondary basis. Until those geostationary space stations in the space research service for which information for advance publication has been received by the Bureau prior to 31 January 1992 cease to operate in this band:

- in the band 13.77-13.78 GHz, the e.i.r.p. density of emissions from any earth station in the fixed-satellite service operating with a space station in geostationary-satellite orbit shall not exceed:
 - i) $4.7D + 28 \text{ dB(W/40 kHz)}$, where D is the fixed-satellite service earth station antenna diameter (m) for antenna diameters equal to or greater than 1.2 m and less than 4.5 m;
 - ii) $49.2 + 20 \log(D/4.5) \text{ dB(W/40 kHz)}$, where D is the fixed-satellite service earth station antenna diameter (m) for antenna diameters equal to or greater than 4.5 m and less than 31.9 m;
 - iii) $66.2 \text{ dB(W/40 kHz)}$ for any fixed-satellite service earth station for antenna diameters (m) equal to or greater than 31.9 m;
 - iv) 56.2 dB(W/4 kHz) for narrow-band (less than 40 kHz of necessary bandwidth) fixed-satellite service earth station emissions from any fixed-satellite service earth station having an antenna diameter of 4.5 m or greater;
- the e.i.r.p. density of emissions from any earth station in the fixed-satellite service operating with a space station in non-geostationary-satellite orbit shall not exceed 51 dBW in the 6 MHz band from 13.772 to 13.778 GHz.

Automatic power control may be used to increase the e.i.r.p. density in these frequency ranges to compensate for rain attenuation, to the extent that the power flux-density at the fixed-satellite service space station does not exceed the value resulting from use by an earth station of an e.i.r.p. meeting the above limits in clear-sky conditions. (WRC-03)

5.504 The use of the band 14-14.3 GHz by the radionavigation service shall be such as to provide sufficient protection to space stations of the fixed-satellite service.

5.504A In the band 14-14.5 GHz, aircraft earth stations in the secondary aeronautical mobile-satellite service may also communicate with space stations in the fixed-satellite service. The provisions of Nos. **5.29**, **5.30** and **5.31** apply. (WRC-03)

5.504B Aircraft earth stations operating in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service in the frequency band 14-14.5 GHz shall comply with the provisions of Annex 1, Part C of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643-0, with respect to any radio astronomy station performing observations in the 14.47-14.5 GHz frequency band located on the territory of Spain, France, India, Italy, the United Kingdom and South Africa. (WRC-15)

5.504C In the frequency band 14-14.25 GHz, the power flux-density produced on the territory of the countries of Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Botswana, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Kuwait, Nigeria, Oman, the Syrian Arab Republic and Tunisia by any aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service shall not exceed the limits given in Annex 1, Part B of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643-0, unless otherwise specifically agreed by the affected administration(s). The provisions of this footnote in no way derogate the obligations of the aeronautical mobile-satellite service to operate as a secondary service in accordance with No. **5.29**. (WRC-15)

5.505 *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eswatini, Gabon, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Oman, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Viet Nam and Yemen, the frequency band 14-14.3 GHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-19)

- 5.506** The band 14-14.5 GHz may be used, within the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space), for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service, subject to coordination with other networks in the fixed-satellite service. Such use of feeder links is reserved for countries outside Europe.
- 5.506A** In the band 14-14.5 GHz, ship earth stations with an e.i.r.p. greater than 21 dBW shall operate under the same conditions as earth stations located on board vessels, as provided in Resolution **902 (WRC-03)**. This footnote shall not apply to ship earth stations for which the complete Appendix 4 information has been received by the Bureau prior to 5 July 2003. (WRC-03)
- 5.506B** Earth stations located on board vessels communicating with space stations in the fixed-satellite service may operate in the frequency band 14-14.5 GHz without the need for prior agreement from Cyprus and Malta, within the minimum distance given in Resolution 902 (WRC-03) from these countries. (WRC-15)
- 5.508A** In the frequency band 14.25-14.3 GHz, the power flux-density produced on the territory of the countries of Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Botswana, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, France, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Italy, Kuwait, Nigeria, Oman, the Syrian Arab Republic, the United Kingdom and Tunisia by any aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service shall not exceed the limits given in Annex 1, Part B of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643-0, unless otherwise specifically agreed by the affected administration(s). The provisions of this footnote in no way derogate the obligations of the aeronautical mobile-satellite service to operate as a secondary service in accordance with No. **5.29**. (WRC-15)
- 5.509A** In the frequency band 14.3-14.5 GHz, the power flux-density produced on the territory of the countries of Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Botswana, Cameroon, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, France, Gabon, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Italy, Kuwait, Morocco, Nigeria, Oman, the Syrian Arab Republic, the United Kingdom, Sri Lanka, Tunisia and Viet Nam by any aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service shall not exceed the limits given in Annex 1, Part B of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643-0, unless otherwise specifically agreed by the affected administration(s). The provisions of this footnote in no way derogate the obligations of the aeronautical mobile-satellite service to operate as a secondary service in accordance with No. **5.29**. (WRC-15)
- 5.509B** The use of the frequency bands 14.5-14.75 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **163 (WRC-15)** and 14.5-14.8 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **164 (WRC-15)** by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service is limited to geostationary-satellites. (WRC-15)
- 5.509C** For the use of the frequency bands 14.5-14.75 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **163 (WRC-15)** and 14.5-14.8 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **164 (WRC-15)** by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service, the fixed-satellite service earth stations shall have a minimum antenna diameter of 6 m and a maximum power spectral density of -44.5 dBW/Hz at the input of the antenna. The earth stations shall be notified at known locations on land. (WRC-15)
- 5.509D** Before an administration brings into use an earth station in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service in the frequency bands 14.5-14.75 GHz (in countries listed in Resolution **163 (WRC-15)**) and 14.5-14.8 GHz (in countries listed in Resolution **164 (WRC-15)**), it shall ensure that the power flux-density produced by this earth station does not exceed -151.5 dB(W/(m² · 4 kHz)) produced at all altitudes from 0 m to 19 000 m above sea level at 22 km seaward from all coasts, defined as the low-water mark, as officially recognized by each coastal State. (WRC-15)
- 5.509E** In the frequency bands 14.50-14.75 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **163 (WRC-15)** and 14.50-14.8 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **164 (WRC-15)**, the location of earth stations in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service shall maintain a separation distance of at least 500 km from the border(s) of other countries unless shorter distances are explicitly agreed by those administrations. No. **9.17** does not apply. When applying this provision, administrations should consider the relevant parts of these Regulations and the latest relevant ITU-R Recommendations. (WRC-15)
- 5.509F** In the frequency bands 14.50-14.75 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **163 (WRC-15)** and 14.50-14.8 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **164 (WRC-15)**, earth stations in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service shall not constrain the future deployment of the fixed and mobile services. (WRC-15)
- 5.509G** The frequency band 14.5-14.8 GHz is also allocated to the space research service on a primary basis. However, such use is limited to the satellite systems operating in the space research service (Earth-to-space) to relay data

- to space stations in the geostationary-satellite orbit from associated earth stations. Stations in the space research service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations in the fixed and mobile services and in the fixed-satellite service limited to feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service and associated space operations functions using the guardbands under Appendix 30A and feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service in Region 2. Other uses of this frequency band by the space research service are on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.510** Except for use in accordance with Resolution 163 (WRC-15) and Resolution 164 (WRC-15), the use of the frequency band 14.5-14.8 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service. This use is reserved for countries outside Europe. Uses other than feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service are not authorized in Regions 1 and 2 in the frequency band 14.75-14.8 GHz. (WRC-15)
- 5.511** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Cameroon, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Guinea, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Kuwait, Lebanon, Oman, Pakistan, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic and Somalia, the band 15.35-15.4 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a secondary basis. (WRC-12)
- 5.511A** Use of the frequency band 15.43-15.63 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links of non-geostationary systems in the mobile-satellite service, subject to coordination under No. 9.11A. (WRC-15)
- 5.511C** Stations operating in the aeronautical radionavigation service shall limit the effective e.i.r.p. in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R S.1340-0. The minimum coordination distance required to protect the aeronautical radionavigation stations (No. 4.10 applies) from harmful interference from feeder-link earth stations and the maximum e.i.r.p. transmitted towards the local horizontal plane by a feeder-link earth station shall be in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R S.1340-0. (WRC-15)
- 5.511E** In the frequency band 15.4-15.7 GHz, stations operating in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-12)
- 5.511F** In order to protect the radio astronomy service in the frequency band 15.35-15.4 GHz, radiolocation stations operating in the frequency band 15.4-15.7 GHz shall not exceed the power flux-density level of $-156 \text{ dB(W/m}^2\text{)}$ in a 50 MHz bandwidth in the frequency band 15.35-15.4 GHz, at any radio astronomy observatory site for more than 2 per cent of the time. (WRC-12)
- 5.512** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Austria, **Bahrain**, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, Congo (Rep. of the), Egypt, El Salvador, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Finland, Guatemala, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Montenegro, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Oman, Pakistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the frequency band 15.7-17.3 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.513A** Spaceborne active sensors operating in the band 17.2-17.3 GHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or constrain the development of, the radiolocation and other services allocated on a primary basis. (WRC-97)
- 5.514** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Bangladesh, Cameroon, El Salvador, the United Arab Emirates, Guatemala, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Libya, Lithuania, Nepal, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Oman, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Qatar, Kyrgyzstan, Sudan and South Sudan, the frequency band 17.3-17.7 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a secondary basis. The power limits given in Nos. 21.3 and 21.5 shall apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.515** In the band 17.3-17.8 GHz, sharing between the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) and the broadcasting-satellite service shall also be in accordance with the provisions of § 1 of Annex 4 of Appendix 30A.
- 5.516** The use of the band 17.3-18.1 GHz by geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service. The use of the band 17.3-17.8 GHz in Region 2 by systems in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to geostationary satellites. For the use of the band 17.3-17.8 GHz in Region 2 by feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service in the band 12.2-12.7 GHz, see Article 11. The use of the bands 17.3-18.1 GHz (Earth-to-space) in Regions 1 and 3 and 17.8-18.1 GHz (Earth-to-space) in Region 2 by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite

service is subject to application of the provisions of No. **9.12** for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall not claim protection from geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations, irrespective of the dates of receipt by the Bureau of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service and of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the geostationary-satellite networks, and **No. 5.43A** does not apply. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in the above bands shall be operated in such a way that any unacceptable interference that may occur during their operation shall be rapidly eliminated. (WRC-2000)

- 5.516A** In the band 17.3-17.7 GHz, earth stations of the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in Region 1 shall not claim protection from the broadcasting-satellite service feeder-link earth stations operating under Appendix **30A**, nor put any limitations or restrictions on the locations of the broadcasting-satellite service feeder-link earth stations anywhere within the service area of the feeder link. (WRC-03)
- 5.516B** The following bands are identified for use by high-density applications in the fixed-satellite service: 17.3-17.7 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, 18.3-19.3 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 2, 19.7-20.2 GHz (space-to-Earth) in all Regions, 39.5-40 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, 40-40.5 GHz (space-to-Earth) in all Regions, 40.5-42 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 2, 47.5-47.9 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, 48.2-48.54 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, 49.44-50.2 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, 27.5-27.82 GHz (Earth-to-space) in Region 1, 28.35-28.45 GHz (Earth-to-space) in Region 2, 28.45-28.94 GHz (Earth-to-space) in all Regions, 28.94-29.1 GHz (Earth-to-space) in Region 2 and 3, 29.25-29.46 GHz (Earth-to-space) in Region 2, 29.46-30 GHz (Earth-to-space) in all Regions, 48.2-50.2 GHz (Earth-to-space) in Region 2. This identification does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by other fixed-satellite service applications or by other services to which these frequency bands are allocated on a co-primary basis and does not establish priority in these Radio Regulations among users of the frequency bands. Administrations should take this into account when considering regulatory provisions in relation to these frequency bands. See Resolution **143 (Rev.WRC-19)**. (WRC-19)
- 5.517A** The operation of earth stations in motion communicating with geostationary fixed-satellite service space stations within the frequency bands 17.7-19.7 GHz (space-to-Earth) and 27.5-29.5 GHz (Earth-to-space) shall be subject to the application of Resolution **169 (WRC-19)**. (WRC-19)
- 5.519** *Additional allocation:* the bands 18-18.3 GHz in Region 2 and 18.1-18.4 GHz in Regions 1 and 3 are also allocated to the meteorological-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis. Their use is limited to geostationary satellites. (WRC-07)
- 5.520** The use of the band 18.1-18.4 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links of geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service. (WRC-2000)
- 5.521** *Alternative allocation:* in the United Arab Emirates and Greece, the frequency band 18.1-18.4 GHz is allocated to the fixed, fixed-satellite (space-to-Earth) and mobile services on a primary basis (see **No. 5.33**). The provisions of No. **5.519** also apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.522A** The emissions of the fixed service and the fixed-satellite service in the band 18.6-18.8 GHz are limited to the values given in Nos. **21.5A** and **21.16.2**, respectively. (WRC-2000)
- 5.522B** The use of the band 18.6-18.8 GHz by the fixed-satellite service is limited to geostationary systems and systems with an orbit of apogee greater than 20 000 km. (WRC-2000)
- 5.522C** In the band 18.6-18.8 GHz, in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia and Yemen, fixed-service systems in operation at the date of entry into force of the Final Acts of WRC-2000 are not subject to the limits of No. **21.5A**. (WRC-2000)
- 5.523A** The use of the bands 18.8-19.3 GHz (space-to-Earth) and 28.6-29.1 GHz (Earth-to-space) by geostationary and non-geostationary fixed-satellite service networks is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.11A** and No. **22.2** does not apply. Administrations having geostationary-satellite networks under coordination prior to 18 November 1995 shall cooperate to the maximum extent possible to coordinate pursuant to No. **9.11A** with non-geostationary-satellite networks for which notification information has been received by the Bureau prior to that date, with a view to reaching results acceptable to all the parties concerned. Non-geostationary-satellite networks shall not cause unacceptable interference to geostationary fixed-satellite service networks for which complete Appendix **4** notification information is considered as having been received by the Bureau prior to 18 November 1995. (WRC-97)

- 5.523B** The use of the band 19.3-19.6 GHz (Earth-to-space) by the fixed-satellite service is limited to feeder links for non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service. Such use is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.11A**, and No. **22.2** does not apply.
- 5.523C** No. **22.2** shall continue to apply in the bands 19.3-19.6 GHz and 29.1-29.4 GHz, between feeder links of non-geostationary mobile-satellite service networks and those fixed-satellite service networks for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information, or notification information, is considered as having been received by the Bureau prior to 18 November 1995. (WRC-97)
- 5.523D** The use of the band 19.3-19.7 GHz (space-to-Earth) by geostationary fixed-satellite service systems and by feeder links for non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.11A**, but not subject to the provisions of No. **22.2**. The use of this band for other non-geostationary fixed-satellite service systems, or for the cases indicated in Nos. **5.523C** and **5.523E**, is not subject to the provisions of No. **9.11A** and shall continue to be subject to Articles 9 (except No. **9.11A**) and 11 procedures, and to the provisions of No. **22.2**. (WRC-97)
- 5.523E** No. **22.2** shall continue to apply in the bands 19.6-19.7 GHz and 29.4-29.5 GHz, between feeder links of non-geostationary mobile-satellite service networks and those fixed-satellite service networks for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information, or notification information, is considered as having been received by the Bureau by 21 November 1997. (WRC-97)
- 5.524** *Additional allocation:* in Afghanistan, Algeria, Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Costa Rica, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Guatemala, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nepal, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Tunisia, the frequency band 19.7-21.2 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. This additional use shall not impose any limitation on the power flux-density of space stations in the fixed-satellite service in the frequency band 19.7-21.2 GHz and of space stations in the mobile-satellite service in the frequency band 19.7-20.2 GHz where the allocation to the mobile-satellite service is on a primary basis in the latter frequency band. (WRC-15)
- 5.525** In order to facilitate interregional coordination between networks in the mobile-satellite and fixed-satellite services, carriers in the mobile-satellite service that are most susceptible to interference shall, to the extent practicable, be located in the higher parts of the bands 19.7-20.2 GHz and 29.5-30 GHz.
- 5.526** In the bands 19.7-20.2 GHz and 29.5-30 GHz in Region 2, and in the bands 20.1-20.2 GHz and 29.9-30 GHz in Regions 1 and 3, networks which are both in the fixed-satellite service and in the mobile-satellite service may include links between earth stations at specified or unspecified points or while in motion, through one or more satellites for point-to-point and point-to-multipoint communications.
- 5.527** In the bands 19.7-20.2 GHz and 29.5-30 GHz, the provisions of No. **4.10** do not apply with respect to the mobile-satellite service.
- 5.527A** The operation of earth stations in motion communicating with the FSS is subject to Resolution **156** (WRC-15). (WRC-15)
- 5.528** The allocation to the mobile-satellite service is intended for use by networks which use narrow spot-beam antennas and other advanced technology at the space stations. Administrations operating systems in the mobile-satellite service in the band 19.7-20.1 GHz in Region 2 and in the band 20.1-20.2 GHz shall take all practicable steps to ensure the continued availability of these bands for administrations operating fixed and mobile systems in accordance with the provisions of No. **5.524**.
- 5.530A** Unless otherwise agreed between the administrations concerned, any station in the fixed or mobile services of an administration shall not produce a power flux-density in excess of $-120.4 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz))}$ at 3 m above the ground of any point of the territory of any other administration in Regions 1 and 3 for more than 20% of the time. In conducting the calculations, administrations should use the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R P.452 (see also the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R BO.1898). (WRC-15)

- 5.530B** In the band 21.4-22 GHz, in order to facilitate the development of the broadcasting-satellite service, administrations in Regions 1 and 3 are encouraged not to deploy stations in the mobile service and are encouraged to limit the deployment of stations in the fixed service to point-to-point links. (WRC-12)
- 5.532** The use of the band 22.21-22.5 GHz by the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) and space research (passive) services shall not impose constraints upon the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services.
- 5.532A** The location of earth stations in the space research service shall maintain a separation distance of at least 54 km from the respective border(s) of neighbouring countries to protect the existing and future deployment of fixed and mobile services unless a shorter distance is otherwise agreed between the corresponding administrations. Nos. **9.17** and **9.18** do not apply. (WRC-12)
- 5.532B** Use of the band 24.65-25.25 GHz in Region 1 and the band 24.65-24.75 GHz in Region 3 by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to earth stations using a minimum antenna diameter of 4.5 m. (WRC-12)
- 5.532AB** The frequency band 24.25-27.5 GHz is identified for use by administrations wishing to implement the terrestrial component of International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. Resolution **242 (WRC-19)** applies. (WRC-19)
- 5.534A** the allocation to the fixed service in the frequency band 25.25-27.5 GHz is identified in Region 2 for use by high-altitude platform stations (HAPS) in accordance with the provisions of Resolution **166 (WRC-19)**. Such use of the fixed-service allocation by HAPS shall be limited to the ground-to-HAPS direction in the frequency band 25.25-27.0 GHz and to the HAPS-to-ground direction in the frequency band 27.0-27.5 GHz. Furthermore, the use of the frequency band 25.5-27.0 GHz by HAPS shall be limited to gateway links. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by other fixed-service applications or by other services to which this band is allocated on a co-primary basis, and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-19)
- 5.535A** The use of the band 29.1-29.5 GHz (Earth-to-space) by the fixed-satellite service is limited to geostationary-satellite systems and feeder links to non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service. Such use is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.11A**, but not subject to the provisions of No. **22.2**, except as indicated in Nos. **5.523C** and **5.523E** where such use is not subject to the provisions of No. **9.11A** and shall continue to be subject to Articles **9** (except No. **9.11A**) and **11** procedures, and to the provisions of No. **22.2**. (WRC-97)
- 5.536** Use of the 25.25-27.5 GHz band by the inter-satellite service is limited to space research and Earth exploration-satellite applications, and also transmissions of data originating from industrial and medical activities in space.
- 5.536A** Administrations operating earth stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service or the space research service shall not claim protection from stations in the fixed and mobile services operated by other administrations. In addition, earth stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service or in the space research service should be operated taking into account the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SA.1862. Resolution **242 (WRC-19)** applies. (WRC-19)
- 5.536B** In Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Austria, **Bahrain**, Belgium, Brazil, China, Korea (Rep. of), Denmark, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Estonia, Finland, Hungary, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Lithuania, Moldova, Norway, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, the Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Slovakia, the Czech Rep., Romania, the United Kingdom, Singapore, Slovenia, Sudan, Sweden, Tanzania, Turkey, Viet Nam and Zimbabwe, earth stations operating in the Earth exploration-satellite service in the frequency band 25.5-27 GHz shall not claim protection from, or constrain the use and deployment of, stations of the fixed and mobile services. Resolution **242 (WRC-19)** applies. (WRC-19)
- 5.536C** In Algeria, Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Botswana, Brazil, Cameroon, Comoros, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Estonia, Finland, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lithuania, Malaysia, Morocco, Nigeria, Oman, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Tanzania, Tunisia, Uruguay, Zambia and Zimbabwe, earth stations operating in the space research service in the band 25.5-27 GHz shall not claim protection from, or constrain the use and deployment of, stations of the fixed and mobile services. (WRC-12)
- 5.538** *Additional allocation:* the bands 27.500-27.501 GHz and 29.999-30.000 GHz are also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis for the beacon transmissions intended for up-link power

- control. Such space-to-Earth transmissions shall not exceed an equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) of +10 dBW in the direction of adjacent satellites on the geostationary-satellite orbit. (WRC-07)
- 5.539** The band 27.5-30 GHz may be used by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) for the provision of feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service.
- 5.540** *Additional allocation:* the band 27.501-29.999 GHz is also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a secondary basis for beacon transmissions intended for up-link power control.
- 5.541** In the band 28.5-30 GHz, the earth exploration-satellite service is limited to the transfer of data between stations and not to the primary collection of information by means of active or passive sensors.
- 5.541A** Feeder links of non-geostationary networks in the mobile-satellite service and geostationary networks in the fixed-satellite service operating in the band 29.1-29.5 GHz (Earth-to-space) shall employ uplink adaptive power control or other methods of fade compensation, such that the earth station transmissions shall be conducted at the power level required to meet the desired link performance while reducing the level of mutual interference between both networks. These methods shall apply to networks for which Appendix 4 coordination information is considered as having been received by the Bureau after 17 May 1996 and until they are changed by a future competent world radiocommunication conference. Administrations submitting Appendix 4 information for coordination before this date are encouraged to utilize these techniques to the extent practicable. (WRC-2000)
- 5.542** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nepal, Oman, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Sri Lanka and Chad, the band 29.5-31 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a secondary basis. The power limits specified in Nos. **21.3** and **21.5** shall apply. (WRC-12)
- 5.543** The band 29.95-30 GHz may be used for space-to-space links in the Earth exploration-satellite service for telemetry, tracking, and control purposes, on a secondary basis.
- 5.543B** The allocation to the fixed service in the frequency band 31-31.3 GHz is identified for worldwide use by high-altitude platform stations (HAPS). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by other fixed-service applications or by other services to which this frequency band is allocated on a co-primary basis, and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. Such use of the fixed-service allocation by HAPS shall be in accordance with the provisions of Resolution **167 (WRC-19)**. (WRC-19)
- 5.544** In the band 31-31.3 GHz the power flux-density limits specified in Article **21**, Table **21-4** shall apply to the space research service.
- 5.546** *Different category of service:* in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, **Bahrain**, Belarus, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Spain, Estonia, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Moldova, Mongolia, Oman, Uzbekistan, Poland, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, the United Kingdom, South Africa, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Turkey, the allocation of the frequency band 31.5-31.8 GHz to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-19)
- 5.547** The bands 31.8-33.4 GHz, 37-40 GHz, 40.5-43.5 GHz, 51.4-52.6 GHz, 55.78-59 GHz and 64-66 GHz are available for high-density applications in the fixed service (see Resolution **75 (WRC-2000)** ¹⁰). Administrations should take this into account when considering regulatory provisions in relation to these bands. Because of the potential deployment of high-density applications in the fixed-satellite service in the bands 39.5-40 GHz and 40.5-42 GHz (see No. **5.516B**), administrations should further take into account potential constraints to high-density applications in the fixed service, as appropriate. (WRC-07)
- 5.547A** Administrations should take practical measures to minimize the potential interference between stations in the fixed service and airborne stations in the radionavigation service in the 31.8-33.4 GHz band, taking into account the operational needs of the airborne radar systems. (WRC-2000)
- 5.548** In designing systems for the inter-satellite service in the band 32.3-33 GHz, for the radionavigation service in the band 32-33 GHz, and for the space research service (deep space) in the band 31.8-32.3 GHz,

¹⁰ Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

administrations shall take all necessary measures to prevent harmful interference between these services, bearing in mind the safety aspects of the radionavigation service (see Recommendation **707**). (WRC-03)

5.549 *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, **Bahrain**, Bangladesh, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nepal, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Sri Lanka, Togo, Tunisia and Yemen, the band 33.4-36 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)

5.549A In the band 35.5-36.0 GHz, the mean power flux-density at the Earth's surface, generated by any spaceborne sensor in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) or space research service (active), for any angle greater than 0.8° from the beam centre shall not exceed -73.3 dB(W/m²) in this band. (WRC-03)

5.550A For sharing of the band 36-37 GHz between the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) service and the fixed and mobile services, Resolution **752 (WRC-07)** shall apply. (WRC-07)

5.550B The frequency band 37-43.5 GHz, or portions thereof, is identified for use by administrations wishing to implement the terrestrial component of International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. Because of the potential deployment of FSS earth stations within the frequency range 37.5-42.5 GHz and high-density applications in the fixed-satellite service in the frequency bands 39.5-40 GHz in Region 1, 40-40.5 GHz in all Regions and 40.5-42 GHz in Region 2 (see No. **5.516B**), administrations should further take into account potential constraints to IMT in these frequency bands, as appropriate. Resolution **243 (WRC-19)** applies. (WRC-19)

5.550C The use of the frequency bands 37.5-39.5 GHz (space-to-Earth), 39.5-42.5 GHz (space-to-Earth), 47.2-50.2 GHz (Earth-to-space) and 50.4-51.4 GHz (Earth-to-space) by a non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.12** for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service but not with non-geostationary systems in other services. Resolution **770 (WRC-19)** shall also apply, and No. **22.2** shall continue to apply. (WRC-19)

5.550D The allocation to the fixed service in the frequency band 38-39.5 GHz is identified for worldwide use by administrations wishing to implement high-altitude platform stations (HAPS). In the HAPS-to-ground direction, the HAPS ground station shall not claim protection from stations in the fixed, mobile and fixed-satellite services; and No. **5.43A** does not apply. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by other fixed-service applications or by other services to which this frequency band is allocated on a co-primary basis and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. Furthermore, the development of the fixed-satellite, fixed and mobile services shall not be unduly constrained by HAPS. Such use of the fixed-service allocation by HAPS shall be in accordance with the provisions of Resolution **168 (WRC-19)**. (WRC-19)

5.550E The use of the frequency bands 39.5-40 GHz and 40-40.5 GHz by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service (space-to-Earth) and by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.12** for coordination with other non-geostationary satellite systems in the fixed-satellite and mobile-satellite services but not with non-geostationary satellite systems in other services. No. **22.2** shall continue to apply for non-geostationary-satellite systems. (WRC-19)

5.551H The equivalent power flux-density (epfd) produced in the band 42.5-43.5 GHz by all space stations in any non-geostationary-satellite system in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth), or in the broadcasting-satellite service operating in the 42-42.5 GHz band, shall not exceed the following values at the site of any radio astronomy station for more than 2% of the time:

–230 dB(W/m²) in 1 GHz and –246 dB(W/m²) in any 500 kHz of the 42.5-43.5 GHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a single-dish telescope; and

–209 dB(W/m²) in any 500 kHz of the 42.5-43.5 GHz at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a very long baseline interferometry station.

These epfd values shall be evaluated using the methodology given in Recommendation ITU-R S.1586-1 and the reference antenna pattern and the maximum gain of an antenna in the radio astronomy service given in Recommendation ITU-R RA.1631-0 and shall apply over the whole sky and for elevation angles higher than the minimum operating angle θ_{min} of the radiotelescope (for which a default value of 5° should be adopted in the absence of notified information).

These values shall apply at any radio astronomy station that either:

- was in operation prior to 5 July 2003 and has been notified to the Bureau before 4 January 2004; or
- was notified before the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 information for coordination or notification, as appropriate, for the space station to which the limits apply.

Other radio astronomy stations notified after these dates may seek an agreement with administrations that have authorized the space stations. In Region 2, Resolution 743 (WRC-03) shall apply. The limits in this footnote may be exceeded at the site of a radio astronomy station of any country whose administration so agreed. (WRC-15)

- 5.551I** The power flux-density in the band 42.5-43.5 GHz produced by any geostationary space station in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth), or the broadcasting-satellite service operating in the 42-42.5 GHz band, shall not exceed the following values at the site of any radio astronomy station:

-137 dB(W/m²) in 1 GHz and -153 dB(W/m²) in any 500 kHz of the 42.5-43.5 GHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a single-dish telescope; and

-116 dB(W/m²) in any 500 kHz of the 42.5-43.5 GHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a very long baseline interferometry station.

These values shall apply at the site of any radio astronomy station that either:

- was in operation prior to 5 July 2003 and has been notified to the Bureau before 4 January 2004; or
- was notified before the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 information for coordination or notification, as appropriate, for the space station to which the limits apply.

Other radio astronomy stations notified after these dates may seek an agreement with administrations that have authorized the space stations. In Region 2, Resolution 743 (WRC-03) shall apply. The limits in this footnote may be exceeded at the site of a radio astronomy station of any country whose administration so agreed. (WRC-03)

- 5.552** The allocation of the spectrum for the fixed-satellite service in the bands 42.5-43.5 GHz and 47.2-50.2 GHz for Earth-to-space transmission is greater than that in the band 37.5-39.5 GHz for space-to-Earth transmission in order to accommodate feeder links to broadcasting satellites. Administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to reserve the band 47.2-49.2 GHz for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service operating in the band 40.5-42.5 GHz.

- 5.552A** The allocation to the fixed service in the frequency bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz is identified for use by high-altitude platform stations (HAPS). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated on a co-primary basis, and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. Such use of the fixed-service allocation in the frequency bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz by HAPS shall be in accordance with the provisions of Resolution 122 (Rev.WRC-19). (WRC-19)

- 5.553** In the bands 43.5-47 GHz and 66-71 GHz, stations in the land mobile service may be operated subject to not causing harmful interference to the space radiocommunication services to which these bands are allocated (see No. 5.43). (WRC-2000)

- 5.553A** In Algeria, Angola, **Bahrain**, Belarus, Benin, Botswana, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Cabo Verde, Korea (Rep. of), Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, United Arab Emirates, Estonia, Eswatini, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Hungary, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kuwait, Lesotho, Latvia, Liberia, Lithuania, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Morocco, Mauritius, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Qatar, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Slovenia, Sudan, South Africa, Sweden, Togo, Tunisia, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 45.5-47 GHz is identified for use by administrations wishing to implement the terrestrial component of International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT), taking into account No. 5.553. With respect to the aeronautical mobile service and radionavigation service, the use of this frequency band for the implementation of IMT is subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21 with concerned administrations and shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from these services. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. Resolution 244 (WRC-19) applies. (WRC-19)

- 5.553B** In Region 2 and Algeria, Angola, Saudi Arabia, Australia, **Bahrain**, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Rep., Comoros, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Côte d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Equatorial Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Lithuania, Madagascar, Malaysia, Malawi, Mali, Morocco, Mauritius, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Rwanda, Sao

Tome and Principe, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovenia, Somalia, Sudan, South Africa, Sweden, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tunisia, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 47.2-48.2 GHz is identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated, and does not establish any priority in the Radio Regulations. Resolution **243 (WRC-19)** applies. (WRC-19)

- 5.554** In the bands 43.5-47 GHz, 66-71 GHz, 95-100 GHz, 123-130 GHz, 191.8-200 GHz and 252-265 GHz, satellite links connecting land stations at specified fixed points are also authorized when used in conjunction with the mobile-satellite service or the radionavigation-satellite service. (WRC-2000)
- 5.554A** The use of the bands 47.5-47.9 GHz, 48.2-48.54 GHz and 49.44-50.2 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to geostationary satellites. (WRC-03)
- 5.555** *Additional allocation:* the band 48.94-49.04 GHz is also allocated to the radio astronomy service on a primary basis. (WRC-2000)
- 5.555B** The power flux-density in the band 48.94-49.04 GHz produced by any geostationary space station in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) operating in the bands 48.2-48.54 GHz and 49.44-50.2 GHz shall not exceed $-151.8 \text{ dB(W/m}^2\text{)}$ in any 500 kHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station. (WRC-03)
- 5.555C** The use of the frequency band 51.4-52.4 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to geostationary-satellite networks. The earth stations shall be limited to gateway earth stations with a minimum antenna diameter of 2.4 metres. (WRC-19)
- 5.556** In the bands 51.4-54.25 GHz, 58.2-59 GHz and 64-65 GHz, radio astronomy observations may be carried out under national arrangements. (WRC-2000)
- 5.556A** Use of the bands 54.25-56.9 GHz, 57-58.2 GHz and 59-59.3 GHz by the inter-satellite service is limited to satellites in the geostationary-satellite orbit. The single-entry power flux-density at all altitudes from 0 km to 1 000 km above the Earth's surface produced by a station in the inter-satellite service, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, shall not exceed $-147 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 100 \text{ MHz))}$ for all angles of arrival. (WRC-97)
- 5.557A** In the band 55.78-56.26 GHz, in order to protect stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (passive), the maximum power density delivered by a transmitter to the antenna of a fixed service station is limited to -26 dB(W/MHz) . (WRC-2000)
- 5.558** In the bands 55.78-58.2 GHz, 59-64 GHz, 66-71 GHz, 122.25-123 GHz, 130-134 GHz, 167-174.8 GHz and 191.8-200 GHz, stations in the aeronautical mobile service may be operated subject to not causing harmful interference to the inter-satellite service (see **No. 5.43**). (WRC-2000)
- 5.558A** Use of the band 56.9-57 GHz by inter-satellite systems is limited to links between satellites in geostationary-satellite orbit and to transmissions from non-geostationary satellites in high-Earth orbit to those in low-Earth orbit. For links between satellites in the geostationary-satellite orbit, the single entry power flux-density at all altitudes from 0 km to 1 000 km above the Earth's surface, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, shall not exceed $-147 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 100 \text{ MHz))}$ for all angles of arrival. (WRC-97)
- 5.559** In the band 59-64 GHz, airborne radars in the radiolocation service may be operated subject to not causing harmful interference to the inter-satellite service (see **No. 5.43**). (WRC-2000)
- 5.559AA** The frequency band 66-71 GHz is identified for use by administrations wishing to implement the terrestrial component of International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which this frequency band is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. Resolution **241 (WRC-19)** applies. (WRC-19)
- 5.559B** The use of the frequency band 77.5-78 GHz by the radiolocation service shall be limited to short-range radar for ground-based applications, including automotive radars. The technical characteristics of these radars are provided in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.2057. The provisions of **No. 4.10** do not apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.560** In the band 78-79 GHz radars located on space stations may be operated on a primary basis in the Earth exploration-satellite service and in the space research service.

- 5.561** In the band 74-76 GHz, stations in the fixed, mobile and broadcasting services shall not cause harmful interference to stations of the fixed-satellite service or stations of the broadcasting-satellite service operating in accordance with the decisions of the appropriate frequency assignment planning conference for the broadcasting-satellite service. (WRC-2000)
- 5.561A** The 81-81.5 GHz band is also allocated to the amateur and amateur-satellite services on a secondary basis. (WRC-2000)
- 5.562** The use of the band 94-94.1 GHz by the Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services is limited to spaceborne cloud radars. (WRC-97)
- 5.562A** In the bands 94-94.1 GHz and 130-134 GHz, transmissions from space stations of the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) that are directed into the main beam of a radio astronomy antenna have the potential to damage some radio astronomy receivers. Space agencies operating the transmitters and the radio astronomy stations concerned should mutually plan their operations so as to avoid such occurrences to the maximum extent possible. (WRC-2000)
- 5.562B** In the bands 105-109.5 GHz, 111.8-114.25 GHz and 217-226 GHz, the use of this allocation is limited to space-based radio astronomy only. (WRC-19)
- 5.562C** Use of the band 116-122.25 GHz by the inter-satellite service is limited to satellites in the geostationary-satellite orbit. The single-entry power flux-density produced by a station in the inter-satellite service, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, at all altitudes from 0 km to 1 000 km above the Earth's surface and in the vicinity of all geostationary orbital positions occupied by passive sensors, shall not exceed $-148 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz))}$ for all angles of arrival. (WRC-2000)
- 5.562E** The allocation to the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) is limited to the band 133.5-134 GHz. (WRC-2000)
- 5.562H** Use of the bands 174.8-182 GHz and 185-190 GHz by the inter-satellite service is limited to satellites in the geostationary-satellite orbit. The single-entry power flux-density produced by a station in the inter-satellite service, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, at all altitudes from 0 to 1 000 km above the Earth's surface and in the vicinity of all geostationary orbital positions occupied by passive sensors, shall not exceed $-144 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz))}$ for all angles of arrival. (WRC-2000)
- 5.563A** In the bands 200-209 GHz, 235-238 GHz, 250-252 GHz and 265-275 GHz, ground-based passive atmospheric sensing is carried out to monitor atmospheric constituents. (WRC-2000)
- 5.563B** The band 237.9-238 GHz is also allocated to the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active) for spaceborne cloud radars only. (WRC-2000)
- 5.564A** For the operation of fixed and land mobile service applications in frequency bands in the range 275-450 GHz: The frequency bands 275-296 GHz, 306-313 GHz, 318-333 GHz and 356-450 GHz are identified for use by administrations for the implementation of land mobile and fixed service applications, where no specific conditions are necessary to protect Earth exploration-satellite service (passive) applications.
- The frequency bands 296-306 GHz, 313-318 GHz and 333-356 GHz may only be used by fixed and land mobile service applications when specific conditions to ensure the protection of Earth exploration-satellite service (passive) applications are determined in accordance with Resolution **731 (Rev.WRC-19)**.
- In those portions of the frequency range 275-450 GHz where radio astronomy applications are used, specific conditions (e.g. minimum separation distances and/or avoidance angles) may be necessary to ensure protection of radio astronomy sites from land mobile and/or fixed service applications, on a case-by-case basis in accordance with Resolution **731 (Rev.WRC-19)**.
- The use of the above-mentioned frequency bands by land mobile and fixed service applications does not preclude use by, and does not establish priority over, any other applications of radio services in the range of 275-450 GHz. (WRC-19)
- 5.565** The following frequency bands in the range 275-1 000 GHz are identified for use by administrations for passive service applications:
- radio astronomy service: 275-323 GHz, 327-371 GHz, 388-424 GHz, 426-442 GHz, 453-510 GHz, 623-711 GHz, 795-909 GHz and 926-945 GHz;
 - Earth exploration-satellite service (passive) and space research service (passive): 275-286 GHz, 296-306 GHz, 313-356 GHz, 361-365 GHz, 369-392 GHz, 397-399 GHz, 409-411 GHz,

416-434 GHz, 439-467 GHz, 477-502 GHz, 523-527 GHz, 538-581 GHz, 611-630 GHz,
 634-654 GHz, 657-692 GHz, 713-718 GHz, 729-733 GHz, 750-754 GHz, 771-776 GHz,
 823-846 GHz, 850-854 GHz, 857-862 GHz, 866-882 GHz, 905-928 GHz, 951-956 GHz,
 968-973 GHz and 985-990 GHz.

The use of the range 275-1 000 GHz by the passive services does not preclude use of this range by active services. Administrations wishing to make frequencies in the 275-1 000 GHz range available for active service applications are urged to take all practicable steps to protect these passive services from harmful interference until the date when the Table of Frequency Allocations is established in the above-mentioned 275-1 000 GHz frequency range.

All frequencies in the range 1 000-3 000 GHz may be used by both active and passive services. (WRC-12)

وزارة الصناعة والتجارة والسياحة

إعلانات مركز المستثمرين

إعلان رقم (٤٢٢) لسنة ٢٠٢٠

بشأن تحويل فرع مؤسسة فردية

إلى شركة ذات مسئولية محدودة

يعلن مركز البحرين للمستثمرين بوزارة الصناعة والتجارة والسياحة بأنه قد تقدم إليه السيد / عمرو محمد جابر غيضان، مالك المؤسسة الفردية التي تحمل اسم (الحوت الأزرق للتجارة)، المسجلة بموجب القيد رقم ١٣١١١٨، طالبا تحويل الفرع الثاني من المؤسسة إلى شركة ذات مسئولية محدودة قائمة بذاتها، وبرأسمال مقداره ١٠,٠٠٠ (عشرة آلاف) دينار بحريني، وتسجل باسم كل من: عمرو محمد جابر غيضان، ولبنى عبدالعزيز إبراهيم آل بورشيد.

إعلان رقم (٤٢٣) لسنة ٢٠٢٠

بشأن تحويل مؤسسة فردية

إلى شركة ذات مسئولية محدودة

يعلن مركز البحرين للمستثمرين بوزارة الصناعة والتجارة والسياحة بأنه قد تقدمت إليه شركة (تسوية للمحاسبة والاستشارات) نيابة عن خديجة محمد جعفر محمد علي الجفيري، مالكة المؤسسة الفردية التي تحمل اسم (مصنع ذا كراب)، المسجلة بموجب القيد رقم ١٢٣٢٠٣، طالبة تغيير الشكل القانوني للمؤسسة وذلك بتحويلها إلى شركة ذات مسئولية محدودة، وبرأسمال مقداره ٥,٠٠٠ (خمسة آلاف) دينار بحريني، وتسجل باسم كل من شاكرا صالح علي عبدالله ويوسف يوسف طه محسن، وذلك بناءً على تنازل المالكة عن ملكيتها للسجل إليهما.

فعلى كل من لديه اعتراض التقدم باعتراضه إلى المركز المذكور مشفوعاً بالمستندات المؤيدة والمبررة للاعتراض خلال مدة أقصاها خمسة عشر يوم عمل من تاريخ نشر هذا الإعلان.

إعلان رقم (٤٢٤) لسنة ٢٠٢٠

بشأن تحويل شركة ذات مسئولية محدودة

إلى شركة الشخص الواحد

يعلن مركز البحرين للمستثمرين بوزارة الصناعة والتجارة والسياحة بأنه قد تقدم إليه الشركاء في الشركة

ذات المسؤولية المحدودة التي تحمل اسم (جافكو البحرين ذ.م.م)، المسجلة بموجب القيد رقم ٦٦١٥٢، طالبين تغيير الشكل القانوني للشركة وذلك بتحويلها إلى شركة الشخص الواحد، وبرأسمال مقداره ٩٨٧.٦٤٠ ديناراً بحرينياً، وتسجل باسم شركة (فينشر كابيتال بنك ش.م.ب مقفلة)، المسجلة بموجب القيد رقم ٥٨٢٢٢.

إعلان رقم (٤٢٥) لسنة ٢٠٢٠

بشأن تحويل مؤسسة فردية
إلى شركة الشخص الواحد

يعلن مركز البحرين للمستثمرين بوزارة الصناعة والتجارة والسياحة بأنه قد تقدم إليه السيد / يوسف أحمد علي أحمد، مالك المؤسسة الفردية التي تحمل اسم (لتكونكس للاستشارة)، المسجلة بموجب القيد رقم ٩٣٦٠٥-٢، طالباً تغيير الشكل القانوني للمؤسسة وذلك بتحويلها إلى شركة الشخص الواحد، وبرأسمال مقداره ١,٠٠٠ (ألف) دينار بحريني، وتسجل باسم المالك نفسه.

إعلان رقم (٤٢٦) لسنة ٢٠٢٠

بشأن تحويل فرعين من مؤسسة فردية
إلى شركة ذات مسؤولية محدودة

يعلن مركز البحرين للمستثمرين بوزارة الصناعة والتجارة والسياحة بأنه قد تقدم إليه السيد / شميم ندرت محمود علي داود، مالك المؤسسة الفردية التي تحمل اسم (داود لقطع غيار الآليات الثقيلة)، المسجلة بموجب القيد رقم ٦٦٢٢٣، طالباً تحويل الفرعين الخامس والسادس من المؤسسة إلى شركة ذات مسؤولية محدودة قائمة بذاتها، وبرأسمال مقداره ١,٠٠٠ (ألف) دينار بحريني، وتسجل باسم كل من: شميم ندرت محمود علي داود، و MOHAMED ESSA ALI.

إعلان رقم (٤٢٧) لسنة ٢٠٢٠

بشأن تحويل شركة ذات مسؤولية محدودة
إلى شركة تضامن

يعلن مركز البحرين للمستثمرين بوزارة الصناعة والتجارة والسياحة بأنه قد تقدم إليه الشركاء في الشركة ذات المسؤولية المحدودة التي تحمل اسم (فراثيرنيتي لحلول الأعمال ذ.م.م)، المسجلة بموجب القيد رقم ١١٥٦٨٧-١، طالبين تغيير الشكل القانوني للشركة المذكورة وذلك بتحويلها إلى شركة تضامن، وبرأسمال مقداره ٥٠٠ (خمسمائة) دينار بحريني، وتسجل باسم كل من: JASIR PUTHAN PURAYIL، SHAFEENA، THAZHE PALOTH.

**إعلان رقم (٤٢٨) لسنة ٢٠٢٠
بشأن تحويل فرع مؤسسة فردية
إلى شركة تضامن**

يعلن مركز البحرين للمستثمرين بوزارة الصناعة والتجارة والسياحة بأنه قد تقدمت إليه شركة (مرسى الخليج للاستشارات) نيابة عن السيد / إبراهيم علي إبراهيم بوفرسن، مالك المؤسسة الفردية التي تحمل اسم (ميري روز للتجديدات)، المسجلة بموجب القيد رقم ٢٥٠٦٤، طالبة تحويل الفرع الثامن من المؤسسة والمسمى (آر إس رحيلة للمفروشات والتجديدات) إلى شركة تضامن قائمة بذاتها، وبرأسمال مقداره ٢,٠٠٠ (ألفين) دينار بحريني، وإدخال RAKIB ABDUL HOQUE HOQUE شريكاً معه في السجل. فعلى كل من لديه اعتراض التقدم باعتراضه إلى المركز المذكور مشفوعاً بالمستندات المؤيدة والمبررة للاعتراض خلال مدة أقصاها خمسة عشر يوم عمل من تاريخ نشر هذا الإعلان.

**إعلان رقم (٤٢٩) لسنة ٢٠٢٠
بشأن تحويل شركة تضامن بحرينية
إلى شركة الشخص الواحد**

يعلن مركز البحرين للمستثمرين بوزارة الصناعة والتجارة والسياحة بأنه قد تقدمت إليه أصحاب شركة التضامن التي تحمل اسم (فواز للمقاولات والتجارة/ تضامن)، المسجلة بموجب القيد رقم ١٢٣٢٢، طالبين تغيير الشكل القانوني للشركة وذلك بتحويلها إلى شركة الشخص الواحد، وبرأسمال مقداره ٥,٠٠٠ (خمسة آلاف) دينار بحريني، وتسجل باسم السيد / فواز محمد إبراهيم رمضان، وذلك بناءً على تنازل الشريكة السيدة / مريم سلمان محمد صالح الأحمد عن كامل حصصها في الشركة إليه. فعلى كل من لديه اعتراض التقدم باعتراضه إلى المركز المذكور مشفوعاً بالمستندات المؤيدة والمبررة للاعتراض خلال مدة أقصاها خمسة عشر يوم عمل من تاريخ نشر هذا الإعلان.

**إعلان رقم (٤٣٠) لسنة ٢٠٢٠
بشأن ضم وحل شركة ذات مسئولية محدودة
واندماجها مع شركة (المؤيد ترست ذ.م.م)**

يعلن مركز البحرين للمستثمرين بوزارة الصناعة والتجارة والسياحة بأنه قد تقدمت إليه شركة (المؤيد جيمبرز للاستشارات ذ.م.م)، نيابة عن الشركة ذات المسئولية المحدودة التي تحمل اسم (حروف ذ.م.م)، المسجلة تحت قيد رقم ٥٨٤٦١، طالبة حل (شركة حروف ذ.م.م) وضمها واندماجها مع الشركة ذات المسئولية المحدودة التي تحمل اسم (المؤيد ترست ذ.م.م)، المسجلة بموجب القيد رقم ٧٣١١٥، ومن ثم انتقال كافة الحقوق والالتزامات التي على شركة (حروف ذ.م.م) إلى شركة (المؤيد ترست ذ.م.م). فعلى كل من لديه اعتراض التقدم باعتراضه إلى المركز المذكور مشفوعاً بالمستندات المؤيدة والمبررة للاعتراض خلال مدة أقصاها خمسة عشر يوم عمل من تاريخ نشر هذا الإعلان.

إعلان رقم (٤٣١) لسنة ٢٠٢٠
بشأن تحويل شركة ذات مسؤولية محدودة
إلى مؤسسة فردية قائمة

يعلن مركز البحرين للمستثمرين بوزارة الصناعة والتجارة والسياحة بأنه قد تقدم إليه الشركاء في الشركة ذات المسؤولية المحدودة التي تحمل اسم (مطعم ميلبريب بحرين ذ.م.م)، المسجلة بموجب القيد رقم ١١١٣٧٦، طالبين تحويل الشركة إلى فرع من المؤسسة الفردية التي تحمل اسم (حضانة بيغ بن)، المسجلة بموجب القيد رقم ١٢٢٧٥٥ والمملوكة للسيد / محمد عاشور شبر علي رضي، ومباشرة متابعة إجراءات التحويل.

إعلان رقم (٤٣٢) لسنة ٢٠٢٠
بشأن تحويل مؤسسة فردية
إلى شركة ذات مسؤولية محدودة

يعلن مركز البحرين للمستثمرين بوزارة الصناعة والتجارة والسياحة بأنه قد تقدم إليه السيد / علي محمد حسن بورشيد، مالك المؤسسة الفردية التي تحمل اسم (البورشيد للزجاج والمرايا)، المسجلة بموجب القيد رقم ١-٦٦٤٢١، طالباً تغيير الشكل القانوني للمؤسسة وذلك بتحويلها إلى شركة ذات مسؤولية محدودة، وبرأسمال مقداره ١٠,٠٠٠ (ألف) دينار بحريني، وتسجل باسم كل من: علي محمد حسن بورشيد، و NALLASIVAN .CHETTIAR KITTU

رقم الدعوى: ١١/٢٠٢٠/غرفة

إعلان بقرار تشكيل هيئة وبموعد جلسة أمام الهيئة

المدعية: شركة يوسف خليل المؤيد وأولاده ش.م.ب مقفلة (سجل تجاري رقم ١٤٢٧).
وكيلها: المحامي إياب إبراهيم جهاد.
عنوان وكيلها: بناية بنك البحرين الوطني، الدور ٧، شارع الحكومة، المنامة.
المدعى عليها: Thorn emi kenwood small appliance ltd، intl division
عنوان آخر مقر لها: مرفأ البحرين المالي، البرج الغربي، بناية ١٤٥٩، مجمع ٣٤٦ مكتب ١٣B.

قرار تشكيل هيئة تسوية النزاع رقم (٤٠/٢١) لسنة ٢٠٢٠

تشكل هيئة تسوية النزاع في الدعوى رقم ١١/٢٠٢٠/غرفة من السادة التالية أسماؤهم:

١. القاضي عبدالرحمن السيد محمد المعلا (رئيساً).

٢. القاضي خالد حسن عجاجي (عضواً).

٣. الأستاذ حسين مهدي القيدوم (عضواً).

تعلن غرفة البحرين لتسوية المنازعات للمدعى عليها المذكورة أعلاه بقرار تشكيل هيئة تسوية النزاع في الدعوى رقم ١١/٢٠١٩/غرفة وبموعد أول جلسة أمام الهيئة والمقرر عقدها يوم الأربعاء الموافق ٢٩ يونيو ٢٠٢٠ عند الساعة ١١:١٥ صباحاً، بمقر الغرفة وعنوانها: بناية المبارك بلازا، القاعة رقم ١، الطابق الثالث، مبنى ٢٤٧، شارع ١٧٠٤، المنطقة الدبلوماسية، المنامة، مملكة البحرين، وذلك عملاً بالقرار رقم (٦٥) لسنة ٢٠٠٩ بإصدار لائحة إجراءات تسوية المنازعات التي تختص بها غرفة البحرين لتسوية المنازعات بموجب الفصل الأول من الباب الثاني من المرسوم بقانون رقم (٣٠) لسنة ٢٠٠٩، ليعلم.

مدير الدعوى

لدى غرفة البحرين لتسوية المنازعات

رقم الدعوى: ٢٠١٩/٣١ / غرفة

إعلان بموعد جلسة أمام الهيئة

المدعي: بنك البحرين الإسلامي ش.م.ب، وكيله: المحامي سلمان عبد الله صليبيخ.
عنوان وكيله: برج الويند تاور، مكتب ٩٢، بناية رقم ٤٠٣، الطابق التاسع، شارع ١٧٠٥، مجمع ٣١٧ - المنطقة الدبلوماسية، المنامة.
المدعى عليها الأولى: الشركة المتحدة للإنشاءات العربية ذ.م.م.
المدعى عليه الثاني: Koorakkadan veera pillai abdu salam.
المدعى عليه الثالث: Shaiju yoosaf kuttt.
آخر عنوان معلوم لهما: شقة ٣٤، طريق ٣٦٢٢، مبنى ١٠٧٢، مجمع ٤٣٦، السيف، المنامة.
المدعى عليه الرابع: صلاح يوسف عبد الرحمن إنجنير.
المدعى عليه الخامس: إياد عبد الحميد محمد الخطيب.
وكيلهم: المحامي عادل عبد الله بوعلي.
عنوانه: بناية البحرينية الكويتية للتأمين، الطابق السادس، مكتب ٦١، المنطقة الدبلوماسية، المنامة.

تعلن غرفة البحرين لتسوية المنازعات للمدعى عليهم الأول والثاني والثالث المذكورين أعلاه، بموعد جلسة نظر الدعوى أمام الهيئة والمقرر عقدها بتاريخ ٢٩ يوليو ٢٠٢٠ عند الساعة ١١:٣٠ صباحاً بمقر الغرفة، وعنوانها: بناية البارك بلازا، الطابق الثالث، مبنى ٢٤٧، شارع ١٧٠٤، المنطقة الدبلوماسية، المنامة، مملكة البحرين. وذلك عملاً بالقرار رقم (٦٥) لسنة ٢٠٠٩ بإصدار لائحة إجراءات تسوية المنازعات التي تختص بها غرفة البحرين لتسوية المنازعات بموجب الفصل الأول من الباب الثاني من المرسوم بقانون رقم (٣٠) لسنة ٢٠٠٩، ليعلم.

مدير الدعوى

لدى غرفة البحرين لتسوية المنازعات

استدراك

نُشر في الجريدة الرسمية العدد (٣٤٧٩) المؤرخ في ٩ يوليو ٢٠٢٠، القرار رقم (٢٠) لسنة ٢٠٢٠ بتعديل بعض أحكام اللائحة التنفيذية لقانون الخدمة المدنية، الصادر بالمرسوم بقانون رقم (٤٨) لسنة ٢٠١٠، والصادرة بالقرار رقم (٥١) لسنة ٢٠١٢، وقد ورد في الجدول المرفق بالبند رقم (٦٩) منه الآتي:

			الفصل من الخدمة	استغلال القُصْر للمشاركة في أي من الأنشطة المنصوص عليها بالبند (٦٩، ٦٥، ٦٢، ٦١) من هذا الجدول	69
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والصحيح هو:

			الفصل من الخدمة	استغلال القُصْر للمشاركة في أي من الأنشطة المنصوص عليها بالبند (٦٨، ٦٤، ٦١، ٦٠) من هذا الجدول	69
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لذا لزم التنويه.